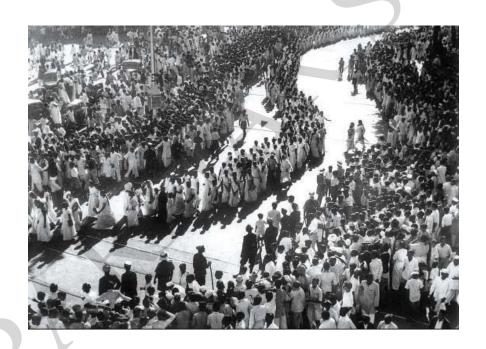


# QUIT INDIA MOVEMENT





### Communal Award: 1932

By Ramsay MacDonald — Also brings separate electorate for "Depressed Classes"

First by Ambedkar in Round Table Conference

## Poona Pact: 1932 - At Yerwada jail

- Between Ambedkar and Gandhi/Madan Mohan Malviya

Gandhi at Yerwadajail, Poona -> Fast unto death until communal award is taken

back

→All India Anti Untouchability League setup

→Harijan (weekly)

→Harijan Sewak Sangh (1932)

### Agreement?

 Communal Award to be taken back by Britishers and increase in reservation of seat

## 1935: GOI Act

→It abolished Dyarchy at Provinces

→ Introduced Dyarchy at Centre

→6/11 provinces → Bicameral Legislature

→All India Federation (but did not came into effect)

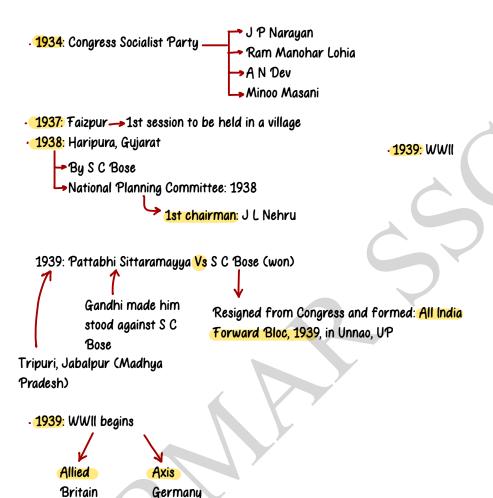
## 1937: Congress got majority -> 716/1161 won

· Majority in all province except: Bengal, Assam, Punjab, Sindh, NWFP

# Congress Sessions

·1936: Lucknow

·1936: All Indian Kisan Sabha formed → By Swami Sahjanand Saraswati



Congress offered to Viceroy

Demand for Constituent Assembly

Linlithgow

Demand for responsible government

Oct 1939: Congress resigned from all the ministries

Reason?

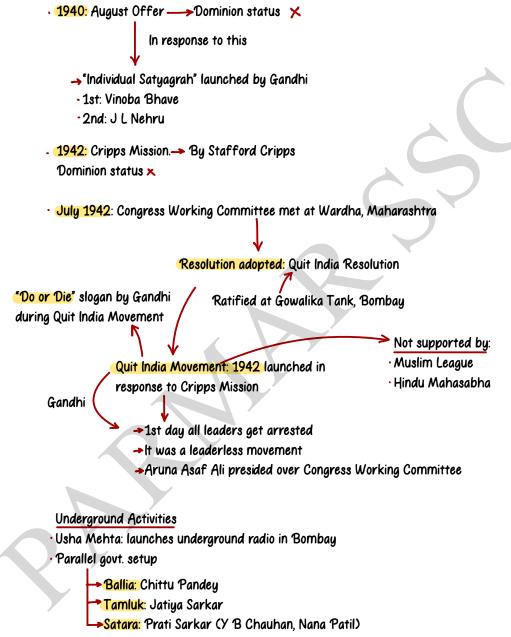
· Indians were involved in WWII without consent

Italy

Japan

USA USSR







- ·23 March 1943: Pakistan Day observed by Muslim League
- ·C R Fomula by C. Rajagopalachari: 1944
- Desai Liaquat Pact by Bhulabhai Desai (Congress) with Liaquat Ali Khan (Muslim League)
- -Wavell Plan by then Viceroy Wavell: 1945

Shimla Conference X

Called as "Patriot of Patriots" by Gandhi

name "Orlando Mazzotta" in 1942

Indian National Army and S. C Bose

Mohan Singh asked for Prisoner of Wars to setup Army

INA, 1942

Made INA at Singapore

Later led by: Rash Behari Bose

Later transferred the chairmanship to: S. C Bose

\* Met Hitler in Germany using a pseudo

15 August: Japan surrendered

"Delhi Chalo" by S. C Bose

18 Aug: S. C Bose died

1st person to give "Father of Nation" title to Gandhi — Through Singapore Radio

Famous slogans:

- · "Give me blood, and I shall give you freedom"
- · "Jai 'Hind"



### INA trials

·1st trial: against Prem Kumar Sehgal, Shah Nawaz Khan and Gurbaksh Singh Dhillon Nov 1945

Indian Navy had recruitments -- Ratings (lowest post)

14 Feb 1946: HMS Talwar protested against unconditional food

Known as Royal Indian Navy Mutiny

Cabinet Mission Plan

Clement Attlee (then PM of Britain) sent -> 3 membered commission

Stafford Cripps

→AV Alexander

→Pathic Lawrence (chairman)

Demand for Pakistan not adopted

· Regional groupings

• 16 Aug 1946: Jinnah directed Muslims to observe Direct Action Day

"Calcutta Killings" at Noakhali, Calcutta

Gandhi was here on 15 Aug 1947

· June 1947: Indian Independence Act 1947

Partition plan Also known as "Mountbatten Plan"

Last Governor General of India: Mountbatten

· C Rajagopalachari later the last GGI of Independent India



· West Pakistan separated from East Pakistan (1971) during Indira Gandhi (then PM)

→ Bangladesh now

Indira Gandhi (then PM of India) and Zulfikar Bhutto (then President of Pakistan) Shimla Agreement signed (b/w India and Pakistan)

## One Liners (MCQs)

- · Drafting of Constitution of India by Nehru in 1928 with eight other Congress leaders
- · Gopal Krishna Gokhale: mentor of both Gandhi and Mohammad Ali Jinnah
- Nathuram Godse: expressed his desire for keeping his ashes till India is reunited and throwing them into the Indus after reunification has been achieved
- Shaheed Laxmi Nayak belonged to Orissa
- · Rajendra Prasad was called "Ajatshatru" by Gandhi
- · Raj Ghat Momerial in New Delhi of: Mahatma Gandhi
- · "History of British India" by James Mill
- · "Crawling order" issued by: General Dyer
- "Quaid-i-Azam" title was given to Jinnah