

DSS 3 T G PART(A+B)





TRANGLES

03/05/2024 04:00PM

TRIANGLES



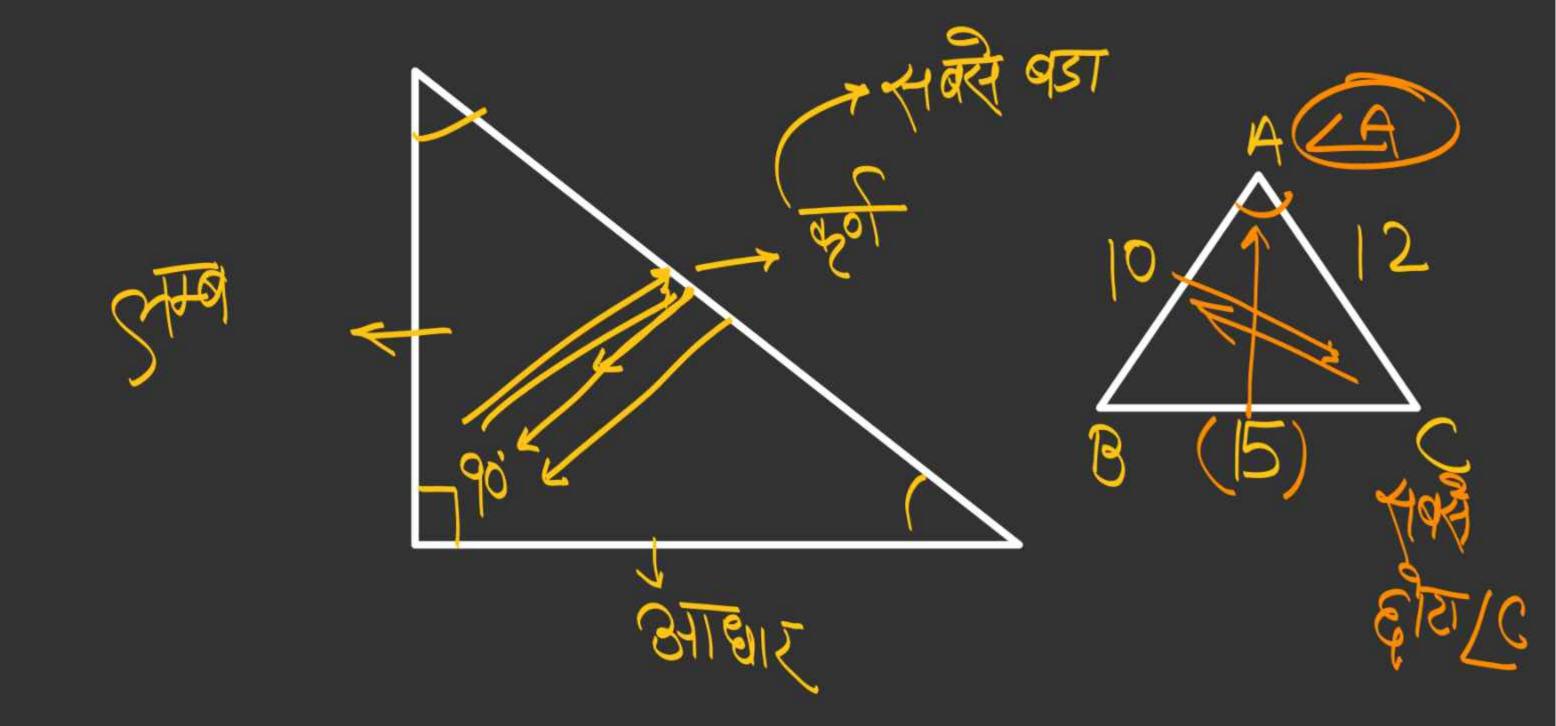
A closed figure formed by three intersecting lines is called a triangle. ("Tri' means 'three'). A triangle has three sides, three angles and three vertices. For example, in triangle ABC, denoted as A ABC AB, BC, CA are the three sides, A, B, C are the three angles and A, B, C are three vertices.

