

SIMPLIFICATION

सरलीकरण

Class Notes by Aditya Ranjan Sir

	Pre	Mains
✓ Simplification	(2-3)	(3-4)
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Simplification

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CONCEPT-01 (BODMAS Rule)

This rule is the basic principle of solving algebraic or numerical expressions.

BODMAS

यह नियम बीजगणितीय या संख्यात्मक व्यंजकों को हल करने का मूल सिद्धांत है।

Order to solve/हल करने के क्रम

B → Bracket (कोष्ठक)

O → of (का)

D → Division (भाग)

M → Multiplication (गुणा)

A → Addition (जोड़)

S → Subtraction (घटाव)

$$2+3 \times 2-4$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \underline{2+3} \times 2-4 \\ &= \underline{5} \times 2-4 \\ &= \underline{10-4} \\ &= \underline{6} \end{aligned}$$

$$2+3 \times 2-4$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 2+6-4 \\ &= 8-4 \\ &= 4 \quad \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

~~BODMAS~~

V/BODMAS

V → Viniculam/Bar

B → Bracket

Ex:- $2+3 \times 4 + \overline{5-3}$

$$= 2 + 3 \times 4 + 2$$

$$= 2 + 12 + 2$$

$$= \underline{\underline{16}}$$

()

{ }

[]

Ex:- $[2 + \{3 - 5(2+3)\}]$

$$= [2 + \{3 - 5 \times 5\}]$$

$$= [2 - 22]$$

$$= \underline{\underline{-20}}$$

Types of Bracket & Solving order

कोष्ठक के प्रकार एवं हल करने के क्रम

- (i) — → **Vinculum/Line/Bar bracket** (रेखा कोष्ठक)
- (ii) $()$ → **Small bracket** (छोटा कोष्ठक)
- (iii) $\{ \}$ → **Curly bracket** (मंझला कोष्ठक)
- (iv) $[]$ → **Square bracket** (बड़ा कोष्ठक)

✓✓✓✓✓ ✓BODMAS

$$\textcircled{1}. 14 + 3 \times 2 - 4 \div \overline{2 \times 7}$$

$$= 14 + 3 \times 2 - 4 \div 14$$

$$= 14 + 3 \times 2 - \overset{2}{4} \times \frac{1}{14}$$

$$= 14 + 6 - \frac{2}{7}$$

$$= 20 - \frac{2}{7}$$

$$= \frac{140 - 2}{7}$$

$$= \frac{138}{7}$$

$$\textcircled{1}. 2 + 3 \text{ of } 7 + (4 - 2) \times 5 \div \overline{2 + 3}$$

$$= 2 + 3 \text{ of } 7 + (4 - 2) \times 5 \div 5$$

$$= 2 + 3 \text{ of } 7 + 2 \times 5 \div 5$$

$$= 2 + 21 + 2 \times 5 \div 5$$

$$= 2 + 21 + \underline{2 \times 1}$$

$$= 2 + 21 + 2$$

$$= \underline{\underline{25}}$$

$$\textcircled{1}. \underbrace{(222+111)}_{333} \div 37 + 24 \times \underbrace{2-1}_1$$

$$= \underbrace{333 \div 37}_{9} + \underbrace{24 \times 1}_{24}$$

$$= 9 + 24$$

$$= \underline{\underline{33}}$$

✓✓
BÖDMAS

✓✓✓✓✓
BODMAS

1. The value of $11 \times 11 + 11 \div 11 - 11 \times 11 + 11 + 11 \times 11 - 11 - 11 \times 11$ is:

$11 \times 11 + 11 \div 11 - 11 \times 11 + 11 + 11 \times 11 - 11 - 11 \times 11$ का मान क्या है?

SSC CPO 03/10/2023 (Shift-01)

- (a) 121
- (c) 11

- (b) 0
- (d) 1

$$\begin{aligned} & \overbrace{11 \times 11}^{121} + \overbrace{11 \div 11}^1 - \overbrace{11 \times 11}^{121} + 11 + \overbrace{11 \times 11}^{121} - 11 - \overbrace{11 \times 11}^{121} \\ = & \cancel{121} + 1 - \cancel{121} + \cancel{11} + \cancel{121} - \cancel{11} - \cancel{121} \\ = & \underline{\underline{1}} \end{aligned}$$

2. Evaluate the following $5 - [96 \div 4 \text{ of } 3 - (16 - 55 \div 5)]$.

$5 - [96 \div 4 \text{ of } 3 - (16 - 55 \div 5)]$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

(a) 0

(b) 3

(c) 2

(d) 4

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 5 - [96 \div 12 - 5] \\
 &= 5 - [8 - 5] \\
 &= 5 - 3 \\
 &= 2
 \end{aligned}$$

✓ BODMAS

3. Simplify the given expression.

दिए गए व्यंजक का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

$$18 \div \overbrace{3 \times 2}^6 \times 5 + 72 \div \overbrace{18 \div 2}^{36} \times 3 - \overbrace{4 \div 8}^{4 \times \frac{1}{8}} \times 2$$

✓ SSC CGL 14/07/2023 (Shift-4)

✓ (a) 20

(b) $\frac{20}{3}$

(c) $\frac{25}{3}$

(d) 25

$$\begin{aligned} & (3 \times 5) + (2 \times 3) - \left(4 \times \frac{1}{8} \times 2 \right) \\ &= 15 + 6 - 1 \\ &= 20 \end{aligned}$$

✓✓✓
BODMAS

4. Simplify

निम्नलिखित का मान ज्ञात करें।

$2.5 \times [144 \div 198 \times \{121 \times 81 \div (\cancel{11} \times \cancel{9})\}]$

99

✓ SSC CGL 17/07/2023 (Shift-01)

- (a) 180
(c) 185

- (b) 175
(d) 190

$$2.5 \times [144 \div 198 \times \{ \overset{11}{\cancel{121}} \times \overset{9}{\cancel{81}} \times \frac{1}{\cancel{11} \times \cancel{9}} \}]$$
$$= 2.5 \times [144 \div 198 \times 99]$$
$$= 2.5 \times \left[\overset{72}{\cancel{144}} \times \frac{1}{\cancel{198} \times 2} \times 99 \right]$$
$$= 2.5 \times 72$$
$$= 180$$

5. Simplify./निम्न का मान ज्ञात करें।

$$325 + 276 \div [150 - \{9 \times 9 + (\underline{83} - \overset{60}{\cancel{4 \times 15}})\}]$$

SSC CGL 20/07/2023 (Shift-03)

(a) 332

(b) 333

(c) 334

(d) 331

~~BODMAS~~

$$\rightarrow 325 + 276 \div [150 - \{9 \times 9 + 83\}]$$

$$= 325 + 276 \div [150 - 104]$$

$$= 325 + 276 \div 46$$

$$= 325 + 6$$

$$= 331$$

6. If $(48 \div 72 \times 3) - [15 \div 8 \times (40 - 32) - 10] + 2P = 6 \div 2$, then find the value of P?

यदि $(48 \div 72 \times 3) - [15 \div 8 \times (40 - 32) - 10] + 2P = 6 \div 2$, तो P का मान ज्ञात कीजिए?

SSC CPO 03/10/2023 (Shift-3)

(a) 2

(b) 4

(c) 1

(d) 3

$$\begin{aligned} & (48 \div 72 \times 3) - [15 \div 8 \times (40 - 32) - 10] + 2P = 6 \div 2 \\ \Rightarrow & \left(\frac{48}{72} \times 1 \times 3 \right) - [15 \div 8 \times 8 - 10] + 2P = 3 \\ \Rightarrow & 2 - [15 \times 1 \times 8 - 10] + 2P = 3 \\ \Rightarrow & 2 - 5 + 2P = 3 \\ \Rightarrow & 2P = 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{13}{3} + \frac{10}{3} \times \frac{9}{5} \div \frac{15}{4} \times \left(\frac{3}{2} + \frac{4}{3} \right) \right)}{\left(\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{26}{5} \times \frac{2}{3} \right)}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{13}{3} + \frac{10}{3} \times \frac{9}{5} \times \frac{4}{15} \times \frac{17}{6}}{\left(\frac{8}{15} \right)}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{5 \times 13}{5 \times 3} + \frac{68}{15}}{\frac{8}{15}} = \frac{133}{8} = 16 \frac{5}{8}$$

7. Find the value of the given expression.

नीचे दिए गए व्यंजक का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

$$\frac{\left(4\frac{1}{3} + 3\frac{1}{3} \times 1\frac{4}{5} \div 3\frac{3}{4} \times \left(1\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{3} \right) \right)}{\left(\frac{2}{3} \div \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{2}{3} \right)}$$

$$= \frac{3\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{3}}{2 \times \frac{4}{3}} = \frac{9+8}{6} = \frac{17}{6}$$

(a) $11\frac{3}{8}$

(c) $14\frac{3}{8}$

(b) $10\frac{3}{8}$

(d) $16\frac{5}{8}$

SSC CHSL 10/08/2023 (Shift-2)

8. Simplify the following expression

दिए गए व्यंजक सरल कीजिए।

$$25 - [16 - \{14 - (18 - \overline{8 + 3})\}]$$

☒ (a) 16

(b) 18

(c) 15

(d) 20

$$\begin{aligned} & 25 - [16 - \{14 - (18 - 11)\}] \\ &= 25 - [16 - \{14 - 7\}] \\ &= 25 - [16 - 7] \\ &= 25 - 9 \\ &= 16 \end{aligned}$$

