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Surds and Indices

Exercise - 1

1. Recognize the rational number:

परिमेय संख्या बताइए:

- a) $\sqrt[4]{27}$ b) $\sqrt[3]{16}$ c) $\sqrt{11}$ d) $\sqrt[5]{243}$

2. Which of the following is a surd?

निम्न में से कौनसी करणी/अपरिमेय संख्या है?

- a) $\sqrt[4]{81}$ b) $\sqrt[5]{32}$ c) $\sqrt[6]{729}$ d) $\sqrt[3]{25}$

3. Find $\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$

- a) $2^{\frac{1}{3}}$ b) $2^{\frac{1}{4}}$ c) $2^{\frac{1}{6}}$ d) $2^{\frac{1}{8}}$

4. Find the value of $\sqrt[4]{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{a}}}$?

- a) $a^{\frac{1}{24}}$ b) $a^{\frac{1}{7}}$ c) $a^{\frac{1}{8}}$ d) $a^{\frac{1}{12}}$

5. $\left[\sqrt[14]{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt[5]{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt[15]{5^6}}}}} \right]^7$

- a) 5^2 b) 5^4 c) 5^8 d) 5^{12}

6. $\left[\sqrt[3]{\sqrt[6]{5^9}} \right]^4 \left[\sqrt[3]{\sqrt[6]{5^9}} \right]^4$

- a) 5^2 b) 5^4 c) 5^8 d) 5^{12}

7. $\frac{3^0+3^{-1}}{3^{-1}-3^0}$

- a) -2 b) -1 c) 1 d) 2

8. $\frac{((xy)^{a-b} (xy)^{b-c})}{(xy)^{a-c}} = ?$

- a) 1 b) 0 c) xy d) xy^{abc}

9. The value of

$(x^{b+c})^{b-c} \cdot (x^{c+a})^{c-a} \cdot (x^{a+b})^{a-b}$ ($x \neq 0$) is
 $(x^{b+c})^{b-c} \cdot (x^{c+a})^{c-a} \cdot (x^{a+b})^{a-b}$ ($x \neq 0$) का

मान है :

- a) 1 b) 2 c) -1 d) 0

10. $\left(\frac{x^a}{x^b}\right)^{a+b} \times \left(\frac{x^b}{x^c}\right)^{b+c} \times \left(\frac{x^c}{x^a}\right)^{c+a} = ?$

- a) 1 b) 0 c) x d) x^{abc}

11. The value of $\left(\frac{x^a}{x^b}\right)^{\frac{1}{ab}} \cdot \left(\frac{x^b}{x^c}\right)^{\frac{1}{bc}} \cdot \left(\frac{x^c}{x^a}\right)^{\frac{1}{ca}} = ?$

$\left(\frac{x^a}{x^b}\right)^{\frac{1}{ab}} \cdot \left(\frac{x^b}{x^c}\right)^{\frac{1}{bc}} \cdot \left(\frac{x^c}{x^a}\right)^{\frac{1}{ca}}$ का मान है :

- a) 1 b) $\frac{1}{x^{abc}}$ c) $\frac{1}{x^{ab+bc+ca}}$ d) None of these

12. $\frac{(x+\frac{1}{y})^a (x-\frac{1}{y})^b}{(y+\frac{1}{x})^a (y-\frac{1}{x})^b} = ?$

- a) $\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)^{a+b}$ b) $\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)^{a+b}$ c) $\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)^{a-b}$ d) $\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)^{a-b}$

13. If $\left(\frac{p^{-1}q^2}{p^3q^{-2}}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \div \left(\frac{p^6q^{-3}}{p^{-2}q^3}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = p^a q^b$, then the value of $a + b$, where p and q are different positive primes, is

यदि $\left(\frac{p^{-1}q^2}{p^3q^{-2}}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \div \left(\frac{p^6q^{-3}}{p^{-2}q^3}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = p^a q^b$ हो, तो $a + b$ का मान क्या है जिसमें p और q विभिन्न धनात्मक अभाज्य हैं?

- a) 1 b) 0 c) -1 d) 2

14. $4^{4x+1} = \frac{1}{64}$, then x is

- a) $\frac{1}{2}$ b) -1 c) $-\frac{1}{2}$ d) $-\frac{1}{6}$

15. If $5^{5x+5} = 1$, then x equals

- a) 0 b) -1 c) 1 d) $-\frac{4}{5}$

16. If $27^{2x-1} = 243^3$, then x equals

- a) 3 b) 6 c) 7 d) 9

17. $(125)^x = 3125$, $x = ?$

- a) $\frac{1}{5}$ b) $\frac{3}{5}$ c) $\frac{5}{3}$ d) $\frac{5}{7}$

18. If $8^{3x-5} = \frac{1}{327-4x}$ then $x = ?$

अगर $8^{3x-5} = \frac{1}{327-4x}$ है तो $x = ?$

- a) $\frac{16}{9}$ b) $\frac{20}{11}$ c) $\frac{25}{13}$ d) 2



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19. If $3^{x+y} = 81$ and $81^{x-y} = 3$, then the value of x is

अगर $3^{x+y} = 81$ और $81^{x-y} = 3$ तो x का मान बताइए.