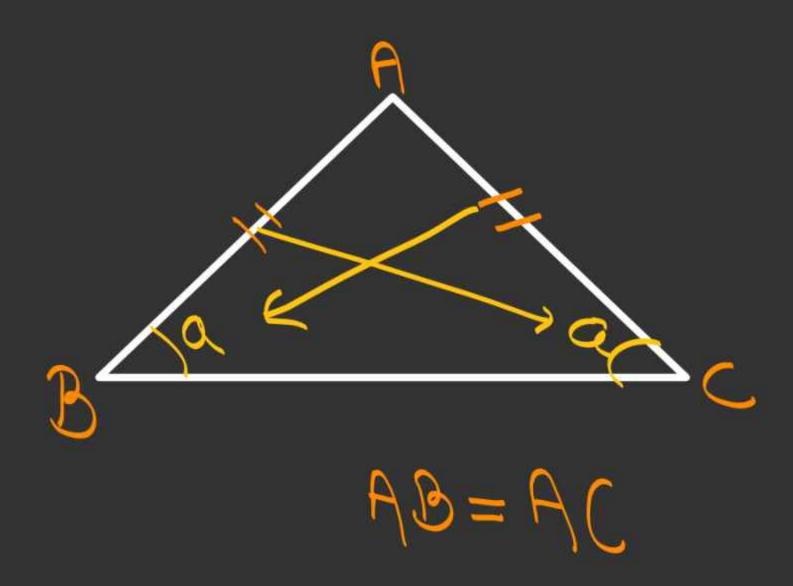


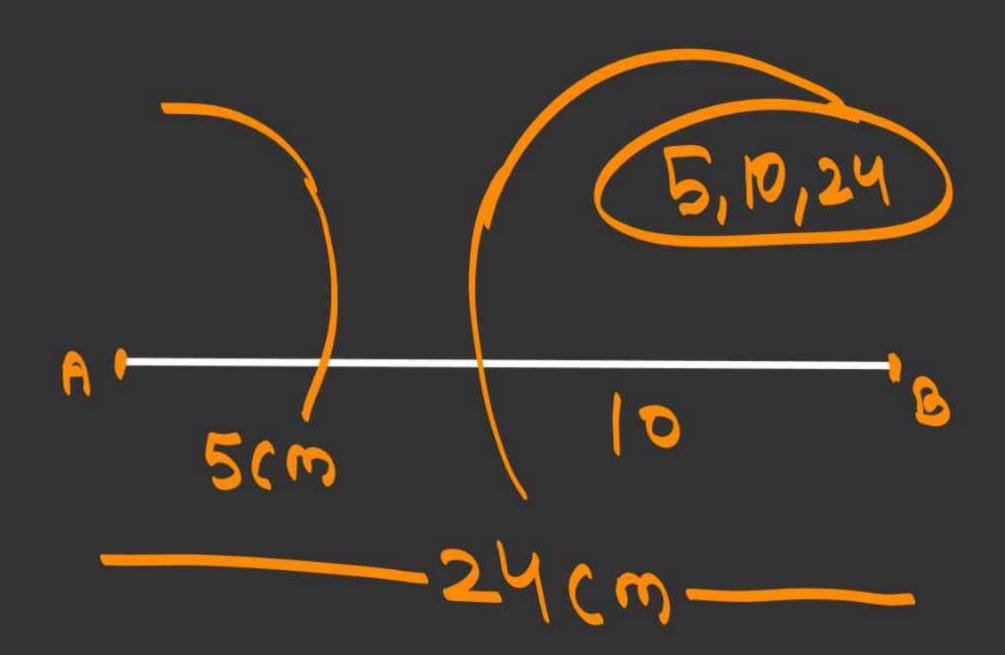
Some Properties of a Triangle 2 3,45



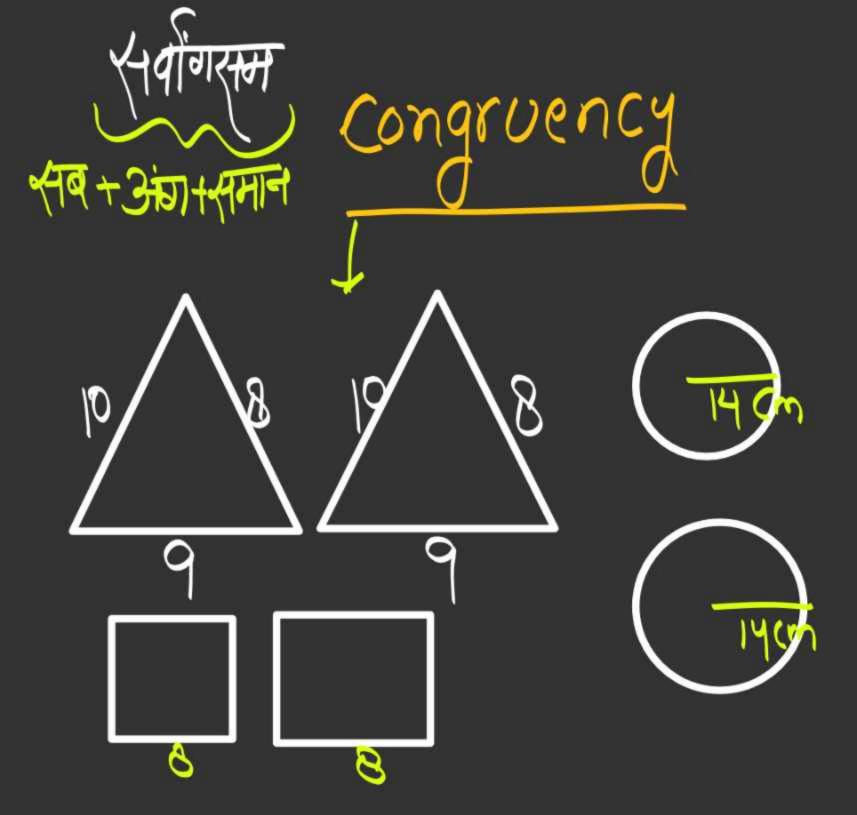
- Sum of any two sides of a triangle is greater than the third side.
- □ Difference of any two sides of a triangle is Smaller than the third side.
- Angles opposite to equal sides of an isosceles triangle are equal,
