

DSSSB TGT & PGT



Part-B SCHOLAR BATCH

ENGLISH

BRITISH LITERATURE 18TH CENTURY S.T COLERIDGE (MCQS)





- Q. Coleridge matriculated from.
- A. Horvard college
- B. Jesus college Cambridge
- C. Britanica
- D. Christ college







- Q. Coleridge and Robert Southey collaborated work was a.
- A. Novel

w.W

- **B.** Poem
- The fall of Robeshirrer
- D. Short story



Q. Samuel Taylor Coleridge best known for his poem The Rime of the Ancient Mariner which was an.

- A. Allegorical poem
 - **B.** Pastoral poem
 - C. Romantic poem
 - D. Divine poem

Image. Symbol

Readers Carily-



- Q. Coleridge was born on.
- A. 22 oct 1777
- B. 21 oct 1773
- C. 21 oct 1772 +9 = (178)
- D. 25 oct 1772



Q. Coleridge father was died when he was a young boy in.

B. 1782

C. 1783

D. 1784



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Q. Coleridge married with Sara in.

A. 1795

B. 1796

C. 1798

D. 1797

The fall of Robespirre.

Southay, coloridge



(1795) (1796)

- Q. In 1796 Coleridge first poem was published named.
- A. The Rime of the Ancient Mariner
- B) An Eolian Harp
 - C. Ode to the Departing Year
 - D. My Prison



- Q. Overriding interests of Coleridge were.
- A. Philosophy and psychology
- B. Sociology and religion
- C. Philosophy and religion
- D. History and philosophy



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Q. The joint work of Wordsworth and Coleridge was Lyrical Ballads published in.

A Dec 1798

B. Oct 1798



C. Jun 1798

D. Sep 1798



Q. The Ancient Mariner shoot the birds with his crossbow the name of bird is.

A. Crow

A. Crow

C. Dove

D. Swan



Q. The Rime of the Ancient Mariner is a ballad but it can be described as.

Long narrative poem

B. Short narrative poem

C. Both a & b

D. None of these



- Q. In this poem the old man tell a tale to a wedding guest the tale is about.
- A Forest voyage
- B Sea voyage 4/1/
- Mountain voyage
- D. None of these







Q. The mariner and other sailor of his ship face the storm when they reached.

- A. Near the bank sea
- E. Equater the sea
- C. Start the voyage
- D. Few miles away









- Q. The volume Lyrical Ballads was a collection of.
- A Twenty three poems
- **B.** Twenty two poems
- C. Twenty poems
- D. Twenty five poems



- Q. The most famous poem of Coleridge was.
- A. The Rime of the Ancient Mariner
 - B. Kubla Khan
- C. The Lime Tree Bower
- D. Fears in solitude



- Q. After the return from Germany to England Coleridge had the miserable life for the next.
- A. Ten years
- **B.** Twenty years
- C. Fifteen years
- D. Twelve years



Q. His only dramatic work was Osorio written in.

A. 1797

1795

B. 1798

C. 1799

D. 1796



- Q. Coleridge spent most of the last 18 years of his life in.
- A. Germany
- B. London
- C. England
- D. France



- Q. Coleridge died on.
- A. 22 July 1834
- B. 21 June 1834,
- C. 25 July 1834
- D. 26 July 1824

1834



- Q. In this poem The Rime of the Ancient Mariner the bird killed by.
- A. Young mariner
- B. An old mariner
- C. Wedding guest
- D. Other passenger







- Q. The tale told by an old mariner is use of.
- A. Superpatural elements
- B. Mysteriøus elements
- C. Both a & b

C. None of these

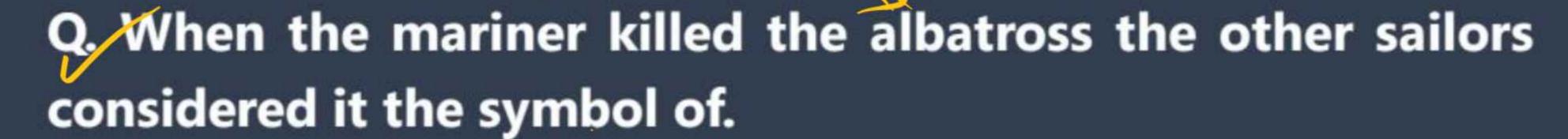
life in death



- Q. The wedding guest declares that he fears mariner with his.
- (A) Glittering eye and skinny hand
 - B. Crossbow X
 - C. Terrible tale X
 - D. None of these





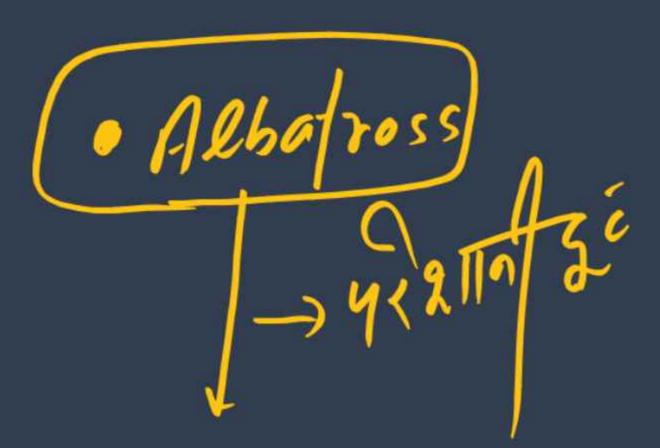


A. Bad luck



D. Hope







Q The rime of ancient mariner poem divided by parts.