9. Simplify:

निम्न का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

$$3\frac{1}{3} - \left\{ 4\frac{1}{3} + \left(3\frac{1}{3} \div 2\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{3} \right) \right\}$$

SSC CPO 04/10/2023 (Shift-01)

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{10}{3} - \left\{ \frac{13}{3} + \left(\frac{10}{3} \div \frac{7}{3} - \frac{1}{3} \right) \right\} \\ &= \frac{10}{3} - \left\{ \frac{13}{3} + \left(\frac{10}{3} \div \frac{6}{3} \right) \right\} \\ &= \frac{10}{3} - \left\{ \frac{13}{3} + \frac{10 \times 3}{3 \times 6} \right\} \\ &= \frac{10}{3} - \left\{ \frac{13}{3} + \frac{5}{3} \right\} \\ &= \frac{10}{3} - \frac{18}{3} = -\frac{8}{3} \end{aligned}$$

☒ (a) $-\frac{8}{3}$

(b) $-\frac{1}{3}$

(c) $\frac{2}{3}$

(d) $\frac{1}{3}$

$$3\frac{1}{3} = \frac{10}{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= \frac{13}{4} \times \frac{17}{4} \div 34 - \frac{47}{32} + \frac{47}{16} \\
 &= \frac{13}{4} \times \cancel{17} \times \frac{1}{\cancel{2} \cancel{34}} - \frac{47}{32} + \frac{94}{32} \\
 &= \frac{13}{32} + \frac{47}{32} = \left(\frac{60}{32} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 B &= \frac{5}{2} + \frac{11}{2} \div 55 - \frac{11}{10} \\
 &= \frac{5}{2} + \frac{11}{2} \times \frac{1}{\cancel{55}} - \frac{11}{10} \\
 &= \frac{5}{2} + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{11}{10} \\
 &= \frac{5}{2} + \frac{5}{10} - \frac{11}{10} = \left(\frac{3}{2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

10. If $A = 3\frac{1}{4} \times 4\frac{1}{4} \div 34 - \frac{47}{32} + \frac{47}{16}$ and $B = 2\frac{1}{2} + 5\frac{1}{2} \div 55 - \frac{11}{10}$ then what is the value of $A - B$?

यदि $A = 3\frac{1}{4} \times 4\frac{1}{4} \div 34 - \frac{47}{32} + \frac{47}{16}$ तथा

$B = 2\frac{1}{2} + 5\frac{1}{2} \div 55 - \frac{11}{10}$ हो, तो $A - B$ का मान क्या है?

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\frac{60}{32} - \frac{3}{2} \\
 &= \frac{12}{32} - \frac{3}{8} = \frac{3}{8}
 \end{aligned}$$

- (a) $\frac{5}{8}$
- (b) 1
- (c) 0
- (d) $\frac{3}{8}$

✓ (d) $\frac{3}{8}$

CONCEPT-02

(A)

$$\mathbf{a^2 + b^2 = (a + b)^2 - 2ab}$$

$$\mathbf{a^2 + b^2 = (a - b)^2 + 2ab}$$

$$\mathbf{a^2 - b^2 = (a + b)(a - b)}$$

$$\frac{a^2 - b^2}{0.24}$$

$$= \frac{51.10 \times 9.60}{100 \times 24}$$

$$= \underline{204}$$

11. Simplify the following expression.

निम्नलिखित व्यंजक का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

$$\frac{a^2 - b^2}{0.24}$$

$$= \frac{7.35^2 - 2.25^2}{0.24}$$

SSC CGL 27/07/2023 (Shift-3)

- (a) 204
(c) 225

- (b) 320
(d) 304

$$a^2 - b^2 = (a - b)(a + b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(a+b)^2 + (a-b)^2}{a^2 + b^2} \\ &= \frac{a^2 + b^2 + \cancel{2ab} + a^2 + b^2 - \cancel{2ab}}{a^2 + b^2} \\ &= \frac{\cancel{2(a^2 + b^2)}}{\cancel{(a^2 + b^2)}} \\ &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

12. Simplify:

निम्न को सरल कीजिए।

$$\frac{(\overset{a}{379} + \overset{b}{276})^2 + (379 - 276)^2}{379 \times 379 + 276 \times 276}$$

SSC CHSL 11/08/2023 (Shift-2)

☒ (a) 2
(c) 103

(b) 655
(d) 1

$$(a+b)^2 + (a-b)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + \cancel{2ab} + a^2 + b^2 - \cancel{2ab} = 2(a^2 + b^2)$$

$$\begin{aligned}(a+b)^2 - (a-b)^2 &= (a^2 + b^2 + 2ab) - (a^2 + b^2 - 2ab) \\&= \cancel{a^2} + \cancel{b^2} + 2ab - \cancel{a^2} - \cancel{b^2} + 2ab \\&= \underline{2 \times 2ab}\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a+b)^2 + (a-b)^2}{a^2 + b^2}$$

$$= \frac{2(a^2 + b^2)}{(a^2 + b^2)}$$

12. Simplify:

निम्न को सरल कीजिए।

$$\frac{(379 + 276)^2 + (379 - 276)^2}{379 \times 379 + 276 \times 276}$$

SSC CHSL 11/08/2023 (Shift-2)

(a) 2

(c) 103

(b) 655

(d) 1

13. Simplify the given expression.

दिए गए व्यंजक का सलीकरण करें।

$$\frac{(a+b)^2 - (a-b)^2}{(326+222)^2 - (326-222)^2}$$

(326×222)
 $a \times b$

SSC CGL 18/07/2023 (Shift-01)

(a) 1

(c) 3

☒ (b) 4

(d) 2

$\rightarrow = \frac{2 \times 2ab}{ab}$

$$\frac{a^2+b^2+2ab}{a^2-b^2} + \frac{\cancel{0.5}}{\cancel{1.5}} \frac{1}{3}$$

$$= \frac{\cancel{(a+b)}(a+b)}{(a-b)\cancel{(a+b)}} + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$= \frac{\cancel{10} \cancel{0.500}}{\cancel{0.180} \cancel{3}} + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$= \frac{10}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{11}{3}$$

14. The value of/का मान ज्ञात करें। $2ab$

$$\frac{0.325 \times 0.325 + 0.175 \times 0.175 + 25 \times 0.00455}{5 \times 0.0065 \times 3.25 - 7 \times 0.175 \times 0.025} + \frac{0.5}{1.5}$$

SSC CPO 24/11/2020 (Shift-1)

- (a) $\frac{11}{3}$

(c) 0

(b) 3

(d) $\frac{7}{3}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0.325 \\ + 0.175 \\ \hline 0.500 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0.325 \\ - 0.175 \\ \hline 0.150 \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{a^2 - b^2}{a^2 + b^2 + 2ab} = 1 - k$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{(a-b)(a+b)}{(a+b)(a+b)} = 1 - k$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\overset{334}{\cancel{2.338}}}{\cancel{7.000}} = 1 - k$$

1000

$$\Rightarrow 0.334 = 1 - k$$

$$\Rightarrow k = 1 - 0.334$$

$$k = 0.666 \quad \checkmark$$

15. The value of

$$\frac{\overset{a}{4.669} \times \overset{a}{4.669} - \overset{b^2}{9 \times (0.777)^2}}{\underbrace{(\overset{a^2}{4.669})^2 + (\overset{b^2}{2.331})^2 + \underbrace{14(0.667)(2.331)}_{2ab}}}_{\text{where } k = ?} \text{ is } (1 - k),$$

$$\frac{4.669 \times 4.669 - 9 \times (0.777)^2}{(4.669)^2 + (2.331)^2 + 14(0.667)(2.331)} \text{ का मान } (1 - k) \text{ है, जिसमें } k = ?$$

SSC CPO 11/12/2019 (Shift-02)

- (a) ☒ 0.666
(c) 0.467

- (b) 0.647
(d) 0.768

$$\frac{(0.13)^2 + (0.21)^2}{(0.39)^2 + 81(0.07)^2}$$

16. The value of $\frac{a^2+b^2}{(3a)^2+(3b)^2} \div \frac{[(2.4)^2]^2 + 2 \times (2.4)^2 \times 3 + (3)^2}{[(2.4)^2]^3 + 2 \times 3 \times [(2.4)^2]^2 + 3 \times (2.4)^2 \times 3}$ lies between: / का मान किसके बीच स्थित है?

$$= \frac{a^2+b^2}{9a^2+9b^2} \div \frac{c^2+2cd+d^2}{c^3+2cd^2+c^2d}$$

$$= \frac{\cancel{a^2+b^2}}{9(\cancel{a^2+b^2})} \div \frac{\cancel{c^2+2cd+d^2}}{c(\cancel{c^2+2cd+d^2})}$$

$$= \frac{1}{9} \times \frac{c}{1} = \frac{1}{9} \times \frac{8}{10} = \frac{8}{90} = \frac{4}{45} \approx 0.088$$

$$\frac{(2.4)^4 + 3 \times 2.4 \times 2.4 \times 2 + (3)^2}{(2.4)^6 + 6(2.4)^4 + 3 \times 17.28}$$

$$\text{let } (2.4)^2 = c$$

$$3 = d$$

$$17.28 = 2.4 \times 2.4 \times 3$$

SSC CPO 12/12/2019 (Shift-01)