- The sides opposite to equal angles of a triangle are equal.
- In a triangle, angle opposite to the longer side is larger (greater)
- In a triangle, side opposite to the larger (greater) angle is longer.

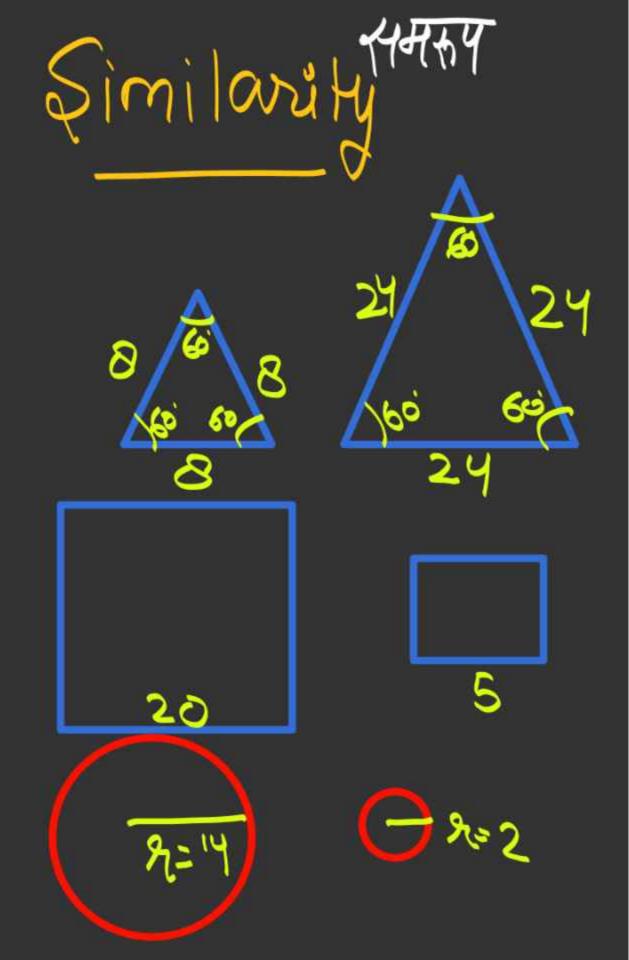






> # Congruency of a () 49 Hater AT) ># Similarity of 1 (1) Thales Theorem (धीन्स प्रमेय) Angle bisector theorem () and this minds