- a) 42 b) $\frac{15}{8}$ c) $\frac{17}{8}$ d) 39

20. $2^{2x-y} = 16$ and $2^{x+y} = 32$, the value of xy is
 $2^{2x-y} = 16$ और $2^{x+y} = 32$ है तो xy है

- a) 2 b) 4 c) 6 d) 8

21. If $\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)^{5a-3} = \left(\frac{y}{x}\right)^{17-3a}$ then $a = ?$

अगर $\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)^{5a-3} = \left(\frac{y}{x}\right)^{17-3a}$ है तो $a = ?$

- a) -5 b) -6 c) -7 d) 7

22. If $\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^3 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{-6} = \left(\frac{25}{9}\right)^{1-2x}$, then x is

अगर $\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^3 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{-6} = \left(\frac{25}{9}\right)^{1-2x}$ है तो x का मान है:

- a) $-\frac{1}{4}$ b) $\frac{5}{4}$ c) $\frac{1}{4}$ d) $-\frac{5}{4}$

23. If $(x^x)^{\frac{5}{4}} = x^{\frac{5}{x^4}}$ then $x = ?$

अगर $(x^x)^{\frac{5}{4}} = x^{\frac{5}{x^4}}$ है तो $x = ?$

- a) $\frac{125}{64}$ b) $\frac{625}{256}$ c) $\frac{25}{16}$ d) $\frac{5}{4}$

24. $x^{x\sqrt{x}} = (x\sqrt{x})^x$, then x equals

$x^{x\sqrt{x}} = (x\sqrt{x})^x$ है तो x का मान है

- a) $\frac{4}{9}$ b) $\frac{2}{3}$ c) $\frac{9}{4}$ d) $\frac{3}{2}$

25. What are the possible solutions for x of the equation $x^{\sqrt{x}} = \sqrt[n]{x^x}$, where x and n are positive integers?

समीकरण $x^{\sqrt{x}} = \sqrt[n]{x^x}$ के संभावित हल क्या हैं, जहां x और n धनात्मक पूर्णांक हैं ?

- a) 0, n^2 b) 1, n c) n, n^2 d) 1, n^2

26. What is the value of x satisfying the equation

$$16 \left(\frac{a-x}{a+x}\right)^3 = \frac{a+x}{a-x}$$

x का कौन सा मान समीकरण $16 \left(\frac{a-x}{a+x}\right)^3 = \frac{a+x}{a-x}$

आपूर्ति करता है ?

- a) $\frac{a}{2}$ b) $\frac{a}{3}$ c) 3a d) Both b and c

27. If $x^{y^z} = 1$, $y^{z^x} = 125$ and $z^{y^x} = 243$ (x, y and z are natural number), then what is the value of $9x + 10y - 18z$?

यदि $x^{y^z} = 1$, $y^{z^x} = 125$ और $z^{y^x} = 243$ (x, y तथा z प्राकृतिक संख्याएं हैं), तो $9x + 10y - 18z$ का मान क्या है ?

- a) 18 b) 15 c) 12 d) 5

28. If $x^{y+z} = 1$, $y^{x+z} = 1024$ and $z^{x+y} = 729$ (x, y and z are natural number), then what is the value of $(z+1)^{y+x+1}$?

यदि $x^{y+z} = 1$, $y^{x+z} = 1024$ और $z^{x+y} = 729$ (x, y तथा z प्राकृतिक संख्याएं हैं), तो $(z+1)^{y+x+1}$ का मान क्या है ?

- a) 6561 b) 10000 c) 4096 d) 14641

29. If $(3^{33} + 3^{33} + 3^{33})(2^{33} + 2^{33}) = 6^x$, then what is the value of x ?

यदि $(3^{33} + 3^{33} + 3^{33})(2^{33} + 2^{33}) = 6^x$ हो, तो x का क्या मान है ?

- a) 34 b) 35 c) 33 d) 33.5

30. If $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{2}{6} \times \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{4}{10} \times \frac{5}{12} \times \dots \times \frac{31}{64} = \frac{1}{2^x}$, then x equals to

अगर $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{2}{6} \times \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{4}{10} \times \frac{5}{12} \times \dots \times \frac{31}{64} = \frac{1}{2^x}$ है तो $x =$

- a) 31 b) 32 c) 36 d) 37

31. If $3x - y = 3$ what is the value of $\frac{8^x}{2^y} = ?$

यदि $3x - y = 3$ है, $\frac{8^x}{2^y}$ का मान क्या है ?

- a) 2 b) 8
c) 16 d) Data Insufficient

32. If $a = 0.4039$ then $\sqrt{4a^2 - 4a + 1} + 5a = ?$



By Bhutesh Sir;
CAT Topper (98.74%ile)
3 times CGL selected

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अगर $a = 0.4039$ है तो $\sqrt{4a^2 - 4a + 1} + 5a$

का मान:

- a) 2.2117 b) 2.4039 c) 2.8078 d) 1.8273

33. $\sqrt{(1 - \sqrt{3})^2} + \sqrt{(\sqrt{3} - 2)^2} = ?$

- a) 1 b) -1 c) $3 - 2\sqrt{3}$ d) $2\sqrt{3} - 3$

34. If $2 < x < 3$ then $\sqrt{(2-x)^2} + \sqrt{(x-3)^2} = ?$

अगर $2 < x < 3$ है तो $\sqrt{(2-x)^2} + \sqrt{(x-3)^2} = ?$

- a) 1 b) -1 c) $2x - 5$ d) $5 - 2x$

35. $3^x - 3^{x-1} = 486$, $x = ?$

- a) 7 b) 9 c) 5 d) 6

36. If $2^{n-1} + 2^{n+1} = 320$, then the value of n is

अगर $2^{n-1} + 2^{n+1} = 320$ है तो n का मान:

