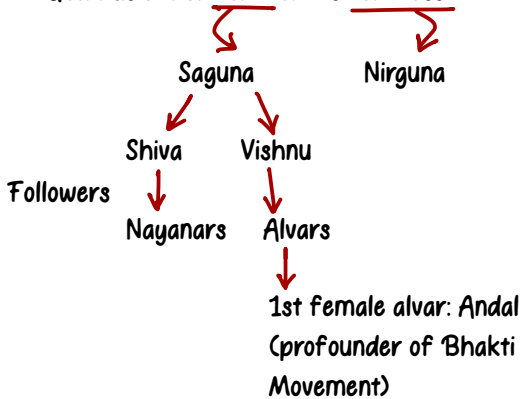


# BHAKTI AND SUFI MOVEMENTS



## Main Features of Bhakti Movement

- Discarded rituals and sacrifices
- Monotheistic (worship of single God)
- God has either form or it's formless



## Bhakti Movement

Atma is part of Brahman

| Philosophy               | Founder                      |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| • Vishishtadvaita        | Ramanuj Acharya              |
| • Dvaitadvaita/Bhedabhed | Nimbark Acharya              |
| • Dvait → Dualism        | Madhva Acharya (South-India) |
| • Shuddhadvaita          | Vallabhachairya              |

- Advaita
- + Non dualism

### Believed:

- The world is realistic
- Idolistic worship

### Sri Shankaracharya

#### Believed:

- This life and world is a myth
- Didn't believe in idol worship

## Bhakti Movement Saints

### Ramanujacharya (1017-1137)

- Founder of Vishistadvaita

### Ramananda (14-15 century)

- Belonged to Nirguna sect from North India
- Disciple: Kabir Das

### Kabir (1440-1510)

- Disciple of Ramananda
- Kabir's Doha: criticises Hindu or Islamic dharma
- Belonged to Nirguna sect

### Guru Nanak (1469-1538)

- Belonged to Nirguna sect

### Chaitanya (1486-1533)

- Propounded Bhakti Movement in Bengal → Bengal Vaishnavism
- King of Gaudiya

### Vidyapati (14-15 century)

- Composed Padavali → Love ballads of Radha and Krishna

### Purandar Das (1480-1564)

- Father of Carnatic music  
→ South Indian music

### Vallabhacharya (1479-1531)

- Gave Shuddhadvaita philosophy
- Gave the philosophy of "Pushti Marg"
- He said: Ram and Krishna → Avatar of Vishnu



### Mirabai (1498-1546)

- Disciple of: Vallabhacharya
- Daughter-in-law of Rana Sanga of Mewar
- She was a Rathore princess
- Bhakt of Krishna → Spent all her life in Bhakti of Krishna

### Surdas (1483-1563)

- He was blind
- Belonged to Agra
- Dedicated his lifetime in Bhakti of Krishna

### Tulsi Das (1532-1623)

- Bhakt of Ram
- Famous writings: Ramcharitramanas, Kavitawali, Gitawali

### Dadu Dayal (1544-1603)

- Bhakti Saint → Belonged to Nirguna sect
- Founder of Dadu Panth

### Sankaradeva (1449-1568)

- Spread Bhakti Movement across Assam
- Introduced Sattriya dance in Assam
- He gave Borgeet →

### Thyagaraja (1767-1847)

- From Tamil Nadu
- Bhakt of Rama

### Bhakti Saints of Maharashtra

#### Jnanesvara/Jnanadeva (1271-1296)

- Founder of Bhakti Movement in Maharashtra
- Wrote commentary on Bhagvad Geeta → Bhavarthadipika

Namadeva (1270-1350)

- Founder of Varkari sect



Eknath (1533-1599)

- Wrote: Bhavartha Ramayana

Tukaram (1598-1650)

- Wrote: Abhang → Devotional poetry

Ramdas (1608-1681)

- Wrote: Dasabodha → Compilation of his sermons

→ 3 things started to abolish  
untouchability

- Langar: community kitchen
- Pangat: eating
- Sangat: decision making

Sikh Gurus

| S.No. | Sikh Guru  | Remark   |
|-------|--|--|
| 1.    | <b>Guru Nanak Dev</b> → Khatri<br>(Guru from 1469 to 1539) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Born: Talwandi</li> <li>• Death: Kartarpur</li> <li>• He started Langar system</li> </ul> |
| 2.    | <b>Guru Angad Dev</b><br>(Guru from 1539 to 1552)          | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduced Gurumukhi Script</li> </ul>  |
| 3.    | <b>Guru Amardas Sahib</b><br>(Guru from 1552 to 1574)      | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Contemporary of Akbar</li> </ul>  |
| 4.    | <b>Guru Ram Das</b><br>(Guru from 1574 to 1581)            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Founder of Amritsar</li> </ul>  |
| 5.    | <b>Guru Arjan Dev</b><br>(Guru from 1581 to 1606)          | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Compiled Adi Granth</li> <li>• Completed the construction of Golden Temple</li> </ul>     |