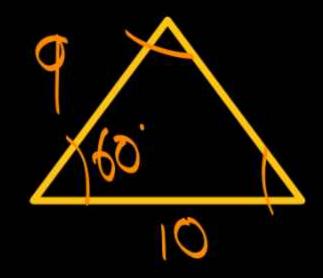


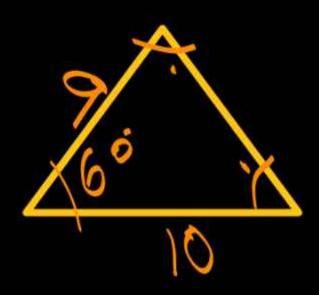
You must have observed that two copies of your photographs of the same size are identical. Similarly, two bangles of the same size, two ATM cards issued by the same bank are identical. You may recall that on placing a one rupee coin on another minted in the same year, they cover each other completely.

Criteria for Congruence of Triangles

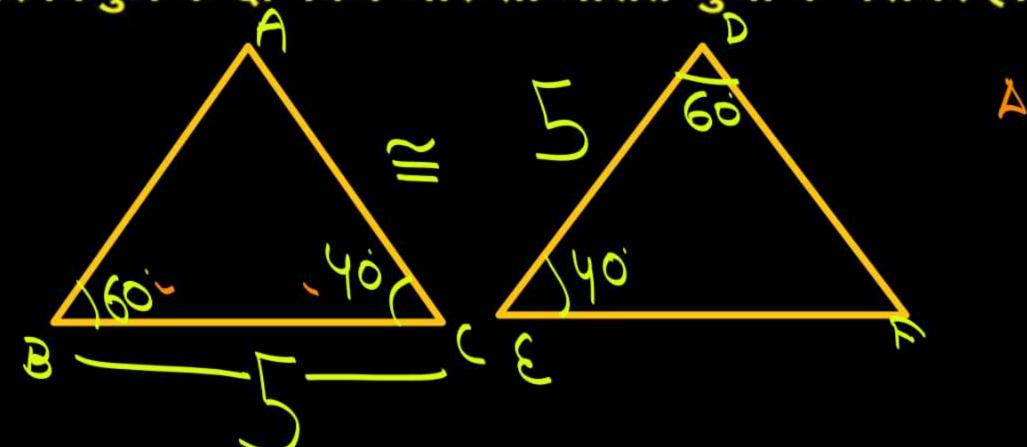
Side angle Side

- SAS congruence rule): Two triangles are congruent if two sides and the included angle of one triangle are equal to the two sides and the included angle of the other triangle.
- दो त्रिभुज सर्वांगसम होते हैं यदि एक त्रिभुज की दो भुजाएँ और सम्मिलित कोण दूसरे त्रिभुज की दो भुजाओं और सम्मिलित कोण के बराबर हों।



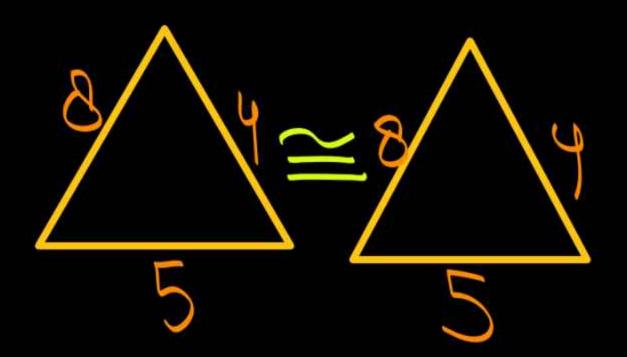


- Angle Side Angle
- (ASA congruence rule): Two triangles are congruent if two angles and the included side of one triangle are equal to two angles and the included side of other triangle.
- दो त्रिभुज सर्वांगसम होते हैं यदि एक त्रिभुज के दो कोण और सम्मिलित भुजा दूसरे त्रिभुज के दो कोण और सम्मिलित भुजा के बराबर हों।



