

ROJGAR WITH ANKIT

Tense

PART → 4

Present Perfect Tense

- चुका है, चुकी है, लिया है, दिया है तथा किया है, आदि शब्द वाक्य के अंत में आते हैं।
- कार्य Complete होना पारा जाता है।
- Present Indefinite + Time Expression = Present Perfect
- यदि आपका वाक्य since (जब से/तब से) से जुड़ा है, तो since वाला वाक्य Past Indefinite तथा दूसरा वाक्य Present Perfect में बनते हैं।
- * since + Past Indefinite + II sentence (Present Perfect)
- Recently, off late, yet, so, far, already आदि शब्द Perfect Tense को दर्शाते हैं।

(VI/V+s/es) Present Ind. + T.E. \Rightarrow Present Perfect

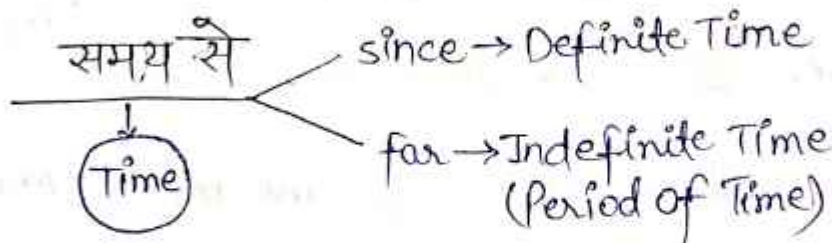
\Rightarrow I know / you / since 2016 / No error

(A)

(B)

(C)

(D)



2006 से - since 2006

4 घण्टे से - for four hrs.

जन्म से - since birth

6 महीने से - for six mnt

जाफ़ी समय से - for a long time

\Rightarrow I ~~know~~ you since 2010.

(P. Ind.)

(T.E.)

How to make the present perfect Time

[S / S \rightarrow has + V3
P / S \rightarrow have + V3
I \rightarrow have + V3]

ROJGAR WITH ANKIT

⇒ She has a car for long time.
(रखना) (T.E)

Since + Past Ind.

II → Present Perfect / P.P. Continuous

⇒ जब से मैं गाँव आया हूँ, तब से मुझे कोई नहीं मिला।
Since I came / to the village / No one met me /
(A) (V3) (B) has (C) (V3) N.E (D)

⇒ I have ~~took~~ ^{taken} it for you?

⇒ She has told a lie (✓)

⇒ (I). ~~have~~ ^{has} Ram not come to you?

⇒ (II). Where ~~have~~ ^{have} they gone with you?

Assertive -> Sub + HV (has/have) + not + MV (V3) + obj + O.W

Int. I -> H.V + sub + not + M.V + obj + O.W + ?

Int. II -> Q.W + H.V. + sub + not + MV + obj + O.W + ?

Present Perfect Continuous Tense

HV
Have/has been

V ing

⇒ राम खेल रहा है।

⇒ राम सुबह से खेल रहा है।

Present Continuous + Time Exp. = Present Perfect Continuous

(is/are/am + V ing)

(since/for + time)

Have been
Has been } V ing

ROJGAR WITH ANKIT

⇒ She ^{has been} ~~is~~ playing ^(B) with me / since ^(C) 2'0'clock / N.E ^(D)

⇒ They ^{have been} ~~are~~ waiting for me for a long time.