(a) 0.7 and 0.8

(12) (b) 0.4 and 0.5

(c) 0.6 and 0.7

(d) 0.5 and 0.6

(B)

$$\mathbf{a^3 + b^3 = (a + b)(a^2 - ab + b^2)}$$

$$\mathbf{a^3 - b^3 = (a - b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)}$$

$$(a^3+b^3)=(a+b)(a^2+b^2-ab)$$

$$(a^3-b^3)=(a-b)(a^2+b^2+ab)$$

$$\frac{a^2+b^2-ab}{a^3+b^3}$$

$$= \frac{\cancel{(a^2+b^2-ab)}}{(a+b)\cancel{(a^2+b^2-ab)}} = \frac{1}{(a+b)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{679}$$

17. Simplify the given expression.

दिए गए व्यंजक का सरलीकरण करें।

$$\frac{a \times a \times a + b \times b \times b - a \times b}{a^3 + b^3 - ab}$$

$$= \frac{432 \times 432 \times 432 + 247 \times 247 \times 247 - 432 \times 247}{432^3 + 247^3 - 432 \times 247}$$

SSC CGL 19/07/2023 (Shift-01)

(a) $\frac{1}{259}$

(b) $\frac{1}{185}$

✓ (c) $\frac{1}{679}$

(d) $\frac{1}{450}$

$$(0.1)^1 = 0.1$$

$$(0.1)^2 = 0.01$$

$$(0.1)^3 = 0.001$$

$$(0.1)^4 = 0.0001$$

$$\frac{a^3 - b^3}{a^2 + ab + b^2}$$
$$= \frac{(a-b)(\cancel{a^2 + b^2 + ab})}{(\cancel{a^2 + b^2 + ab})}$$
$$= 0.73$$

18. Simplify: $\frac{(0.83)^3 - (0.1)^3}{(0.83)^2 + 0.083 + 0.01} = ?$

समीकरण $\frac{\overset{a}{(0.83)}^3 - \overset{b}{(0.1)}^3}{(\overset{a}{0.83})^2 + 0.083 + (\overset{b}{0.1})^2} = ?$

SSC CHSL 14/08/2023 (Shift-2)

- (a) 0.98
(c) 0.93

- (b) 0.27
(d) 0.73

$$\begin{array}{r} 0.83 \\ - 0.10 \\ \hline 0.73 \end{array}$$

19. The value of/का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

$$\frac{\overset{a^3}{(0.013)^3} + \overset{b \times b^2}{(0.007)(0.000049)}}{(0.007)^2 + 0.013(0.013 - 0.007)}$$

SSC CPO 13/12/2019 (Shift-02)

(a) 0.07

✓ (b) 0.02

(c) 0.06

(d) 0.04

$$\frac{a^3 + b^3}{b^2 + a(a-b)} = \frac{(a+b)(\cancel{a^2 + b^2 - ab})}{(\cancel{b^2 + a^2 - ab})} = 0.020$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0.013 \\ 0.007 \\ \hline 0.020 \end{array}$$

m-1

$$\frac{a^3 + b^3}{\frac{a}{10} \times \frac{a}{10} + \frac{b^2}{100} - \frac{ab}{100}}$$

$$= \frac{(a+b) \cancel{(a^2 + b^2 - ab)}}{\frac{1}{100} \cancel{(a^2 + b^2 - ab)}}$$

$$= 100(a+b)$$

$$= 100 \times 1000$$

$$= \underline{100000}$$

20.

$$\frac{\overset{a}{675} \times \overset{a}{675} \times \overset{a}{675} + \overset{b}{325} \times 325 \times 325}{\underset{10}{67.5} \times \underset{10}{67.5} + \underset{10}{32.5} \times \underset{10}{32.5} - \underset{10}{67.5} \times \underset{10}{32.5}} \text{ is equal to:}$$

$$\frac{675 \times 675 \times 675 + 325 \times 325 \times 325}{67.5 \times 67.5 + 32.5 \times 32.5 - 67.5 \times 32.5}$$

निम्नलिखित में से किसके बराबर है:

(a) 100

(c) 1,000

(b) 10,000

✓ (d) 1,00,000

20. $\frac{675 \times 675 \times 675 + 325 \times 325 \times 325}{67.5 \times 67.5 + 32.5 \times 32.5 - 67.5 \times 32.5}$ is equal to:

$$\frac{675 \times 675 \times 675 + 325 \times 325 \times 325}{67.5 \times 67.5 + 32.5 \times 32.5 - 67.5 \times 32.5}$$

निम्नलिखित में से किसके बराबर है:

- (a) 100
- (b) 10,000
- (c) 1,000
- ✓ (d) 1,00,000

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{[a^3 + b^3] \times 100}{a^2 + b^2 - ab} \\ &= \frac{(a+b)(a^2 + b^2 - ab) \times 100}{(a^2 + b^2 - ab)} = 1000 \times 100 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{[a^3 + b^3] \times 100}{a^2 - ab + b^2} = 5 \times 10^k$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{(a+b)(\cancel{a^2+b^2-ab}) \times 100}{\cancel{(a^2+b^2-ab)}} = 5 \times 10^k$$

$$\Rightarrow 50000 = 5 \times 10^k$$

$$\Rightarrow 5 \times 10^4 = 5 \times 10^k$$

$$k = 4$$

21. The value of $\frac{(251)^3 + (249)^3}{25.1 \times 25.1 - 624.99 + 24.9 \times 24.9}$ is 5×10^k , where the value of k is ____.

$$\frac{100 \times \overset{a}{(251)}^3 + \overset{b}{(249)}^3}{\underbrace{25.1 \times 25.1}_{\text{है, जहाँ } k \text{ का मान } \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ है।}} - 624.99 + 24.9 \times 24.9}$$

का मान 5×10^k ,

- ✓ (a) 4
(c) 3

- (b) 5
(d) 6

(C)

If $a + b + c = 0$

then $\Rightarrow a^3 + b^3 + c^3 = 3abc$

$$(2)^3 + (3)^3 + (-5)^3 = 3 \times (2)(3)(-5)$$

$$= 8 + 27 - 125$$

$$= 35 - 125$$

$$= -90 \checkmark$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} = 8 + 27 - 125 \\ = 35 - 125 \\ = -90 \checkmark \end{array} \right\} -90 \checkmark$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \times 0.37 \times 3 \times 0.41 \times 0.13}{(0.37)^3 + (0.41)^3 + (-2 \times 0.39)^3} \\
 &= \frac{\cancel{0.37} \times \cancel{0.41} \times \cancel{0.41} \times 0.13}{3 \times \cancel{0.37} \times \cancel{0.41} \times (-0.78)} \\
 &= \frac{1}{(-3)} = -\frac{1}{3}
 \end{aligned}$$

22. What is the value of/का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

$$\frac{0.74 \times 1.23 \times 0.13}{(0.37)^3 + (0.41)^3 - 8(0.39)^3}$$

SSC CPO 11/12/2019 (Shift-01)

(a) $-\frac{1}{3}$

(b) 1

(c) -1

(d) $\frac{1}{3}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (2)^3 &= 8 & (-2)^3 &= -8 \\
 (3)^3 &= 27 & (-3)^3 &= -27
 \end{aligned}$$

22. What is the value of/का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

$$\frac{0.74 \times 1.23 \times 0.13}{(0.37)^3 + (0.41)^3 - 8(0.39)^3}$$

SSC CPO 11/12/2019 (Shift-01)

$$\frac{abc}{3ab(-c)} = -\frac{1}{3}$$

✓ (a) $-\frac{1}{3}$

(b) 1

(c) -1

(d) $\frac{1}{3}$

$$(2)^3 = 8$$

$$(3)^3 = 27$$

$$\frac{a^3+b^3+c^3-3abc}{a^2+b^2+c^2-ab-bc-ac}$$

$$= \frac{(a+b+c) \cancel{(a^2+b^2+c^2-ab-bc-ac)}}{\cancel{(a^2+b^2+c^2-ab-bc-ac)}}$$

$$= 7.247$$

23. Simplify/सरल करें:

$$\frac{\overset{a}{(3.321)}^3 + \overset{b}{(2.681)}^3 + \overset{c}{(1.245)}^3}{(3.321)^2 + (2.681)^2 + (1.245)^2 - 3 \times 3.321 \times 2.681 \times 1.245}$$

$$= \frac{(3.321)^3 + (2.681)^3 + (1.245)^3 - (3.321 \times 2.681) - (2.681 \times 1.245) - (1.245 \times 3.321)}{(3.321)^2 + (2.681)^2 + (1.245)^2 - 3 \times 3.321 \times 2.681 \times 1.245}$$

SSC CHSL 04/08/2023 Shift-01

(a) 6.125

(b) 8.645

✓ (c) 7.247

(d) 10.245

✓ $a^3+b^3+c^3-3abc = (a+b+c) [a^2+b^2+c^2-ab-bc-ac]$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3.321 \\ 2.681 \\ 1.245 \\ \hline 7.247 \end{array}$$

24. Simplify the given expression.

$$\frac{\overset{a}{(80)} \times 80 \times 80 + \overset{b}{(70)} \times 70 \times 70 + \overset{c}{(50)} \times 50 \times 50 - \overset{3abc}{840000}}{6400 + 4900 + 2500 - 5600 - 3500 - 4000}$$

दिए गए व्यंजक को सरल कीजिए।

SSC CHSL 10/08/2023 (Shift-01)