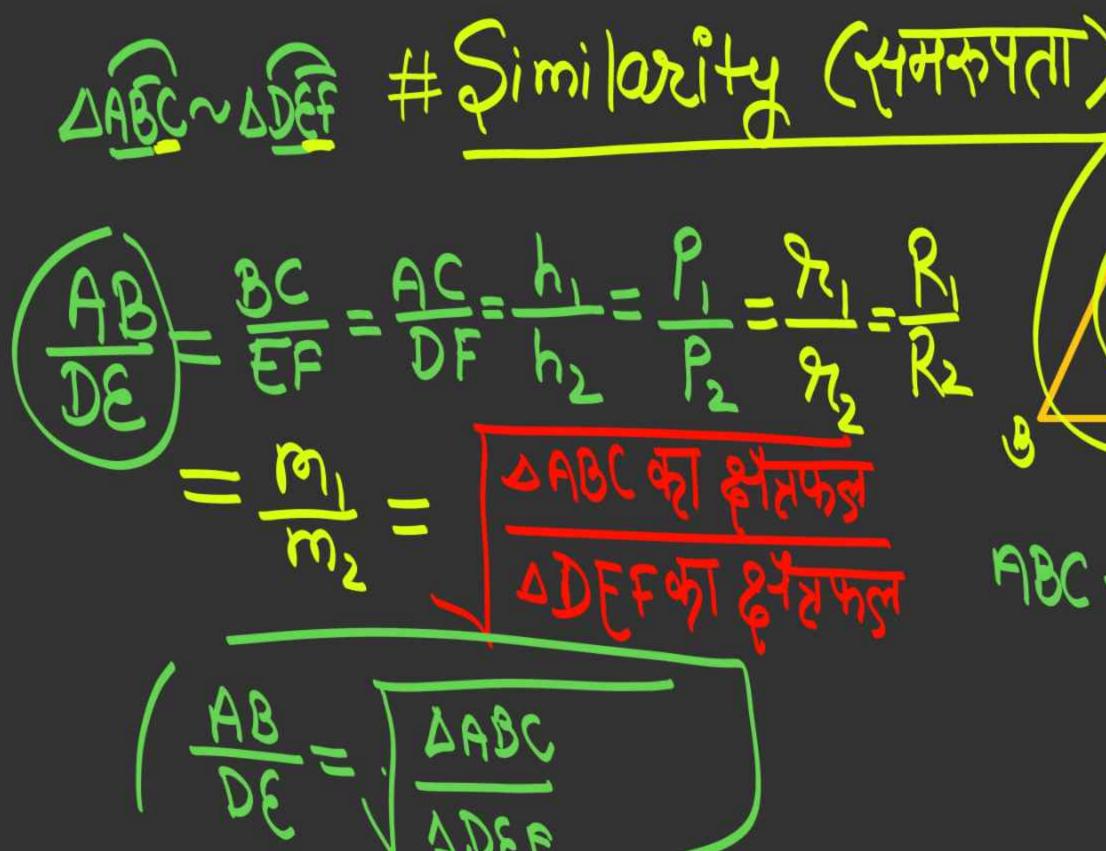
SGJ & FDE

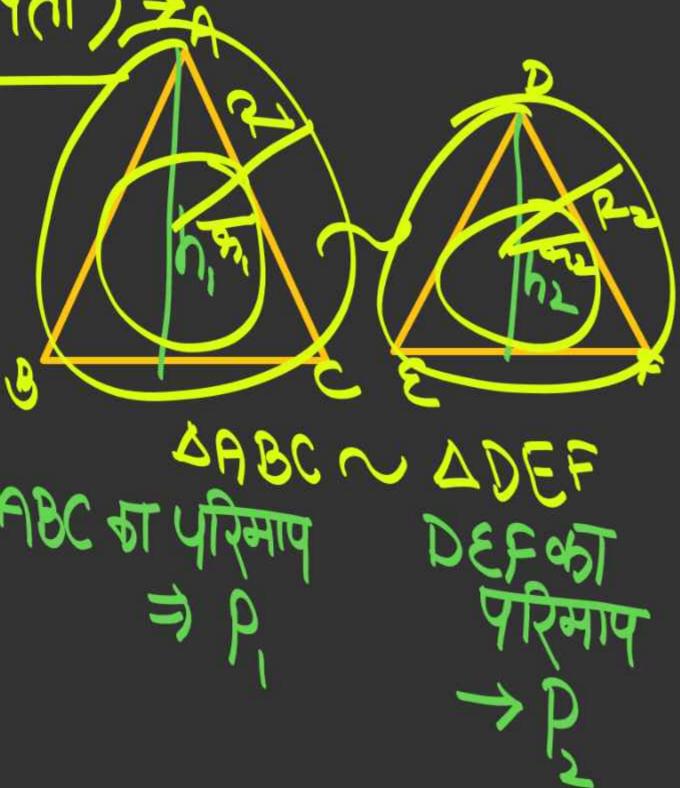
- (SSS congruence rule): If three sides of one triangle are equal to the three sides of another triangle, then the two triangles are congruent.
- यदि एक त्रिभुज की तीन भुजाएँ दूसरे त्रिभुज की तीन भुजाओं के बराबर हों,
 तो दोनों त्रिभुज सर्वांगसम होते हैं।



AAS Congruence Rule.

- Two triangles are congruent if any two pairs of angles and one pair of corresponding sides are equal. We may call it as the AAS Congruence Rule.