- a) 6 b) 8 c) 5 d) 7

37. If $5^a + 2^{b+1} = 189$ & $5^{a+1} + 2^{b-2} = 633$, then find $a + b$.

यदि $5^a + 2^{b+1} = 189$ और $5^{a+1} + 2^{b-2} = 633$ है, तो $a + b$ ज्ञात करो।

- a) 8 b) 7 c) 10 d) 9

38. If $(x + y + z)^y = a^x$, $(x + y + z)^z = a^y$, $(x + y + z)^x = a^z$ then,

यदि $(x + y + z)^y = a^x$, $(x + y + z)^z = a^y$

$a^y (x + y + z)^x = a^z$ है, तो

- a) Only $(x + y + z) = a$ b) $x = y = z = 2a$
c) $x = y = z = \frac{a}{3}$ d) $x = y = z = a$

39. If $x = y^a$, $y = z^b$ and $z = x^c$, then the value of abc is

यदि $x = y^a$, $y = z^b$ और $z = x^c$ है, तो abc का मान है:

- a) 1 b) 2 c) -1 d) 0

40. If $a^x = b$, $b^y = c$ and $xyz = 1$, then what is the value of c^z ?

यदि $a^x = b$, $b^y = c$ और $xyz = 1$ है, तो c^z का मान क्या होगा ?

- a) a b) b c) ab d) $\frac{a}{b}$

41. If $a^x = b^y = c^z$ and $abc = 1$, then the value of $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{z}$ will be equal to

यदि $a^x = b^y = c^z$ और $abc = 1$ है, तो $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{z}$ का मान बराबर है :

- a) -1 b) 0 c) 1 d) 3

42. If $a^{\frac{1}{m}} = b^{\frac{1}{n}} = c^{\frac{1}{p}}$ and $abc = 1$, then $(m + n + p)$ is equal to

यदि $a^{\frac{1}{m}} = b^{\frac{1}{n}} = c^{\frac{1}{p}}$ और $abc = 1$ है, तो $(m + n + p)$ बराबर है:

- a) 0 b) 2 c) 1 d) -2

43. If $2^x = 3^y = 6^{-z}$ then $(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{z})$ is

अगर $2^x = 3^y = 6^{-z}$ है तो $(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{z}) = ?$

- a) 0 b) 1 c) $\frac{3}{2}$ d) $-\frac{1}{2}$

44. If $4^x = 6^{-y} = 9^z$ then $(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{z})$ is

अगर $4^x = 6^{-y} = 9^z$ है तो $(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{z}) = ?$

- a) 0 b) $-\frac{1}{x}$ c) $-\frac{1}{y}$ d) $-\frac{1}{z}$

45. If $2^x = 3^y = 12^z$ then $(\frac{1}{z} - \frac{1}{y})$ is

अगर $2^x = 3^y = 12^z$ है तो $(\frac{1}{z} - \frac{1}{y}) = ?$

- a) 0 b) $\frac{1}{x}$ c) $\frac{2}{x}$ d) $\frac{3}{x}$

46. $(0.111 \dots)^x = (324)^y = (8)^z$, find the relation between x, y, z .

$(0.111 \dots)^x = (324)^y = (8)^z$ है, x, y, z के बीच सम्बन्ध ज्ञात करो।

- a) $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{2y} = \frac{1}{3z}$ b) $\frac{1}{2x} + \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{z}$



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$$\sqrt{4600 + \sqrt{540 + \sqrt{1280 + \sqrt{250 + \sqrt{36}}}}} ?$$

a) 69 b) 68 c) 70 d) 72

59. Which of the following statement(s) is/are true?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन सत्य है/हैं?

I. $\sqrt{625} + \sqrt[4]{1296} + \sqrt{1024} > 90$

II. $\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{729}} + \sqrt[4]{\sqrt{256}} = 5$

- a) Only I b) Only II
c) Both I and II d) Neither I nor II

60. What is the value of $\sqrt{29.16} + \sqrt{0.2916} + \sqrt{0.002916} + \sqrt{0.0002916} + \sqrt{0.00002916}$ का मान क्या होगा ?

a) 5.9949 b) 5.9894 c) 5.9984 d) 5.9994

61. $(0.04)^{-1.5}$ is equal to $(0.04)^{-1.5}$ बराबर है :

a) 25 b) 125 c) 60 d) 5

62. What is the value of $\frac{\sqrt{0.0032}}{\sqrt{0.32}}$?

$\frac{\sqrt{0.0032}}{\sqrt{0.32}}$ किसके बराबर है ?

a) 0.0001 b) 0.001 c) 0.01 d) 0.1

63. The expression $(\sqrt{2})^{(\sqrt{2})^{(\sqrt{2})}}$ gives

a) A natural number
b) an integer and not a natural number
c) A rational number but not an integer
d) A real number but not a rational number

दिया गया व्यंजक $(\sqrt{2})^{(\sqrt{2})^{(\sqrt{2})}}$ है :

- a) एक प्राकृतिक संख्या
b) एक पूर्णांक पर प्राकृतिक संख्या नहीं
c) एक परिमेय संख्या पर पूर्णांक नहीं
d) एक वास्तविक संख्या पर परिमेय नहीं

64. What is $\frac{5+\sqrt{10}}{5\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{20}-\sqrt{32}+\sqrt{50}}$ equal to ?

$\frac{5+\sqrt{10}}{5\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{20}-\sqrt{32}+\sqrt{50}}$ किसके बराबर है ?

a) 5 b) $5\sqrt{2}$ c) $5\sqrt{5}$ d) $\sqrt{5}$

65. $9\sqrt{x} = \sqrt{12} + \sqrt{147}$, then x =

a) 2 b) 3 c) 9 d) 5

66. Let $x = \sqrt[6]{27} - \sqrt{6\frac{3}{4}}$ and $y = \frac{\sqrt{45} + \sqrt{605} + \sqrt{245}}{\sqrt{80} + \sqrt{125}}$, then the value of $x^2 + y^2$ is:

यदि $x = \sqrt[6]{27} - \sqrt{6\frac{3}{4}}$ और $y = \frac{\sqrt{45} + \sqrt{605} + \sqrt{245}}{\sqrt{80} + \sqrt{125}}$

है, तो $x^2 + y^2$ का मान क्या होगा?

