

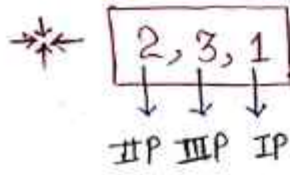
# ROJGAR WITH ANKIT

## PRONOUN

### PART → 2

⇒ You, she and I  
~~(S)~~ ~~(S)~~ ~~(S)~~  
⇒ ~~I~~, ~~you~~ and ~~she~~ will attend his wedding party.  
(More than one pronoun)  
I will attend his wedding party. [✓]  
(one pronoun)

I<sup>st</sup> → I, We  
II<sup>nd</sup> → you  
III<sup>rd</sup> → Others, she, He, They, It  
Mohan, Sohan etc



Good sense

Singular Pronouns

- I - singular
- We - plural
- you - singular
- plural
- They - plural
- He - singular
- She - singular
- It - singular

# We, They and you → plural  
# I, you, and He → singular

⇒ ~~Deepak~~, ~~Meera~~ and ~~you~~ have helped me.  
(S) (S) (S)  
You, Deepak and Meera have helped me.

\* यदि Pronouns - Plural हो तो  
यदि Bad sense हो, तो

\* 123

⇒ ~~I~~, ~~you~~ and ~~he~~  
~~(S)~~ ~~(S)~~ ~~(S)~~  
⇒ ~~you~~, ~~he~~ and ~~I~~ will be punished today.

# ROJGAR WITH ANKIT

⇒ ~~They~~, ~~you~~ and ~~we~~ will go to Delhi by bus.  
 (P) (P) (P)

We, you and They

⇒ you, he and I / did ~~your~~ / work on time / N.E.  
 (S) (S) (A) (S) (b) (c) (d)

**Subjects**

I, II, III

II, III

I, III

I, II

**Possessive Case**

our

your

our

our

⇒ <sup>(II)</sup> You and <sup>(III)</sup> he will go to ~~my~~ village on foot.  
 your

⇒ <sup>(III)</sup> Ram and <sup>(I)</sup> I completed ~~their~~ task yesterday.  
 our

\* Than/as - के बाद

<p>Nominative Case (कर्त्ता कारक)                  Subjective Case                  OR                  Objective Case (कर्म कारक)</p>	<p>दोनों आते हैं                  लेकिन sense                  के अनुसार                  ये देखना है कूलना                  किससे हो रही है                  Sub से तो Sub-case                  आयेगा,                  Obj-case से है, तो                  Obj-case आयेगा।</p>

⇒ I am smarter than ~~him~~ he.

⇒ I Love you more than ~~he~~ him.  
 (obj) (obj)

⇒ She knows me as much as ~~he~~ him.

⇒ She is wiser than ~~him~~ he.

\* If + Be + Subjective Case of Pronoun + Relative Pronoun + Verb  
 (is/was/has)

As It ~~are~~ <sup>is</sup> ~~I~~ <sup>I</sup> who ~~is/am/are~~ teaching you.  
 It is I who am teaching you.  
 It was/were ~~her~~ <sup>she</sup> who was/were with me last Sunday.