- दो त्रिभुज सर्वांगसम होते हैं यदि कोणों के दो जोड़े और संगत भुजाओं का एक जोड़ा बराबर हो। हम इसे AAS सर्वांगसमता नियम कह सकते हैं।





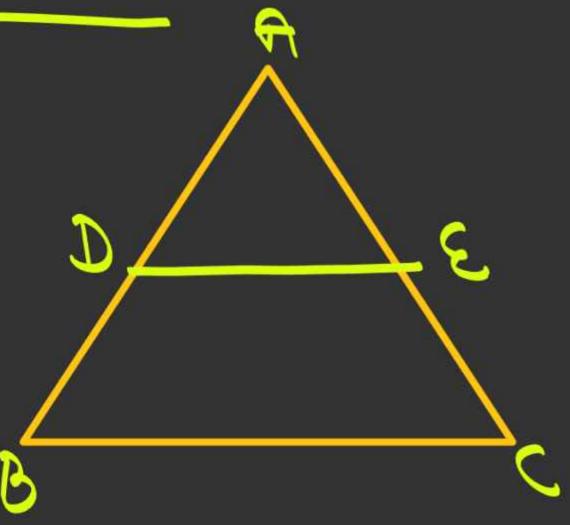
$$\frac{AB}{EF} = \frac{BC}{FD} = \frac{AC}{ED}$$

THALES THM (2) (2)

DEIIBC

$$\frac{AD}{DB} = \frac{AE}{EC}$$

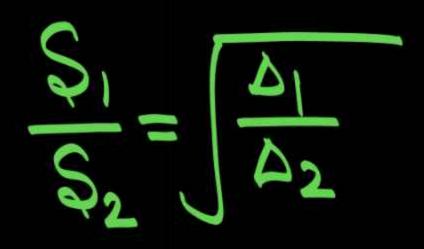
AP AE AB



the following.

1. दो समरूप त्रिभुजों की भुजाओं का अनुपात 4:9 है। इन त्रिभुजों का क्षेत्रफल अनुपात में है।

Sides of two similar triangles are in the ratio 4: 9. Areas of these triangles are in the ratio.