- a) $\frac{223}{36}$ b) $\frac{221}{36}$ c) $\frac{221}{9}$ d) $\frac{227}{9}$

67. $2\sqrt[3]{32} - 3\sqrt{4} + \sqrt[3]{500}$

a) $4\sqrt[3]{6}$ b) $3\sqrt{24}$ c) $6\sqrt[3]{4}$ d) 916

68. Let $\sqrt[3]{a} = \sqrt[3]{26} + \sqrt[3]{7} + \sqrt[3]{63}$ then अगर $\sqrt[3]{a} = \sqrt[3]{26} + \sqrt[3]{7} + \sqrt[3]{63}$ है तो:

a) $a < 729$ but $a > 216$ b) $a < 216$
c) $a > 729$ d) $a = 729$

69. If $3\sqrt[4]{x} + 4\sqrt[4]{x} = 5\sqrt[4]{x}$, then the value of x is:

यदि $3\sqrt[4]{x} + 4\sqrt[4]{x} = 5\sqrt[4]{x}$, तो x का मान है:

a) 4 b) 2 c) 8 d) 16

70. If $5\sqrt[3]{x} + 12\sqrt[3]{x} = 13\sqrt[3]{x}$, then the value of x is:

यदि $5\sqrt[3]{x} + 12\sqrt[3]{x} = 13\sqrt[3]{x}$, तो x का मान है:

a) 2 b) 8 c) 1 d) 4

71. If $2^{x+y-2z} = 8^{8z-5-y}$; $5^{4y-6z} = 25^{y+z}$; $3^{4x-3z} = 9^{x+z}$ then the value of $2x + 3y + 5z$ is:

अगर $2^{x+y-2z} = 8^{8z-5-y}$; $5^{4y-6z} = 25^{y+z}$; $3^{4x-3z} = 9^{x+z}$ तो $2x + 3y + 5z$ का मान है:

a) 56 b) 44 c) 32 d) 28

72. Simplify $(5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5)^5 \times (5 \times 5 \times 5)^5 \div 5 = (125)^?$



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$$(5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5)^5 \times (5 \times 5 \times 5)^5 \div 5 =$$

(125)² को सरल करें।

- a) 15 b) 13 c) 21 d) 14

73. Find the value of $\left(\frac{9^3+9^4+9^5+9^6+9^7}{9^1+9^2+9^3+9^4+9^5}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

$\left(\frac{9^3+9^4+9^5+9^6+9^7}{9^1+9^2+9^3+9^4+9^5}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ का मान ज्ञात करें।

- a) 81 b) 9 c) 729 d) 3

74. If $3^a = 27^b = 81^c$ and $abc = 144$, then the value of $12\left(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{2b} + \frac{1}{5c}\right)$ is:

यदि $3^a = 27^b = 81^c$ और $abc = 144$, तो

$12\left(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{2b} + \frac{1}{5c}\right)$ का मान है:

- a) $\frac{17}{120}$ b) $\frac{18}{10}$ c) $\frac{18}{120}$ d) $\frac{33}{10}$

75. Select the number that will come in place of the question mark (?) in the mathematical statement.

$$(0.064)^{123} \div 0.16^{47} \times 0.4^{34} \times 0.4^{29} = (0.4)^?$$

निम्न समीकरण में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर

कौन-सी संख्या आ सकती है?

$$(0.064)^{123} \div 0.16^{47} \times 0.4^{34} \times 0.4^{29} = (0.4)^?$$

- a) 350 b) 320 c) 338 d) 341

76. If $A = \frac{\sqrt{0.0004} \times \sqrt[3]{0.000008}}{\sqrt[4]{16000} \times \sqrt[3]{125000} \times \sqrt[4]{810}}$ and $B = \frac{\sqrt[3]{0.729} \times \sqrt[4]{0.0016}}{\sqrt{0.16}}$, then what is $A \times B$?

अगर $A = \frac{\sqrt{0.0004} \times \sqrt[3]{0.000008}}{\sqrt[4]{16000} \times \sqrt[3]{125000} \times \sqrt[4]{810}}$ और $B = \frac{\sqrt[3]{0.729} \times \sqrt[4]{0.0016}}{\sqrt{0.16}}$ तो $A \times B$ क्या है?

- a) 7×10^{-7} b) $\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) \times 10^{-8}$
c) 6×10^{-8} d) $\left(\frac{7}{3}\right) \times 10^{-7}$

Answer key

1. D	2. D	3. D	4. A	5. A
6. B	7. A	8. A	9. A	10. A

11. A	12. B	13. C	14. B	15. B
16. A	17. C	18. B	19. C	20. C
21. C	22. A	23. B	24. C	25. D
26. D	27. D	28. B	29. A	30. C
31. B	32. A	33. A	34. A	35. D
36. D	37. A	38. C	39. A	40. A
41. B	42. A	43. A	44. C	45. C
46. A	47. D	48. A	49. C	50. A
51. B	52. A	53. C	54. D	55. *
56. A	57. B	58. B	59. B	60. D
61. B	62. D	63. D	64. D	65. B
66. A	67. C	68. A	69. D	70. B
71. B	72. B	73. B	74. D	75. C
76. C				