- He was executed by Jahangir



### Golden Temple

- Beautification by Raja Ranjit Singh

| S.No. | Sikh Guru  | Remark   |
|-------|--|--|
| 6.    | <b>Guru Har Gobind Sahib</b><br>(Guru from 1606 to 1644)   | He created Akal Takht<br>1609 → K → u            |
| 7.    | <b>Guru Har Rai Sahib</b><br>(Guru from 1644 to 1661)      | • Contemporary to Aurangzeb<br>o                 |
| 8.    | <b>Guru Har Krishan Sahib</b><br>(Guru from 1661 to 1664)  | • Contemporary to Aurangzeb<br>s                 |
| 9.    | <b>Guru Tegh Bahadur Sahib</b><br>(Guru from 1665 to 1675) | Prosecuted by Aurangzeb                          |
| 10.   | <b>Guru Gobind Singh Sahib</b><br>(Guru from 1675 to 1708) | • The last guru<br>• He started the Khalsa Panth |



## Sufi Movement

### Origin

- Land of Kafir (where only Hindu stayed)

↓ Converted to

Land of Islam      Dar-ul-Herb

### How?

- Through Jihad (religious war)
  - Mujahid (attains jannat on Jihad)

### Khwaja Ali Hujjwiri (11th Century)

- Also known as "Data Ganj Baksh"

### Shaikh Bahauddin Zakaria (1182-1262)

- Founded the leading Khanqah in India at Multan
- Founder of Suhara-Wardi Order

↓  
Religious gathering

### Khwaja Moinuddin Chisti (1141-1236)

- Founder of the Chisti order

### Other Saints of Chisti Order:

- Sheikh Hamiduddin Nagauri (1192-1274)
- Khwaja Qutubuddin Bhaktiyar Kaki

↓  
Disciple: Qutubuddin  
Aibak started Qutub  
Minar on his name  
(1206)

### Baba Jariuddin/Ganj-i-Shankar (1175-1265)

- Popularly known as Baba Farid

Shaikh Nizamuddin Auliya (1236–1325)

- Popularly known as Mehboob-i-illahi

Syed Muhammad Gesu Daraz

- Popularly known as Bandanawaz

Shaikh Nasiruddin Mahmud

- Later he was known as Chirag-i-Delhi

Shaikh Badruddin Samarkandi (13th Century)

- Founded Firdausi Order

Sufi words and their meanings

| S.No. | Sufi Words                | Meaning   |
|-------|---------------------------|---|
| 1.    | Tasawwuf                  | Sufism  |
| 2.    | <u>Shaikh/Pir/Murshid</u> | Spiritual teacher                               |
| 3.    | <u>Murid</u>              | <u>Disciple</u>                                 |
| 4.    | Khalifah                  | <u>Successor</u>                                |
| 5.    | Khanqah                   | The <u>hospice</u>                              |
| 6.    | Sama →                    | <u>Musical recital</u>                          |
| 7.    | Raksa                     | <u>Dance</u>                                    |
| 8.    | <u>Fana</u> →             | <u>Self annihilation</u>                        |
| 9.    | Ziyarat                   | → <u>Pilgrimage to the tombs of Sufi Saints</u> |





## One Liners (MCQs)

- Satnami Movement in Central India in 19th century was started by: Guru Ghasidas (Belonged from Chattisgarh)
- Tansen was disciple of: Haridas
- Avatars of Vishnu: Matsya, Kurma, Varaha, Narasimha, Vamana, Parashurama, Rama, Krishna or Balarama, Buddha or Krishna, Kalki
- Cobbler saint: Ravidas
- Amir Khusrau disciple of: Sheikh Nizamuddin Auliya
- Nathpandthis, Siddhas, and Yogi (devotional religion) in: Eastern India
- "Radha of Rajasthan": Mirabai
- Worship of God as Nirankar (formless) emphasised in Punjab, India: Baba Dayal Das
- Under the leadership of Banda Bahadur, after the death of Guru Govind Singh, the Sikhs revolted against: Mughals
- Khusrau (rebellious son of Jahangir) was assisted by: Guru Arjun Dev Ji