(a) 100

(c) 400

✓ (b) 200

(d) 300

$$\frac{a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc}{a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - ab - bc - ac} = \frac{(a+b+c)(a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - ab - bc - ac)}{(a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - ab - bc - ac)} = 200$$

① Timing -

11:45 11:40 11:30 → advance (Simplification)

6:30 → arithmetic (∴)

Champions Doubt Group

8506003399

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{a^3 + b^3}{25(a^2 - ab + b^2)} \\
 &= \frac{(a+b)(\cancel{a^2 + b^2 - ab})}{25(\cancel{a^2 + b^2 - ab})} \\
 &= \frac{0.013}{25} \times \frac{1}{1000} \\
 &= \frac{13}{25} \times 10^{-3}
 \end{aligned}$$

25. Simplify the following.

निम्नलिखित का सरलीकरण कीजिए।

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\overset{a}{\underbrace{0.01} \times 0.01 \times 0.01} + 0.003 \times \overset{b}{\underbrace{0.003} \times 0.003} \\
 &\frac{0.05 \times 0.05 - 0.015 \times 0.05 + 0.015 \times 0.015}{25(0.01 \times 0.01 - 0.003 \times 0.01 + 0.003 \times 0.003)}
 \end{aligned}$$

SSC CGL 24/07/2023 (Shift-3)

(a) $\frac{13}{25} \times 10^3$

(b) $\frac{13}{15} \times 10^{-3}$

(c) $\frac{13}{15} \times 10^3$

✓ (d) $\frac{13}{25} \times 10^{-3}$

Bar Type Questions

proof

$$\textcircled{1}. x = 0.\overline{7}$$

✓ $0.\overline{7}$

✓ $0.\overline{73}$

$0.7\overline{3}$

$0.23\overline{5}$

$0.2\overline{35}$

$\overline{2}.15$

Ans $x = 0.777777 \dots \infty$ — (i)

$\rightarrow 10x = 7.777777 \dots \infty$

$\Rightarrow 10x = 7 + 0.777777 \dots \infty$

$\Rightarrow 10x = 7 + x$

$\Rightarrow 9x = 7$

$\Rightarrow x = \frac{7}{9}$

Trick:

$$0.\overline{7} = \frac{7}{9}$$

Type 1:

$$0.\overline{23} = \frac{23}{99}$$

$$0.\overline{475} = \frac{475}{999}$$

$$0.\overline{3112} = \frac{3112}{9999}$$

$$0.\overline{237} = \frac{237}{999}$$

CONCEPT-03 (Bar Type Questions)

26. Convert $0.7777\ldots\infty$ into fraction

दशमलव $0.7777\ldots\infty$ को भिन्न में बदलें

$$= 0.\overline{7}$$

$$= \frac{7}{9}$$

✓ (a) $\frac{7}{9}$

(b) $\frac{7}{3}$

(c) $\frac{7}{10}$

(d) $\frac{77}{99}$

27. Convert $0.535353\ldots\infty$ into fraction

दशमलव $0.535353\ldots\infty$ को भिन्न में बदलें

✓ (a) $\frac{53}{99}$

(b) $\frac{53}{49}$

(c) $\frac{53}{100}$

(d) $\frac{53}{59}$

$= 0.\underline{53}\underline{53}\underline{53} \dots \infty$

$= 0.\overline{53}$

$= \frac{53}{99}$

Type 2:

$$0.2\overline{35}$$

Trick: $\frac{235-2}{990}$

$$= \frac{233}{990}$$

$$0.2\overline{39}$$

$$\frac{239-2}{990}$$

$$= \frac{237}{990}$$

$$0.1\overline{18}$$

$$\frac{118-11}{900}$$

$$= \frac{107}{900}$$

$$0.2\overline{47}$$

$$\frac{247-2}{990}$$

$$= \left(\frac{245}{990} \right)$$

28. Convert it into vulgar fraction

$0.5\overline{87}$

$$\frac{587-5}{990} \\ = \frac{\cancel{582}}{990} + \frac{97}{165}$$

(a) $\frac{93}{167}$

(c) $\frac{95}{167}$

✓ (b) $\frac{97}{165}$

(d) $\frac{91}{165}$

CISF HCM 30/10/2023 Shift-01

$$x = 0.01\overline{23}$$

Basic

$$x = 0.01\overline{23232323} \dots \infty$$

$$\begin{aligned} 100x &= 1.\overline{232323} \dots \infty \quad \text{--- (i)} \\ &= 1 + 0.\overline{23} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 10000x &= 123.\overline{232323} \dots \infty \quad \text{--- (ii)} \\ &= 123 + 0.\overline{23} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{(ii)} - \text{(i)}$$

$$9900x = 122$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{122}{9900} \quad \checkmark$$

Trick:

$$x = 0.01\overline{23}$$

$$\text{Ans} = \frac{0123 - 01}{9900}$$

$$= \frac{122}{9900} \quad \checkmark$$

$$0.06\overline{54}$$

$$= \frac{654 - 6}{9900}$$

$$= \frac{\cancel{648} \cancel{72} 18}{\cancel{9900} \cancel{100} 275}$$

29. Correct expression of $0.06\overline{54}$. (the bar indicates repeating decimal)

$0.06\overline{54}$ का सही व्यंजक है (बार दशमलव की पुनरावृत्ति को दर्शाता है):

NTPC CBT-2 19/01/2017 (Shift-1)

(a) $\frac{654}{1000}$

(b) $\frac{654}{10000}$

✓ (c) $\frac{18}{275}$

(d) $\frac{18}{277}$

Type 3:

$$x = 1.2\overline{34}$$

$$= 1 + 0.2\overline{34}$$

$$= 1 + \left(\frac{234-2}{990} \right)$$

$$= 1 + \frac{232}{990}$$

$$= \frac{990+232}{990}$$

$$= \frac{1222}{990}$$

Trick: $\frac{1234-12}{990} = \frac{1222}{990}$

$$\textcircled{1}. 4.3\overline{52}$$

$$\underline{\text{Ans}} \quad \frac{7352 - 73}{990}$$

$$= \frac{7279}{990}$$

$$\textcircled{1}. 6.3\overline{23}$$

$$= \frac{6323 - 63}{990}$$

$$= \frac{6260}{990}$$

30. Correct expression of $1.4\overline{27}$. (the bar indicates repeating decimal)

$1.4\overline{27}$ का सही सरलीकरण है (बार दशमलव की पुनरावृत्ति को दर्शाता है):

✓ **NTPC CBT-2 17/01/2017 (Shift-3)**

$$\frac{1427-14}{990}$$
$$= \frac{\cancel{1413}}{\cancel{990}} \frac{157}{110}$$

(a) $\frac{1427}{1000}$

✓ (b) $\frac{157}{110}$

(c) $\frac{1427}{10000}$

(d) $\frac{157}{111}$

31. $2.\overline{8768} = ?$

$$= \frac{28768 - 28}{9990}$$

$$= \frac{\cancel{28768} - \cancel{28}}{\cancel{9990}} \frac{958}{333}$$

$$= 2\frac{292}{333}$$

(a) $2\frac{878}{999}$

(b) $2\frac{9}{10}$

✓ (c) $2\frac{292}{333}$

(d) $2\frac{4394}{4995}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 333 \overline{) 958} \\ \underline{666} \\ 292 \end{array}$$

32. Find the Value of x / x का मान ज्ञात कीजिये

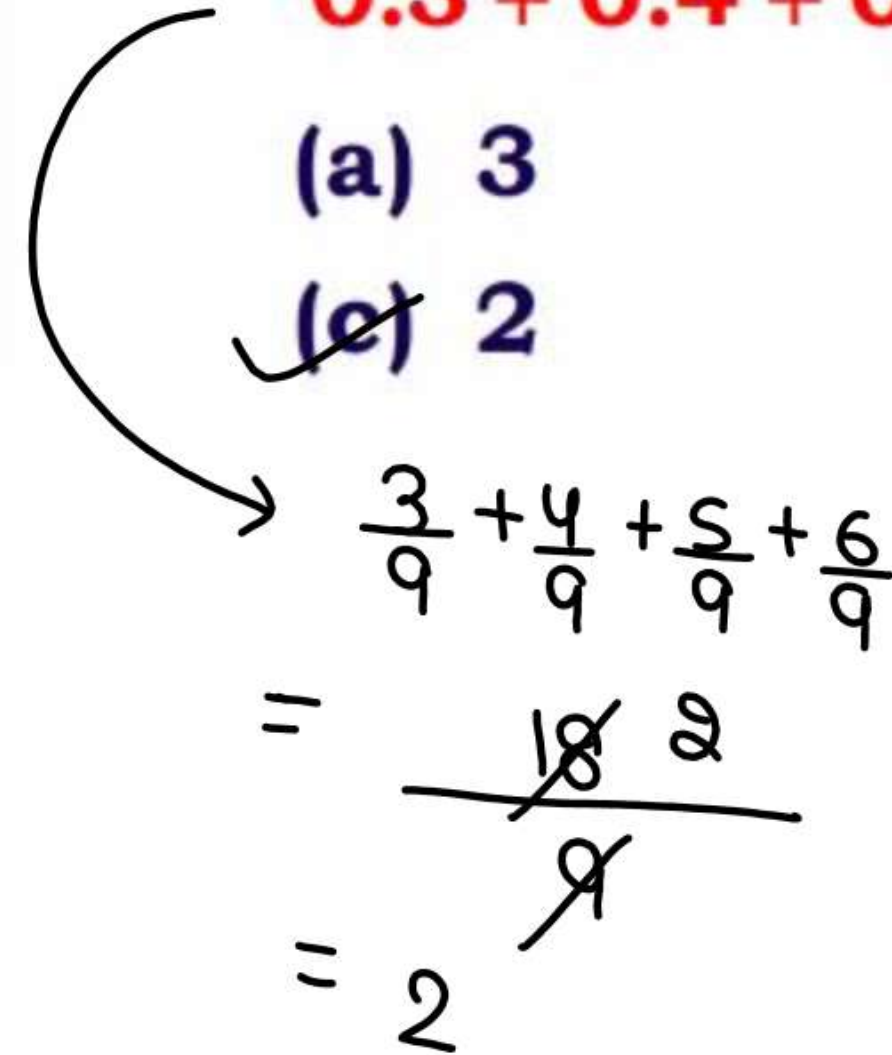
$$0.\overline{3} + 0.\overline{4} + 0.\overline{5} + 0.\overline{6} = x$$