Question No – 55

a. $2^{\frac{3}{4}}$	b. $2^{\frac{7}{8}}$	c. $2^{\frac{3}{4}} \times 3^{\frac{5}{8}}$	d. $2^{\frac{15}{16}}$
e. $2^{\frac{9}{4}}$			

Exercise 2

1. Which of the following is greatest?

निम्न से सबसे बड़ा:

- a) $\sqrt{2}$ b) $\sqrt[3]{3}$ c) $\sqrt[4]{4}$ d) $\sqrt[6]{6}$

2. Find the smallest among

$$2^{\frac{1}{12}}, 3^{\frac{1}{18}}, 4^{\frac{1}{24}}, 6^{\frac{1}{36}}, 12^{\frac{1}{72}}$$

$2^{\frac{1}{12}}, 3^{\frac{1}{18}}, 4^{\frac{1}{24}}, 6^{\frac{1}{36}}, 12^{\frac{1}{72}}$ में से सबसे छोटा:

- a) $2^{\frac{1}{12}}$ b) $3^{\frac{1}{18}}$ c) $4^{\frac{1}{24}}$ d) $6^{\frac{1}{36}}$
e) $12^{\frac{1}{72}}$

3. The greatest one of $\sqrt{2}, \sqrt[3]{3}, \sqrt[6]{6}, \sqrt[5]{5}$ is

$\sqrt{2}, \sqrt[3]{3}, \sqrt[6]{6}, \sqrt[5]{5}$ में से सबसे बड़ा:

- a) $\sqrt{2}$ b) $\sqrt[3]{3}$ c) $\sqrt[6]{6}$ d) $\sqrt[5]{5}$

4. The greatest among the numbers

$$\sqrt[2]{8}, \sqrt[4]{13}, \sqrt[5]{16}, \sqrt[10]{41}$$

is:



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$\sqrt[2]{8}, \sqrt[4]{13}, \sqrt[5]{16}, \sqrt[10]{41}$ में से सबसे बड़ी संख्या है :

- a) $\sqrt[4]{13}$ b) $\sqrt[5]{16}$ c) $\sqrt[10]{41}$ d) $\sqrt[2]{8}$

5. The greatest number among $3^{50}, 4^{40}, 5^{30}$ and 15^{20} is

$3^{50}, 4^{40}, 5^{30}$ और 15^{20} में से सबसे बड़ा कौनसा है?

- a) 3^{50} b) 4^{40} c) 5^{30} d) 15^{20}

6. The greatest among $2^{550}, 3^{300}, 5^{250}, 6^{200}$ is

$2^{550}, 3^{300}, 5^{250}, 6^{200}$ में से सबसे बड़ा:

- a) 2^{550} b) 3^{300} c) 5^{250} d) 6^{200}

7. Find the smallest among the following.

निम्न में से सबसे छोटा कौनसा है?

- a) $1 + 3\sqrt{2}$ b) $2 + \sqrt{10}$
c) $3 + \sqrt{5}$ d) $4 + \sqrt{3}$

8. Which of the following statement(s) is/are true?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन सत्य है/हैं?

I. $\sqrt{11} + \sqrt{7} < \sqrt{10} + \sqrt{8}$

II. $\sqrt{17} + \sqrt{11} > \sqrt{15} + \sqrt{13}$

- a) Only I b) Only II
c) Both I and II d) Neither I nor II

9. Which of the following statement(s) is/are TRUE?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन सत्य है/हैं?

I. $\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{5} > \sqrt{7} + \sqrt{3}$

II. $\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{7} > \sqrt{8} + \sqrt{5}$

III. $\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{9} > \sqrt{6} + \sqrt{6}$

- a) Only I
b) Only I and II
c) Only II and III
d) Only I and III

10. Arrange the following expressions in descending order:

P) $2\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{7}$

Q) $3 + \sqrt{6}$

R) $\sqrt{10} + \sqrt{5}$

S) $\sqrt{13} + \sqrt{2}$

निम्न को घटते क्रम में लिखिए:

P) $2\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{7}$

Q) $3 + \sqrt{6}$

R) $\sqrt{10} + \sqrt{5}$

S) $\sqrt{13} + \sqrt{2}$

a) $R > Q > P > S$

b) $P > Q > S > R$

c) $P > Q > R > S$

d) $R > P > S > Q$

11. Arrange the following expressions in descending order:

P) $\sqrt{22} - \sqrt{12}$

Q) $\sqrt{93} - \sqrt{83}$

R) $\sqrt{15} - \sqrt{5}$

S) $\sqrt{37} - \sqrt{27}$

निम्न को अवरोही क्रम में लिखिए:

P) $\sqrt{22} - \sqrt{12}$

Q) $\sqrt{93} - \sqrt{83}$

R) $\sqrt{15} - \sqrt{5}$

S) $\sqrt{37} - \sqrt{27}$

a) $R > S > P > Q$

b) $S > P > R > Q$

c) $P > R > S > Q$

d) $R > P > S > Q$

12. Arrange the following expressions in descending order:

P) $\sqrt{17} - \sqrt{15}$

Q) $2\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{10}$

R) $3 - \sqrt{7}$

S) $\sqrt{19} - \sqrt{17}$

निम्न को अवरोही क्रम में लिखिए:

P) $\sqrt{17} - \sqrt{15}$

Q) $2\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{10}$

R) $3 - \sqrt{7}$

S) $\sqrt{19} - \sqrt{17}$

a) $R > Q > P > S$

b) $S > P > R > Q$

c) $P > R > S > Q$

d) $R > P > S > Q$

13. Which of the following is True

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा सत्य है?