2. दो समरूप त्रिभुजों का क्षेत्रफल क्रमशः 9 cm² तथा 16 cm² है। उनकी संगत भुजाओं का अनुपात है

The areas of two similar triangles are in respectively $9~\rm cm^2$ and $16~\rm cm^2$. The ratio of their corresponding sides is

- (a) 3: 4 (b) 4: 3
- (c) 2:3 (d) 4:5

3. दो समान त्रिभुजों $\triangle ABC$ और $\triangle DEF$ का क्षेत्रफल क्रमशः $144~cm^2$ और $81~cm^2$ है। यदि बड़े $\triangle ABC$ की सबसे लंबी भुजा 36" " सेमी है, तो छोटे त्रिभुज $\triangle DEF$ की सबसे लंबी भुजा है

The areas of two similar triangles $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle DEF$ are 144 cm² and 81 cm² respectively. If the longest side of larger $\triangle ABC$ be 36 cm, then, the longest side of the smaller triangle $\triangle DEF$ is

- (a) 20 cm (b) 26 cm
- (c) 27 cm (d) 30 cm

4. △ ABC और △ BDE दो समबाहु त्रिभुज हैं जैसे कि D, BC का मध्य-बिंदु है। त्रिभुज ABC और BDE के क्षेत्रफलों का अनुपात है

 \triangle *ABC* and \triangle *BDE* are two equilateral triangles such that *D* is the mid-point of *BC*. The ratio of the areas of triangles *ABC* and *BDE* is

- (a) 2: 1 (b) 1: 2
- (c) 4:1 (d) 1:4

5. यदि △ABC और △DEF इस प्रकार समान हैं कि 2AB=DE और BC=8" "सेमी, तो EF=

If $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle DEF$ are similar such that 2AB = DE and BC = 8 cm, then EF =

- (a) 16 cm
 - **(b)** 12 cm
- (c) 8 cm
- (d) 4 cm.

6. यदि
$$\triangle ABC$$
 और $\triangle DEF$ दो त्रिभुज हैं जैसे $\frac{AB}{DE} = \frac{BC}{EF} = \frac{CA}{FD} = \frac{2}{5}$, तो क्षेत्रफल ($\triangle ABC$): क्षेत्रफल ($\triangle DEF$) =

ABC): क्षेत्रफल ($\triangle DEF$) =

If $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle DEF$ are two triangles such that $\frac{AB}{DE} = \frac{BC}{EF} = \frac{CA}{FD} = \frac{2}{5}$, then Area

$$(\triangle ABC)$$
: Area $(\triangle DEF) =$

- (a) 2: 5 (b) 4: 25
- (c) 4: 15 (d) 8: 125

7. XY को $\triangle ABC$ के आधार BC के समानांतर खींचा गया है जो AB को X पर और AC को Y पर काटता है। यदि AB = 4BX और YC = 2 सेमी है, तो AY =

XY is drawn parallel to the base BC of a $\triangle ABC$ cutting AB at X and AC at Y. If AB = 4BX and YC = 2 cm, then AY =

(a) 2 cm (b) 4 cm

(c) 6 cm (d) 8 cm.

8. ऊंचाई 6" "मी और 11" "मीटर के दो खंभे एक समतल जमीन पर लंबवत खड़े हैं। यदि उनके पैरों के बीच की दूरी 12"" मीटर है, तो उनके शीर्षों के बीच की दूरी है

Two poles of height $6~\mathrm{m}$ and $11~\mathrm{m}$ stand vertically upright on a plane ground. If the distance between their foot is $12~\mathrm{m}$, the distance between their tops is

- (a) 12 m (b) 14 m
- (c) 13 m. (d) 11 m

9. △ABC में, D और E क्रमशः भुजा AB और AC पर इस प्रकार बिंदु हैं कि DE||BC और AD:DB=3:1 | यदि EA=3.3" सेमी, तो AC=

In $\triangle ABC$, D and E are points on side AB and AC respectively such that $DE \parallel BC$ and AD: DB = 3: 1. If EA = 3.3 cm, then AC =

- (a) 1.1 cm (b) 4 cm
- (c) 4.4 cm (d) 5.5 cm

10. त्रिभुज ABC और DEF में, $\angle A = \angle E = 40^{\circ}$, AB: ED = AC: EF और $\angle F = 65^{\circ}$, तो $\angle B =$

In triangles ABC and DEF, $\angle A = \angle E = 40^{\circ}$, AB: ED = AC: EF and $\angle F = 65^{\circ}$, then $\angle B =$

- (a) 35° (b) 65°
- (c) 75° (d) 85°