- A. Six parts
- B. Eight parts
- C. Nine parts
- D. Seven parts



Q. The first thing the Ancient Mariner says to the wedding guest.

A. Hey you

B. Stop here

C. Listen stranger

D. Please listen to me









- A. On the ship
- B. On a stick K
- C. Around Mariner's neck
- D. None of these



The line Ship of deads moves without favourable winds is a symbol of.

- A. Horror
- B. Supernaturalism
- C. Sinful act
- D. Punishment



- Q. The poem The Rime of the Ancient Mariner is called a masterpiece of Coleridge because of its combination of.
- A. Morality with terror
- Natural with supernatural elements
 - Horror with sea
 - Sin with regret



- Q. The sailors began to die.
- **Because of hunger**
- B. Due to fear
- of thrust
 - Due to cold



- Q. The Mariner endured his life on the ship for.
- Three days and three nights
 - B. Seven days and seven nights
 - C. Seven days and six nights
 - D. Nine days and nine nights



- Q. In this poem The Rime of Ancient Mariner the old mariner traveling with..
- A. Two hundred sailors
 - B. Three hundred sailor.
 - C. Hundred sailors
 - D. Four hundred sailors



- Q. The Mariner stops the young man to tell him the story of
- a.
- Albesert
- B. Ship
- C. Castle
- D. None of these



- Q. The Wedding guest believes that the Mariner is a ghost because.
- A. He is so thin and scary looking
- B. His eyes color was red
- His look was like dracula
- D. None of these



Q. The Mariner's story begins with the ship leaving harbour and sailing.

- A. Backward
- **B.** Forward
- C. Northward
- D. Southward



- Q. The Mariner kills the Albatross because.
- He associated the lack of wind with it
 - B. He was irritated
 - C. He was angry
 - D. None of these



- Q. Surrounded by the dead sailors and cursed continuesly by their gaze the Mariner.
- A. Tries to turn his eyes to heaven to pray
- B. Tried to suicide
- C. Want to jump into the sea
- Tried to escape



- Q. The Ancient Mariner is punished by the.
- A. Soul of the Albatross
- **B. Sailors**
- Watural world and spiritual world
 - D. Governor



Q. Mariner's ship suddenly sinks, but he wakes to find

himself.

A. On grouded

B.In the pilot's boat

C. In a castle

D. In a market





Q. The critical work of Coleridge named Biographia Literaria was published in.

A. 1815

B. 1816

C. 1817-

D. 1818



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- Q. The lines With sloping masts and dipping prow As who pursued with yell and blow are from
- A. Biographia Literaria by Coleridge
- **B.** Christable
- C. Lyrical ballads
- D. The Rime of the Ancient Mariner



manvell= their surpaised

- Q. The folklovers of all ages and countries abound in.
- A. Tales of queens
- Tales of magic and supernatural elements
 - C. Tales of princess
 - D. Tales of horror and Darkness



- Q. In the poem The Rime of the Ancient Mariner Coleridge put a.
- A. Horrible experience
- B. Mourning sense
- C. Regression





Q. Supernaturalism is the name of superpowers and it is against.



- **B.** Spirit
- C. Moral values
- D. Humanity



- Q. The Mariner hoped that the hermit could absolve him of his sin washing the blood of the Albatross off.
- A. His hands
- **B.** His clothes
- C. His soul
- D. None of the above







- Q. To pay the penance of killing albatross Mariner must travel country to country.
- A. Telling his tale morof
 - B. To do business
 - C. For religious education
 - D. None of these



- Q. Mariner knows the right person to tell his tale as soon as he.
- A. Talk to that person
- B. Touch that person
- C. Looks into that person's eyes
- D. Seeing the person



- Q. Ancient Mariner says that the best way to become close to God is to.
- A. Respect all of his creatures
- B. Offer more and more prayers
- C. Po charity
- Safe money



- Q. And he stoppeth one of three 'By thy long beard and glittering eye these lines are about.
- A. An old man
- B. An ancient mariner
- C. A bird
- D. A bridegroom



Q. Higher and higher everyday Till over the mast at Noon these lines are taken from.

- A. Lyrical ballads
- B. Kubla Khan
- C. The Rime of the Ancient Mariner
- D. The friend



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- Q. Coleridge's "The Rime of the Ancient Mariner" is a poem in
 - (A) 8 parts
 - (B) 9 parts
- (C) 7 parts
 - (D) 6 parts