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c) $P > R > S > Q$ d) $S > P > Q > R$

22. If x and y are two positive real numbers and $x^{\frac{1}{3}} = y^{\frac{1}{4}}$, then which of the following relation is true?

अगर x और y दो धनात्मक वास्तविक संख्याएं हैं और $x^{\frac{1}{3}} = y^{\frac{1}{4}}$ है तो निम्न में से कौनसा सही है?

- a) $x^3 = y^4$ b) $x^3 = y$
 c) $x = y^4$ d) $x^{20} = y^{15}$

23. If $\frac{1}{2^1} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{2^3} \dots + \frac{1}{2^{10}} = \frac{1}{k}$, then what is the value of k ?

यदि $\frac{1}{2^1} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{2^3} \dots + \frac{1}{2^{10}} = \frac{1}{k}$ तो k का मान क्या है?

- a) $\frac{512}{511}$ b) $\frac{1024}{1023}$ c) $\frac{511}{512}$ d) $\frac{1023}{1024}$

24. Which is the smallest number among the following ?

निम्न में से सबसे छोटी संख्या कौन - सी है ?

- a) $[(5^{-2})^{-2}]^{-2}$ b) $[(5^{-2})^2]^{-2}$
 c) $[(2^{-5})^{-2}]^{-2}$ d) $[(2^{-5})^2]^{-2}$

Answer key

1. B	2. E	3. B	4. D	5. B
6. C	7. B	8. A	9. B	10. C
11. D	12. A	13. C	14. C	15. C
16. A	17. D	18. A	19. C	20. B
21. A	22. D	23. C	24. C	

Exercise 3

1. If $x = 7 - 4\sqrt{3}$, then the value of $x + \frac{1}{x}$ is

अगर $x = 7 - 4\sqrt{3}$ है तो $x + \frac{1}{x}$ = ?

- a) $3\sqrt{3}$ b) $8\sqrt{3}$ c) $4 + 8\sqrt{3}$ d) 14

2. The value of

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3.25+\sqrt{2.25}}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{4.25+\sqrt{3.25}}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{5.25+\sqrt{4.25}}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{6.25+\sqrt{5.25}}}$$

- is
 a) 1.00 b) 1.25 c) 1.50 d) 2.25

3. The value of $\frac{1}{4-\sqrt{15}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{15}-\sqrt{14}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{14}-\sqrt{13}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{13}-\sqrt{12}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{12}-\sqrt{11}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{11}-\sqrt{10}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}-3} - \frac{1}{3-\sqrt{8}}$ is:

4. $\frac{1}{4-\sqrt{15}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{15}-\sqrt{14}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{14}-\sqrt{13}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{13}-\sqrt{12}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{12}-\sqrt{11}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{11}-\sqrt{10}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}-3} - \frac{1}{3-\sqrt{8}}$ का मान ज्ञात करें।

- a) $4 + 2\sqrt{2}$ b) $2 + 2\sqrt{2}$
 c) $4 - 2\sqrt{2}$ d) $2 - 2\sqrt{2}$

5. $\frac{1}{1+\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{4}+\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{6}}$

- $\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}+\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{8}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}+\sqrt{9}}$
 a) 2 b) 0 c) 4 d) 1

6. If $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{x+1}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{x+2}} + \dots + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+63}+\sqrt{x+64}} = 4$ which of the following is a possible value of x .

यदि $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{x+1}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{x+2}} + \dots + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+63}+\sqrt{x+64}} = 4$ है, निम्नलिखित में से कौन - सा x का संभावित मान है।

- a) 64 b) 36 c) 16 d) 256

7. The simplified form of $\frac{2}{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5}} + \frac{7}{\sqrt{12}-\sqrt{5}} - \frac{5}{\sqrt{12}-\sqrt{7}}$ is

$\frac{2}{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5}} + \frac{7}{\sqrt{12}-\sqrt{5}} - \frac{5}{\sqrt{12}-\sqrt{7}}$ को सरल करिएँ:
 a) 5 b) 2 c) 1 d) 0

8. The value of $\left\{ \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{6}} - \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{6}+\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}} \right\}$ is

- a) $\sqrt{2}$ b) 0 c) $\sqrt{3}$ d) $\sqrt{6}$

9. What is the value of $(2 + \sqrt{2}) + \left(\frac{1}{2+\sqrt{2}}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{2-\sqrt{2}}\right) + (2 - \sqrt{2})$?

$(2 + \sqrt{2}) + \left(\frac{1}{2+\sqrt{2}}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{2-\sqrt{2}}\right) + (2 - \sqrt{2})$ का मान क्या है?

- a) 2 b) 4 c) 8 d) 6



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10. $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{3+\sqrt{2}}} - \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{5+\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{5+\sqrt{3}}}$ is equal to
a) 0 b) $2\sqrt{15}$ c) $2\sqrt{10}$ d) $2\sqrt{6}$

11. The value of $\frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{2-\sqrt{3}}$ is:
 $\frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{2-\sqrt{3}}$ का मान है :
a) 11.732 b) 13.928 c) 12.928 d) 13.925

12. If $\frac{\sqrt{7}-2}{\sqrt{7}+2} = a\sqrt{7} + b$, then the value of $b - a^2$ is
अगर $\frac{\sqrt{7}-2}{\sqrt{7}+2} = a\sqrt{7} + b$ है तो $b - a^2$ का मान:
a) $\frac{17}{9}$ b) $\frac{17}{3}$ c) $\frac{49}{9}$ d) $-\frac{4\sqrt{7}}{3}$