(a) 3

(b) 5

☒ (c) 2

(d) 8



Handwritten solution showing the conversion of repeating decimals to fractions and their addition:

$$\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \frac{3}{9} + \frac{4}{9} + \frac{5}{9} + \frac{6}{9} \\ & = \frac{18}{9} \\ & = 2 \end{aligned}$$

33. The value of $0.\overline{56} + 0.\overline{43} + 0.\overline{89}$ is

$0.\overline{56} + 0.\overline{43} + 0.\overline{89}$ का मान है

NTPC CBT-1, 23/02/2021 (Shift-01)

(a) $1.\overline{98}$ $\frac{197}{99} \neq$

(b) $1.\overline{87}$

✓ (c) $1.\overline{89}$ $\frac{188}{99}$

~~(d) $1.\overline{88}$~~

$\frac{188-1}{99} = \frac{187}{99}$

→ $\frac{56}{99} + \frac{43}{99} + \frac{89}{99}$

= $\frac{188}{99}$

✓ 34. $3.\overline{245} + 1.\overline{234} - 2.\overline{12}$ is equal to:

$3.\overline{245} + 1.\overline{234} - 2.\overline{12}$ बराबर है -

ICAR Mains, 08/07/2023 (Shift-3)

- (a) ✓ $2.\overline{358}$ (b) $2.\overline{437}$
 (c) $2.\overline{243}$ (d) $2.\overline{536}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{3245-32}{990} + \frac{1234-12}{990} - \frac{212-2}{99} \\ &= \frac{3213}{990} + \frac{1222}{990} - \frac{210}{99} \\ &= \frac{3213+1222-2100}{990} = \frac{2335}{990} \end{aligned}$$

35. Find the value of/का मान ज्ञात कीजिये

$$0.\overline{2} + 0.\overline{3} + 0.\overline{32}$$

(a) $0.\overline{77}$

(b) $0.\overline{82}$

(c) $0.\overline{86}$

✓ (d) $0.\overline{87}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{2}{9} + \frac{3}{9} + \frac{32}{99} \\ &= \frac{22+33+32}{99} = \frac{87}{99} \end{aligned}$$

36. Find the value of/का मान ज्ञात कीजिये

$$\left[\frac{324786 - 324}{999} \right] - \left[\frac{10193 - 1019}{900} \right]$$

$$= \left(\frac{108154}{\cancel{324462}} \right) - \left(\frac{3058}{\cancel{9174}} \right)$$

$$\quad \quad \quad \frac{999}{333} \quad \quad \quad \frac{900}{300}$$

$$= \frac{10815400 - 339438}{33300}$$

$$= \frac{10475962}{33300} = \frac{31427886}{99900}$$

$$324.\overline{786} - 10.\overline{193}$$

~~(a)~~ $314.593\overline{45}$

(b) $314.594\overline{45}$

✓ (c) $314.593\overline{45}$

~~(d)~~ $314.594\overline{45}$

$$34 \times 99$$

$$\underline{3366}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 23 \\ \times 99 \\ \hline 207 \\ 207 \\ \hline 2277 \end{array}$$

Trick:

$$\begin{array}{r} 23 \\ \times 99 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\underline{2277} \checkmark$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{309}{990} + \frac{411}{990} + \frac{279}{900} \\ &= \frac{720}{990} + \frac{279}{900} \times \frac{11}{11} \\ &= \frac{7200 + 3069}{9900} \\ &= \frac{10269}{9900} = \frac{1141}{1100} \end{aligned}$$

37. If $A = 0.3\overline{12}$, $B = 0.4\overline{15}$ and $C = 0.30\overline{9}$, then what is the value of $A + B + C$?

यदि $A = 0.3\overline{12}$, $B = 0.4\overline{15}$ तथा $C = 0.30\overline{9}$ है, तो $A + B + C$ का मान कितना है?

(a) $\frac{1211}{1100}$

(b) $\frac{1043}{1100}$

(c) $\frac{1097}{1100}$

✓ (d) $\frac{1141}{1100}$

$309 - 30$
 279

$$\begin{array}{r}
 0.3\overline{121212} \\
 + 0.4\overline{151515} \\
 + 0.3\overline{099999} \\
 \hline
 1.03\overline{1212}6
 \end{array}$$

$$= 1.03\overline{12}$$

$$= \frac{10372 - 103}{9900}$$

$$= \frac{10269}{9900} = \frac{1141}{1100}$$

37. If $A = 0.3\overline{12}$, $B = 0.4\overline{15}$ and $C = 0.3\overline{09}$, then what is the value of $A + B + C$?

यदि $A = 0.3\overline{12}$, $B = 0.4\overline{15}$ तथा $C = 0.3\overline{09}$ है, तो $A + B + C$ का मान कितना है?

(a) $\frac{1211}{1100}$

(b) $\frac{1043}{1100}$

(c) $\frac{1097}{1100}$

✓ (d) $\frac{1141}{1100}$

38. Find the value of/का मान ज्ञात कीजिये

$$22.\overline{4} + 11.\overline{567} - 33.\overline{59}$$

SSC CGL TIER - II 11/09/2019

$$\frac{224-22}{9} + \frac{11567-115}{990} - \left(\frac{3359-335}{90} \right)$$

$$= \frac{202}{9} + \frac{11452}{990} - \frac{3024}{90}$$

$$= \frac{22220 + 11452 - 33264}{990}$$

$$= \frac{408}{990}$$

(a) $0.\overline{412}$

(b) $0.3\overline{1}$

(c) $0.4\overline{12}$

(d) $0.3\overline{2}$

$$\frac{412-4}{990} = \frac{408}{990}$$

38. Find the value of/का मान ज्ञात कीजिये

$$22.\overline{4} + 11.\overline{567} - 33.\overline{59}$$

SSC CGL TIER - II 11/09/2019

(a) $0.\overline{412}$

(b) $0.3\overline{1}$

✓ (c) $0.4\overline{12}$

~~(d) $0.\overline{32}$~~

Trick:

Two points:

⊙ max^m bar → 2

⊙ max^m no bar → 1

Option $\underline{a} \underline{b} \underline{c}$

39. Find the value of/का मान ज्ञात कीजिये

$$0.\overline{57} - 0.\overline{432} + 0.\overline{35}$$

SSC CGL TIER - II 16/11/2020

~~(a) $0.\overline{494}$~~

(b) $0.\overline{498}$

(c) $0.\overline{498}$

(d) $0.\overline{494}$

bar $\rightarrow$ 2
no bar $\rightarrow$ 1

$$\text{Ans} = 0.\overline{a b c}$$

39. Find the value of/का मान ज्ञात कीजिये

$$0.\overline{57} - 0.\overline{432} + 0.\overline{35}$$

SSC CGL TIER - II 16/11/2020

(a) $0.\overline{494}$

(b) $0.\overline{498}$

(c) $0.\overline{498}$

(d) $0.\overline{494}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{57}{99} - \frac{428}{990} + \frac{35}{90} \\ &= \frac{570 - 428 + 352}{990} \\ &= \frac{494}{990} \end{aligned}$$

40. Find the value of/का मान ज्ञात कीजिये

$$0.\overline{47} + 0.\overline{503} - 0.\overline{39} \times 0.\overline{8}$$

SSC CGL TIER - II 13/09/2019

(a) $0.\overline{615}$

(b) $0.\overline{615}$

(c) $0.\overline{625}$

✓ (d) $0.\overline{625}$

$$\frac{43}{90} + \frac{498}{990} - \frac{3\cancel{9}^4}{90} \times \frac{8}{\cancel{9}_1}$$

$$= \frac{11}{90} + \frac{498}{990}$$

$$= \frac{121 + 498}{990} = \frac{619}{990}$$

✓ 41. Find the value of/का मान ज्ञात कीजिये

H.w

$$0.\overline{56} - 0.\overline{723} + 0.\overline{39} \times 0.\overline{7}$$

SSC CGL TIER - II 12/09/2019

(a) $0.\overline{154}$

(b) $0.\overline{154}$

(c) $0.\overline{158}$

(d) $0.\overline{158}$

42. Find the value of/का मान ज्ञात कीजिये

$$(2.\overline{4} \times 0.\overline{6} \times 3 \times 0.\overline{16}) \times [0.\overline{27} \times (0.\overline{83} \div 0.\overline{16})]$$