- Q. The poetry of Wordsworth and Coleridge was notably influenced by...
- (A) The Napoleonic Wars
- (B) The Glorious Revolution
- The French Revolution
 - (D) Poor Laws



- Q. "The Rime of Ancient Mariner" is about
- (A) a perilous adventure in the sea
- (B) the accidental killing of an octopus
- (C) the curse of a sea God
- the guilt and expiation of the Ancient Mariner



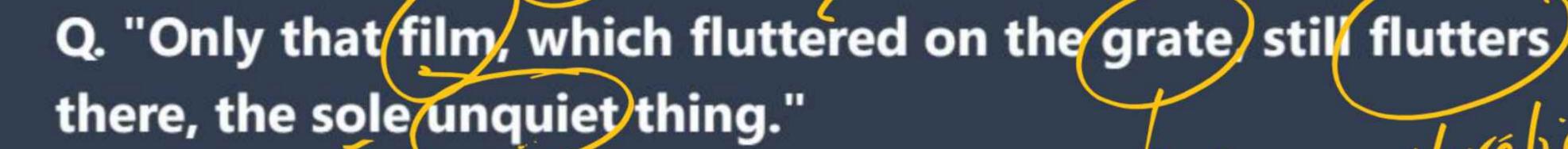
- Q. Who of the following was not a contemporary of Wordsworth and Coleridge?
- (A) Robert Southey
- (B) Sir Walter Scott
- (C) William Hazlitt
- C. Swinburne







Vibration



The above lines are quoted from

- (A) "Tintern Abbey Revisited"
- (B) "Michael"
- Frost at Midnight"
- (D) "This Lime-Tree Bower, My Prison"



- Q. A. half-sentence in Purchas his Pilgrimage triggered off "Kubla Khan" Whose work was Purchas hid Pilgrimage?
- (A) Robert Herrick, the poet's
- (B) John Hakluyt's, the collector of traveler's tales
- (C) Samuel Purchas, the London Parson's
- (D) Edward Purchas, the globe-trotter's





- Q. "Five miles meandering with a mazy motion through wood and dale the scared river ran." Where does this 'sacred river' directly run to?
- (A) A lifeless ocean
- (B) The caverns measureless
- (C) A fountain
- (D) The waves Boun (A) and (B)



- Q. "Kubla Khan" takes an epigraph from
- (A) Samuel Purchas' Purchas His Pilgrimage
- (B) Hakluyt's Voyages
- (C) The Book Named the Governour
- (D) Sir Thomas More's Utopia







- Q. Which of the following is NOT a quest narrative?
- (A) Shelley's Alastor
- (B) Byron's Manfred
- (C) Coleridge's Christabel
- (D) Keats's Endymion





Q. Who among the following Romantic poets ended his life, lauded and respected as "The Sage of High gate'?

- (A) William Blake
- (B) S.T. Coleridge
- (C) P.B. Shelley
- (D) William Wordsworth

Q. Which character created by Coleridge makes the following account of her harrowing experience?

"Five warriors seized me yestermorn,

Me, even me, a maid forlorn:

They choked my cries with force and fright, And tied me on a palfrey white".

- Geraldine _
 - (b) Christabel
 - (c) Christabel's mother
- (d) The maid who appeared in Christabel's dream



- Q. S.T. Coleridge "Dejection: An Ode" opens with an epigraph which is a refrence to a ballad. Identify the ballad.
- (A) "Ballad of the Goodly Fere"
- (B) "La Belle Dame Sans Merci"
- (C) "Ballad of Sir Patrick Spence"
- (D) "Ballad of the Gibbet"



- Q. As mentioned in -My First Acquaintance with Poets' which poet does William Hazlitt describe as the "only person I ever knew who answered the idea of a man of genius"?
 - (A) Coleridge
- (B) Wordsworth
- (C) Byron
- (D) Shelley



- Q. The Mariner in The Ancient Mariner kills:
- (A) An albatross
- (B) A nightingale
- (C) A penguin
- (D) A golden fish



- Q. Which Romantic poet defined a slave as 'a person perverted into a thing'?
 - (A) Blake
 - (B) Coleridge
 - (C) Keats
 - (D) Shelley



Q. From among the following, identify Coleridge's companion in a fanciful scheme to establish a Utopian community of free love on the banks of the Susquehaina river?

- (A) Lord Byron
- (B) Robert Southey
 - (C) William Hazlitt
 - (D) William Wordsworth



- Q. In "The Rime of the Ancient Mariner" what disaster befalls the ship and the crew?
- (A) The ship is caught in ice and breaks into pieces.
- (B) A fierce storm batters the ship and drowns the crew.
- (C) Slimy things with legs" attack the ship and kill many of the crew.
- (D) The ship is becalmed and the crew dies of thirst.



Q. "Kubla Khan" is thought to have been written in 1797, but it was not published until 1816. Who persuaded Coleridge to publish it?

- (A) Wordsworth
- (B) Byron
- (C) Keats
- (D) Wordsworth's sister