13. If $x = \frac{\sqrt{2}+1}{\sqrt{2}-1}$ and $x - y = 4\sqrt{2}$, then the value of $(x^2 + y^2)$ is:
यदि $x = \frac{\sqrt{2}+1}{\sqrt{2}-1}$ और $x - y = 4\sqrt{2}$ है , तो $(x^2 + y^2)$ का मान है :
a) 30 b) 32 c) 34 d) 38

14. If $x = \sqrt[3]{2 + \sqrt{3}}$ then the value of $x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3} = ?$
अगर $x = \sqrt[3]{2 + \sqrt{3}}$ है तो $x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3} = ?$
a) 8 b) 9 c) 2 d) 4

15. $\frac{4+3\sqrt{3}}{7+4\sqrt{3}}$ is
a) $5\sqrt{3} - 8$ c) $5\sqrt{3} + 8$
b) $8\sqrt{3} + 5$ d) $8\sqrt{3} - 5$

16. The value of $\frac{2\sqrt{10}}{\sqrt{5+\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{7}}} - \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{5}-2}{\sqrt{5}+2}} - \frac{3}{\sqrt{7}-2}$ is:
 $\frac{2\sqrt{10}}{\sqrt{5+\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{7}}} - \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{5}-2}{\sqrt{5}+2}} - \frac{3}{\sqrt{7}-2}$ का मान क्या है?
a) $2 + \sqrt{2}$ b) $2\sqrt{5}$ c) $\sqrt{2}$ d) $\sqrt{7}$

17. What is the value of $\frac{1}{1+\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{1-\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}}$?
 $\frac{1}{1+\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{1-\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}}$ का मान क्या होगा ?
a) 1 b) $\sqrt{2}$ c) $\sqrt{3}$ d) 2

18. If $(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3}) \times k = -12$, then what will be the value of k?

यदि $(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3}) \times k = -12$, तो K का मान क्या होगा?

- a) $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5} + 3$
b) $(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3})(2 - \sqrt{10})$
c) $(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3})(2 + \sqrt{5})$
d) $(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3})(2 - \sqrt{5})$

19. Which of the following can be a rationalizing factor $(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{5})$?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा $(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{5})$ का परिमेकरण गुणांक सकता है?

- a) $(\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{5})\sqrt{6}$
b) $(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{5})\sqrt{6}$
c) $(\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{5})\sqrt{6}$
d) $(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{5})\sqrt{6}$

20. The value of $5\sqrt{3} + 7\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{6} - \frac{23}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{6}}$ is:
 $5\sqrt{3} + 7\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{6} - \frac{23}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{6}}$ का मान है:
a) 0 b) 16 c) 12 d) 10

Answer key

1. D	2. A	3. C	4. C	5. A
6. B	7. D	8. B	9. D	10. A
11. B	12. A	13. C	14. D	15. A
16. C	17. A	18. B	19. D	20. C

Exercise 4

1. If $\sqrt{10 - 2\sqrt{21}} + \sqrt{8 + 2\sqrt{15}} = \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}$, where a and b are positive integers, then the value of \sqrt{ab} is closest to:

अगर $\sqrt{10 - 2\sqrt{21}} + \sqrt{8 + 2\sqrt{15}} = \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}$, जहां a और b सकारात्मक पूर्णांक हैं, तो \sqrt{ab} का मान इसके सबसे करीब है:

- a) 4.6 b) 5.9 c) 6.8 d) 7.2

2. If $\sqrt{28 - 6\sqrt{3}} = \sqrt{3}a + b$, (where a, b are rationales), value of $(a + b)$ is



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अगर $\sqrt{28 - 6\sqrt{3}} = \sqrt{3}a + b$ है तो (जहाँ a, b परिमेय संख्याएं हैं) $(a + b)$ का मान पता करो।

- a) 4 b) -1 c) -2 d) 2

$\sqrt[4]{24 - 16\sqrt{2}} \times \sqrt{4 + 2\sqrt{2}}$: का मान कितना है?

- a) $4\sqrt{2}$ b) $2\sqrt{2}$ c) 4 d) 8

3. The value of $\sqrt{28 + 10\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{7 - 4\sqrt{3}}$ is closest to:

$\sqrt{28 + 10\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{7 - 4\sqrt{3}}$ का मान निम्नलिखित में से किसके सबसे अधिक निकट है?

- a) 7.2 b) 6.1 c) 6.5 d) 3.0

4. Find the value of $\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{3}} + \sqrt{2 - \sqrt{3}}$.

$\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{3}} + \sqrt{2 - \sqrt{3}}$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

- a) $\sqrt{6}$ b) 6 c) $2\sqrt{3}$ d) $2\sqrt{2}$

5. If $x = \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}}$, then the value of $\frac{\sqrt{3}-x}{\sqrt{3}+x}$ (corrected to two decimal places) is:

यदि $x = \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}}$ है, तो $\frac{\sqrt{3}-x}{\sqrt{3}+x}$ का मान ज्ञात करें। (दशमलव के दो स्थानों तक सही)

- a) 0.19 b) 0.25 c) 0.17 d) 0.27

6. If $\frac{\sqrt{38-5\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{26+7\sqrt{3}}} = \frac{a+b\sqrt{3}}{23}$, $b > 0$, then the value of $(b - a)$ is:

यदि $\frac{\sqrt{38-5\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{26+7\sqrt{3}}} = \frac{a+b\sqrt{3}}{23}$, $b > 0$ हो, तो $(b - a)$ का मान कितना होगा?

- a) 7 b) 18 c) 29 d) 11

7. If $\frac{\sqrt{26-7\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{14+5\sqrt{3}}} = \frac{b+a\sqrt{3}}{11}$, $b > 0$, then what is the value of $\sqrt{(b - a)}$?