SSC CGL TIER - II 15/11/2020

$\frac{10}{9}$

(a) $0.\overline{814}$

(b) $0.\overline{11}$

(c) $1.\overline{1}$

(d) $1.\overline{36}$

$$\left[\frac{20}{9} \times \frac{6}{9} \times 3 \times \frac{16}{90} \right] \times \left[\frac{27}{90} \times \frac{83}{90} \div \frac{16}{90} \right]$$

= $\frac{10}{9}$

43. $\overline{2.75} + \overline{3.78}$

(a) $\overline{1.03}$

(b) $\overline{1.53}$

☒ (c) $\overline{4.53}$

(d) $\overline{5.53}$

$\overline{4.53} = -4 + 0.53$

$\begin{aligned} &= -2 + 0.75 - 3 + 0.78 \\ &= -5 + 1.53 \\ &= -4.53 \\ &= \overline{4.53} \checkmark \end{aligned}$

$$\bar{2}.47 + \bar{3}.52$$

$$= -2 + 0.47 - 3 + 0.52$$

$$= -5 + 0.99$$

$$= \bar{5}.99 \checkmark$$

$$\bar{2}.13 = \underline{-2 + 0.13}$$

44. If $0.\underline{a}\overline{b} + 0.\overline{b}a = \frac{5}{9}$, find the value of $a + b$.

$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{a \times 10 + b \times 1 - a}{90} \right) + \left(\frac{b \times 10 + a \times 1 - b}{90} \right) = \frac{5}{9}$ यदि $0.\underline{a}\overline{b} + 0.\overline{b}a = \frac{5}{9}$, तो $a + b$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिये।

$\Rightarrow \frac{10a + \cancel{b} - \cancel{a} + 10b + \cancel{a} - \cancel{b}}{90} = \frac{5}{9}$

$\Rightarrow \frac{\cancel{10}(a+b)}{\cancel{90}} = \frac{5}{\cancel{9}}$

$a + b = 5$

(a) 5
(c) 7

(b) 6
(d) 8

$0.2\overline{3} = \frac{23 - 2}{90} = \frac{21}{90}$

$0.\overline{2}3 = \frac{23}{99}$

$23 = 2 \times 10 + 3 \times 1$

$xy = x \times 10 + y \times 1$

$123 = 1 \times 100 + 2 \times 10 + 3 \times 1$

$xyz = x \times 100 + y \times 10 + z \times 1$

$$* \quad 0 \cdot a\bar{b} + 0 \cdot b\bar{a} = \frac{5}{9}$$

$$a+b$$

Trick:

$$\therefore a+b = 5$$

$$* \quad 0 \cdot a\bar{b} + 0 \cdot b\bar{a} = \frac{7}{3} = \frac{7 \times 3}{3 \times 3} = \frac{21}{9}$$

$$a+b=?$$

$$\therefore a+b = 21$$

45. If $0.\overline{xy} = \frac{7}{11}$, find $x^2 + y^2 = ?$

$$0.\overline{xy} = \frac{7}{11}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{xy}{\cancel{99}} = \frac{7}{\cancel{11}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{xy = 63}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore x^2 + y^2 &= 6^2 + 3^2 \\ &= 45\end{aligned}$$

यदि $0.\overline{xy} = \frac{7}{11}$, तब $x^2 + y^2 = ?$

(a) 36

(b) 44

✓ (c) 45

(d) 55

$$\begin{array}{r} 2387 \\ \hline 2388 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4532 \\ \hline 4533 \end{array}$$

Cross Multiplication

$$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{4}{7}$$

$$14 > 12$$

$$\frac{2}{3} > \frac{3}{7}$$

0. $\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{4}{7} \times \frac{3}{8}$

$$\frac{2}{3} > \frac{4}{7} > \frac{3}{8}$$

CONCEPT-04

(COMPARISON OF FRACTION/भिन्नों की तुलना)

Cross Multiplication Method

46. Which fraction among the following is the least?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा भिन्न सबसे छोटा है?

$$\frac{5}{11}, \frac{7}{12}, \frac{8}{13}, \frac{9}{17}$$

SSC CGL MAINS (08/08/2022)

(a) $\frac{8}{13}$

(c) $\frac{9}{17}$

✓ (b) $\frac{5}{11}$

(d) $\frac{7}{12}$

47. Find the greatest of the following fractions.

निम्नलिखित भिन्नो में से सबसे बड़ी भिन्न ज्ञात कीजिए।

$\frac{8}{11}, \frac{15}{19}, \frac{4}{5}, \frac{13}{21}$

Handwritten annotations: Blue 'X' marks over each fraction. Above $\frac{4}{5}$ are the numbers 84 and 65 with arrows pointing to the numerator and denominator respectively.

CRPF HCM 23/02/2023 (Shift - 01)

(a) $\frac{13}{21}$

(b) $\frac{15}{19}$

✓ (c) $\frac{4}{5}$

(d) $\frac{8}{11}$

48. Which of the following is the largest fraction?

निम्न में से सबसे बड़ी भिन्न कौन सी है?

$\frac{8}{9}$, $\frac{6}{11}$, $\frac{4}{9}$, $\frac{13}{15}$

(Note: In the original image, the fractions $\frac{6}{11}$, $\frac{4}{9}$, and $\frac{13}{15}$ are crossed out with red X's. The fraction $\frac{8}{9}$ is marked with a green checkmark. Above $\frac{6}{11}$ is the number 120 and above $\frac{13}{15}$ is the number 117.)

☒ (a) $\frac{8}{9}$

(b) $\frac{6}{11}$

(c) $\frac{4}{9}$

(d) $\frac{13}{15}$

LCM METHOD

$$\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{7}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{6}{7}$$

49. Find the greatest among

निम्नलिखित भिन्नों में से सबसे बड़ी भिन्न ज्ञात कीजिए।

$$\frac{1 \times 14}{2 \times 14}, \frac{5 \times 4}{7 \times 4}, \frac{3 \times 7}{4 \times 7}, \frac{6 \times 4}{7 \times 4}$$

$$\frac{14}{28}, \frac{20}{28}, \frac{21}{28} < \frac{24}{28}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{7}, \frac{3}{4} \text{ \& } \frac{6}{7}$$

(a) $\frac{1}{2}$

(b) $\frac{5}{7}$

(c) $\frac{3}{4}$

(d) $\frac{6}{7}$

50. Find the smallest among

निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा भिन्न सबसे छोटा है?

$$\frac{18}{24} \quad \frac{24}{24} \quad \left(\frac{10}{24} \right) \quad \frac{48}{27}$$

$$\frac{2}{3}, \frac{8}{9}, \frac{10}{27} \text{ \& } \frac{16}{9}$$

(a) $\frac{2}{3}$

(b) $\frac{8}{9}$

✓ (c) $\frac{10}{27}$

(d) $\frac{16}{9}$

Fraction

proper

Improper

$$\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1011}{1012} < 1$$

$$\frac{23}{22} > 1$$

PROPER FRACTIONS

Numerator of the fraction is less than denominator or we can say value of the fraction is less than 1.

अंश का मान हर से छोटा हो अथवा भिन्न का मान 1 से कम हो।

$$\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{5}, \frac{7}{11}, \frac{12}{23} \text{ etc.}$$

To compare/तुलना के लिए:

Step 1: Take the difference of N^r and D^r of each of the fractions. /प्रत्येक भिन्न के अंश तथा हर का अंतर ज्ञात करें।

Step 2: Difference must be same. If the given difference is not same, make them same by taking LCM of each difference./अंतर समान होना चाहिए। यदि अंतर समान नहीं हैं तो प्रत्येक अंतर का ल.स.प. लेकर उसे समान कर लें।

Step 3: Fraction with smaller N^r will be least and fraction with greater N^r will be greatest./ इस प्रकार प्राप्त न्यूनतम अंश वाली भिन्न सबसे छोटी तथा अधिकतम अंश वाली भिन्न सबसे बड़ी होगी।

Ex: Compare/तुलना करें।

$$1 \left(\overset{S}{\frac{4}{5}} \right)^1 \left(\frac{6}{7} \right)^1 \left(\overset{L}{\frac{13}{14}} \right)^1 \left(\frac{11}{12} \right)$$

diff $\rightarrow$ Same

Ex: The greatest value among the fractions

सबसे बड़ा और सबसे छोटा भिन्न ज्ञात करें।

$$\frac{2}{7}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 2 \times 5 & \left(\frac{2}{7} \right) & 5 \times 2 & \left(\frac{1}{3} \right) & 10 \times 1 & \left(\frac{5}{6} \right) & 10 \times 1 & \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) \\
 \frac{4}{14} & & \frac{5}{15} & & \frac{50}{60} & & \frac{30}{40}
 \end{array}$$

51. What is difference between the largest and the

smallest fractions among $\frac{5}{9}$, $\frac{7}{11}$, $\frac{8}{15}$ and $\frac{11}{17}$?

$\frac{5}{9} \times 21 = \frac{105}{189}$
 $\frac{7}{11} \times 21 = \frac{147}{231}$
 $\frac{8}{15} \times 12 = \frac{96}{180}$
 $\frac{11}{17} \times 14 = \frac{154}{187}$

$\frac{5}{9}, \frac{7}{11}, \frac{8}{15}$ और $\frac{11}{17}$ में से सबसे बड़े और सबसे छोटे भिन्न का अंतर क्या है?

CRPF HCM 24/02/2023 (Shift - 02)

$$\frac{11}{17} - \frac{8}{15}$$

$$= \frac{165 - 136}{255}$$

$$= \frac{29}{255}$$

- (a) $\frac{29}{255}$
 (c) $\frac{1}{45}$

- (b) $\frac{8}{99}$
 (d) $\frac{17}{165}$

$$^2 \left(\frac{2347}{2349} \right) < \left(\frac{5355}{5357} \right) ^2$$

52. What is the difference of the largest and smallest of the given fractions?

दी गई भिन्नों में से सबसे बड़ी और सबसे छोटी भिन्न का अंतर क्या है?

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 & & L & & S & & \\
 5 \times 6 & \left(\frac{5}{11} \right) & 15 \times 2 & \left(\frac{5}{7} \right) & 6 \times 5 & \left(\frac{3}{8} \right) & 6 \times 5 & \left(\frac{6}{11} \right) \\
 & & 25 & & 75 & & 18 & & 36 \\
 & & L & & S & & & &
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{5}{11}, \frac{5}{7}, \frac{3}{8}, \frac{6}{11}$$

✓ **SSC CHSL 13/03/2023 (Shift-01)**

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Ans} &= \frac{5}{7} - \frac{3}{8} \\
 &= \frac{19}{56}
 \end{aligned}$$

(a) $\frac{17}{56}$

✓ (b) $\frac{19}{56}$

(c) $\frac{1}{7}$

(d) $\frac{23}{56}$

IMPROPER FRACTIONS

Numerator is greater than denominator or value of the fraction is greater than 1.

अंश का मान हर से बड़ा हो अथवा भिन्न का मान 1 से अधिक हो।

$$\frac{3}{2}, \frac{13}{4}, \frac{6}{5}, \frac{27}{17} \text{ etc.}$$

To compare/तुलना के लिए:

Step 1: Take the difference of N^r and D^r of each of the fractions./प्रत्येक भिन्न के अंश तथा हर का अंतर ज्ञात करें।

Step 2: Difference must be same. If the given difference is not same, make them same by taking LCM of each difference./अंतर समान होना चाहिए। यदि अंतर समान नहीं हैं तो प्रत्येक अंतर का ल.स.प. लेकर उसे समान कर लें।

Step 3: Fraction with smaller N^r will be greatest and fraction with greater N^r will be smallest./इस प्रकार प्राप्त न्यूनतम अंश वाली भिन्न सबसे बड़ी तथा अधिकतम अंश वाली भिन्न सबसे छोटी होगी।

proper

$$2 < \overset{S}{\frac{21}{23}} < \overset{L}{\frac{34}{39}} > 2$$

Improper

$$3 \left(\overset{L}{\frac{13}{10}} \right) > \overset{S}{\frac{26}{23}} 3$$

$$Q \quad \overset{S}{\frac{4382}{4379}} \overset{L}{\frac{134}{131}} \quad \text{)}^3$$

$$\frac{4382}{4379} < \frac{134}{131}$$

Ex: Compare/तुलना करें।

$$5 \left(\frac{23}{18}, \frac{37}{32} \right) 5$$

$$\frac{23}{18} > \frac{37}{32}$$

Ex: Find smallest and greatest fraction

सबसे छोटा और सबसे बड़ा भिन्न ज्ञात करें।

$$\overset{L}{\left(\frac{16}{15} \right) \overset{S}{\left(\frac{20}{19} \right) \left(\frac{25}{24} \right) \left(\frac{35}{34} \right)}$$

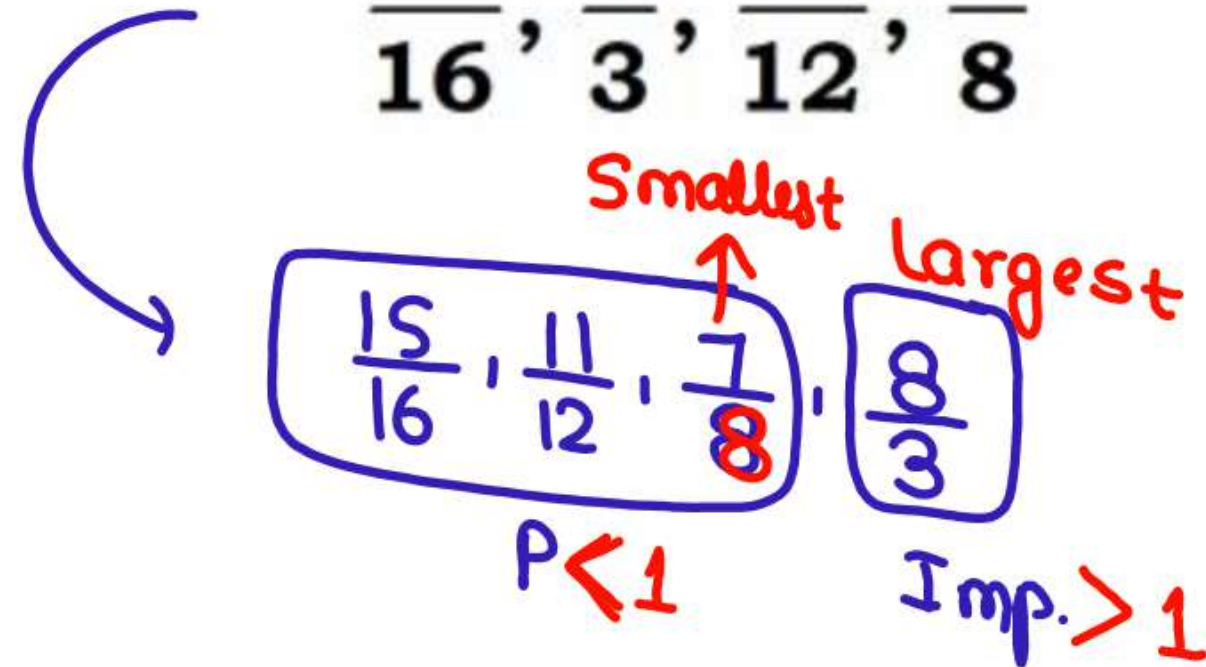
Smallest $\rightarrow \frac{35}{34}$

Largest $\rightarrow \frac{16}{15}$

Ex: Find smallest and greatest fraction

सबसे छोटा और सबसे बड़ा भिन्न ज्ञात करें।

$$\frac{15}{16}, \frac{8}{3}, \frac{11}{12}, \frac{7}{8}$$



BASE METHOD

(i) **When denominator is equal.**

जब हर बराबर हो।

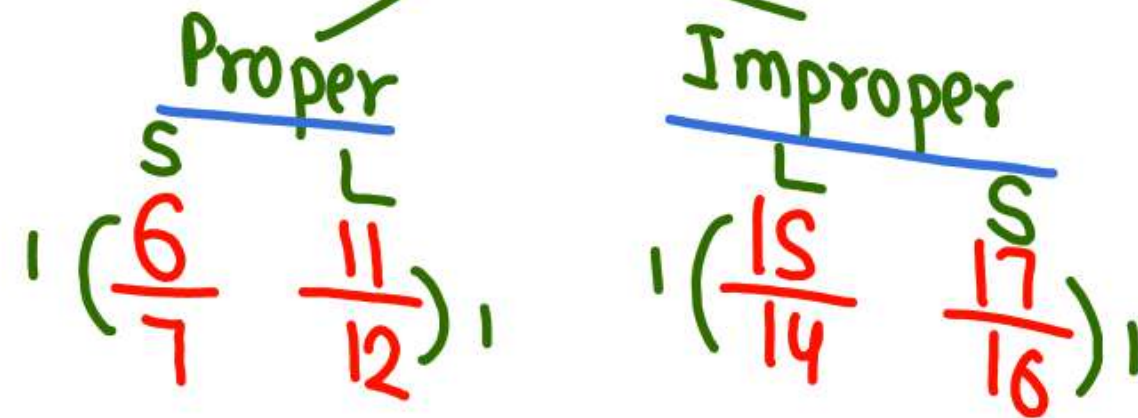
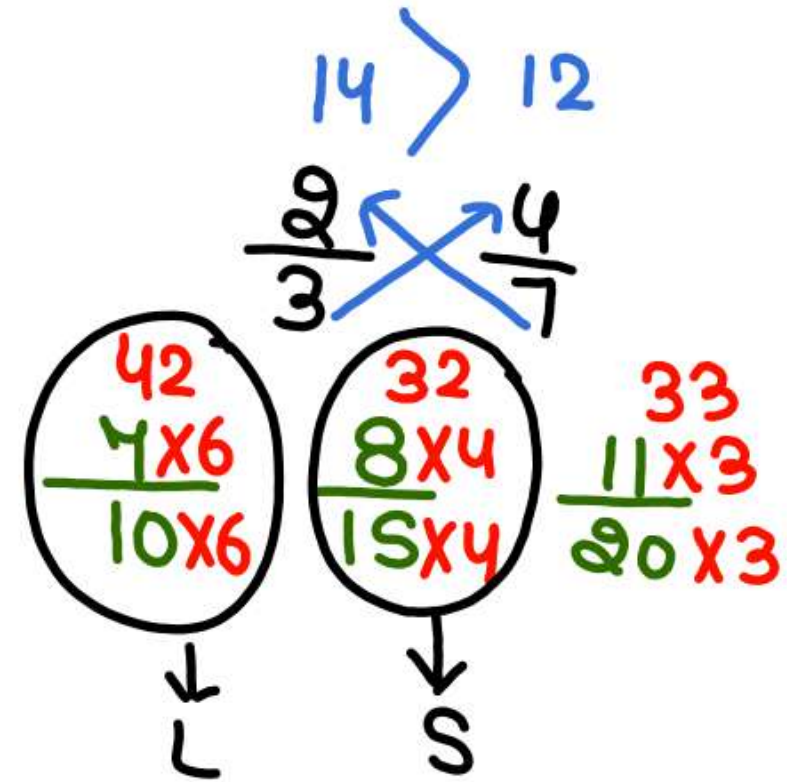
$$\overset{S}{\textcircled{2}} \frac{14}{17}, \frac{9}{17}, \overset{L}{\textcircled{25}} \frac{25}{17} \quad N \uparrow \quad \text{value} \uparrow$$

Fraction with greater numerator will be greatest and vice-versa.