यदि $\frac{\sqrt{26-7\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{14+5\sqrt{3}}} = \frac{b+a\sqrt{3}}{11}$, $b > 0$ हो, तो $\sqrt{(b - a)}$ का मान कितना होगा?

- a) 5 b) 25 c) 12 d) 9

8. The value of $\sqrt[4]{24 - 16\sqrt{2}} \times \sqrt{4 + 2\sqrt{2}}$:

9. The expression $\sqrt[4]{34 - 24\sqrt{2}} \times \sqrt{4 + 3\sqrt{2}}$ simplifies to:

$\sqrt[4]{34 - 24\sqrt{2}} \times \sqrt{4 + 3\sqrt{2}}$ व्यंजक का सरलतम रूप _____ है।

- a) 4 b) $\sqrt{2}$ c) 2 d) $2\sqrt{2}$

10. If $x = 3 + 2\sqrt{2}$, then value of $\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$ is

अगर $x = 3 + 2\sqrt{2}$ है तो $\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} = ?$

- a) 1 b) $2\sqrt{2}$ c) 2 d) $3\sqrt{3}$

11. If $x = 7 - 4\sqrt{3}$ then $\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$ is

अगर $x = 7 - 4\sqrt{3}$ है तो $\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} = ?$

- a) 1 b) 2 c) 3 d) 4

12. $\sqrt{-\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3 + 8\sqrt{7 + 4\sqrt{3}}}}$

- a) 1 b) 2 c) 3 d) 8

13. If $\sqrt{86 - 60\sqrt{2}} = a - b\sqrt{2}$, then what will be the value of $\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$, correct to one decimal place?

यदि $\sqrt{86 - 60\sqrt{2}} = a - b\sqrt{2}$ है, तो $\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$ का एक दशमलव स्थान तक सही मान क्या होगा?

- a) 8.4 b) 8.2 c) 7.8 d) 7.2

14. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{12-\sqrt{140}}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{8-\sqrt{60}}} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{10+\sqrt{84}}}$

- a) 0 b) 1 c) 2 d) 4

15. If $x = 5 - \sqrt{21}$, find the value of $\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{32-2x-\sqrt{21}}}$

यदि $x = 5 - \sqrt{21}$ तो $\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{32-2x-\sqrt{21}}}$ का मान बताओ।



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- a) $\frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{7})$ b) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{3})$
c) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{3})$ d) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{7})$

$\sqrt{(x+2) + (x+1) + 2\sqrt{(x+2)(x+1)}}$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिये ।

- a) $\sqrt{x+2} - \sqrt{x+1}$ b) $\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x+2}$
c) $\sqrt{2x+3}$ d) None of these

16. The expression $\sqrt{10 + 2(\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{15} - \sqrt{10})}$ is equal to:

व्यंजक $\sqrt{10 + 2(\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{15} - \sqrt{10})}$

निम्नलिखित में से किसके बराबर है?

- a) $\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}$ b) $\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}$
c) $\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}$ d) $\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{5}$

17. Find the value of $\sqrt{21 - 4\sqrt{5} + 8\sqrt{3} - 4\sqrt{15}}$.

$\sqrt{21 - 4\sqrt{5} + 8\sqrt{3} - 4\sqrt{15}}$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिये ।

- a) $2 - \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{12}$ b) $2 + \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{12}$
c) $2 - \sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{3}$ d) $-2 + \sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{3}$

18. If $\sqrt{10 + \sqrt{24} + \sqrt{40} + \sqrt{60}} = \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b} + \sqrt{c}$, then the value of $a + b + c$ is:

यदि $\sqrt{10 + \sqrt{24} + \sqrt{40} + \sqrt{60}} = \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b} + \sqrt{c}$ है, तो $a + b + c$ का मान है :

- a) $\sqrt{10}$ b) 10 c) 11 d) $\sqrt{11}$

19. If

$\sqrt{21 + 3\sqrt{8} - 6\sqrt{3} - 6\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{24} - \sqrt{56} + 2\sqrt{21}} = -\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b} + \sqrt{c} - \sqrt{d}$ and $a < b < c < d$, find $a^{d-c} + b = ?$

अगर

$\sqrt{21 + 3\sqrt{8} - 6\sqrt{3} - 6\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{24} - \sqrt{56} + 2\sqrt{21}} = -\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b} + \sqrt{c} - \sqrt{d}$ है और $a < b < c < d$

है तो $a^{d-c} + b$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिये ।

- a) 5 b) 7 c) 9 d) 12

20. Find the value of

$\sqrt{(x+2) + (x+1) + 2\sqrt{(x+2)(x+1)}}$

21. Find the square root of $\frac{3}{2}(x-1) + \sqrt{2x^2 - 7x - 4} = ?$

$\frac{3}{2}(x-1) + \sqrt{2x^2 - 7x - 4}$ का वर्गमूल ज्ञात कीजिये ।

- a) $\sqrt{2x+1} + \sqrt{x-4}$
b) $\sqrt{2x-1} + \sqrt{x+4}$
c) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\sqrt{2x+1} + \sqrt{x-4})$
d) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\sqrt{2x-1} + \sqrt{x+4})$

22. Find the square root of $a + x + \sqrt{2ax + x^2}$

$a + x + \sqrt{2ax + x^2}$ का वर्गमूल ज्ञात कीजिये ।

- a) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{2a+x})$
b) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{a+2x})$
c) $(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{2a+x})$
d) $(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{a+2x})$

Answer key

1. B	2. D	3. C	4. A	5. D
6. C	7. A	8. B	9. B	10. C
11. D	12. B	13. C	14. A	15. D
16. A	17. C	18. B	19. B	20. B
21. C	22. A			