बड़े अंश वाला भिन्न सबसे बड़ा होगा और इसके विपरीत भी सही होगा।

Fraction Comparison

- (i) Cross multiplication
- (ii) Lcm method.
- (iii) Difference Method



④ Base Method

Deno^m same

$$\frac{6}{7}, \frac{5}{7}$$

$N^m \uparrow \downarrow$ value $\uparrow \downarrow$

Num^r same

$$\frac{7}{6}, \frac{7}{5}$$

$D \uparrow \downarrow$

value $\downarrow \uparrow$

Case I: $\frac{N}{D} \longrightarrow \frac{N \uparrow}{D \downarrow} \uparrow \uparrow$ Ex:- $\frac{23}{14} < \frac{25}{14} \uparrow \uparrow$

Case: II $\frac{N}{D} \quad \frac{N \downarrow}{D \uparrow} \downarrow \downarrow$ $\frac{57}{53} > \frac{50}{59} \downarrow \downarrow$

Case III:

$\frac{N}{D} \quad \frac{N \uparrow}{D \uparrow} \text{ or } \frac{N \downarrow}{D \downarrow}$

Diagram illustrating Case III with numerical examples:

Left side: $\frac{100}{1000} < \frac{150}{1100}$

Right side: $\frac{100}{1000} > \frac{150}{1100}$

Arrows indicate the direction of change:

- Red arrow from $\frac{N}{D}$ to $\frac{N \uparrow}{D \uparrow}$
- Blue arrow from $\frac{N \uparrow}{D \uparrow}$ to $\frac{N \downarrow}{D \downarrow}$
- Blue arrow from $\frac{N \downarrow}{D \downarrow}$ to $\frac{N \uparrow}{D \uparrow}$

Percentages shown in the diagram:

- 50% (from 100 to 150)
- 10% (from 1000 to 1100)

Right side calculations:

- $\frac{50 \times 100\%}{100}$
- $\frac{100 \times 100\%}{1000}$

$$\frac{N}{D}$$

$$\frac{N \uparrow}{D \downarrow}$$

Ex:-

$$\frac{4000}{5000} < \frac{4800}{5500}$$

20% (from 4000 to 4800)
10% (from 5000 to 5500)

$$\frac{20}{4000} \times 100\%$$

$$\frac{500}{5000} \times 100\%$$

Ex:-

$$\frac{6000}{7000} \xrightarrow{10\%} \frac{6600}{9100}$$

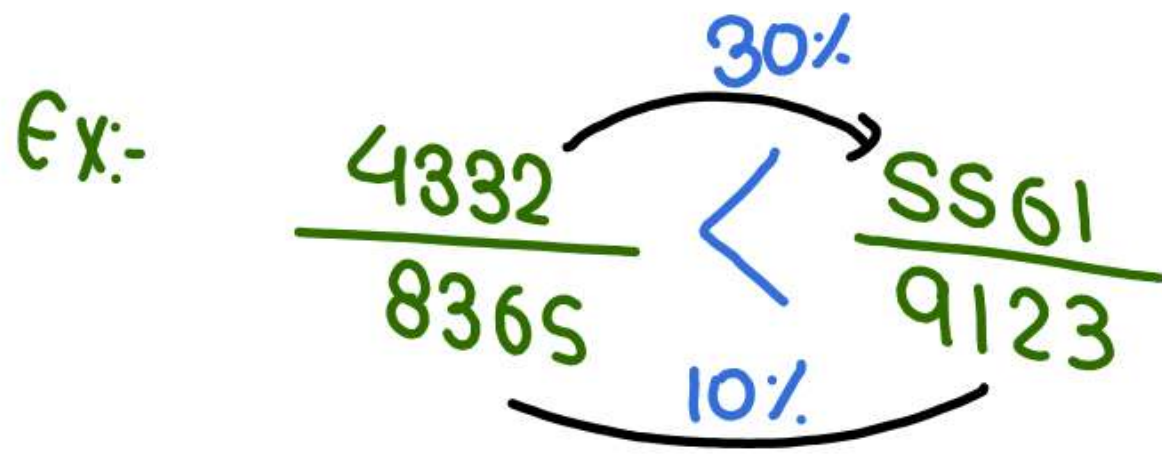
$$\xrightarrow{30\%}$$

Ex:-

$$\frac{4332}{8365} \quad \frac{5561}{9123}$$

D ↑

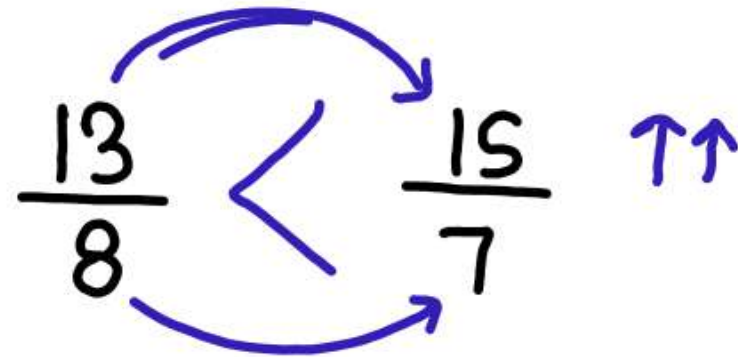
Value ↓



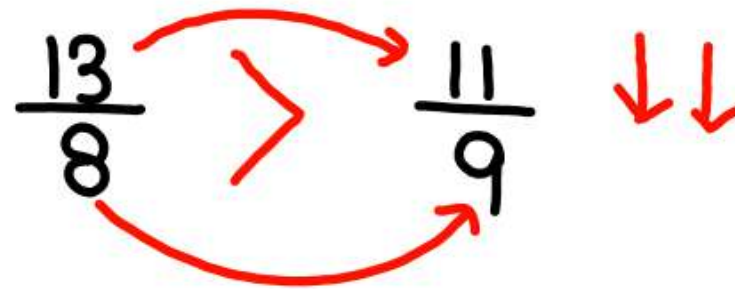
$N \uparrow$ value $\uparrow$

iv) Base Method

i)

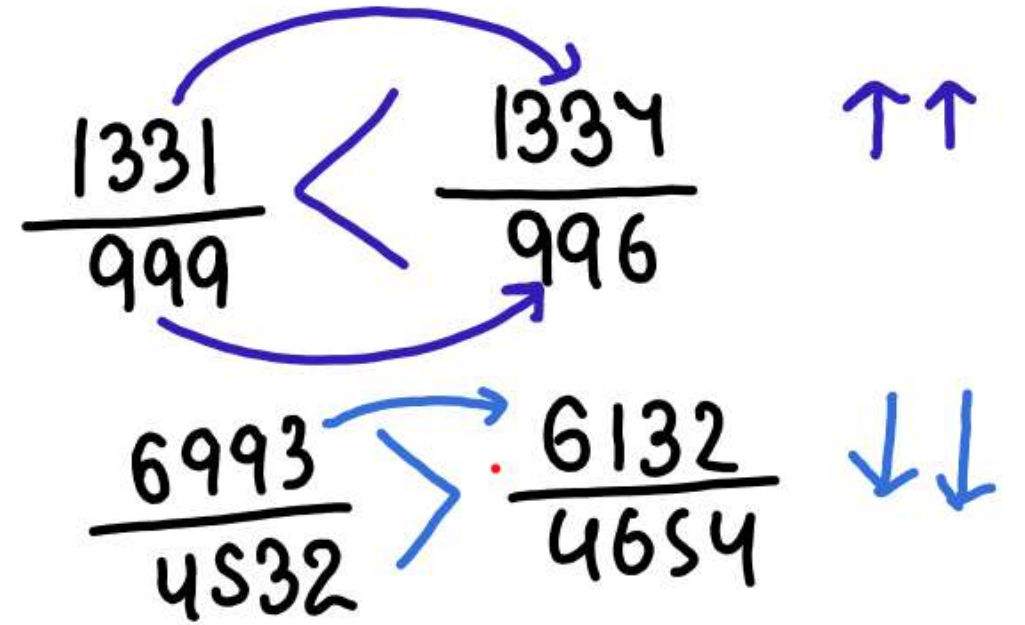


ii)



iii)

$$\frac{20}{12} \quad \frac{32}{18}$$



(ii) When Numerator is equal.

जब अंश बराबर हो।

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 9 & 9 & 9 & 9 & & D \uparrow \downarrow & \text{Value} \downarrow \uparrow \\ \hline L & \textcircled{4} & ' & 7 & ' & 10 & ' & \textcircled{13} & S \end{array}$$

Fraction with smaller denominator will be greatest and vice-versa.

छोटे हर वाला भिन्न सबसे बड़ा होगा और इसका विपरीत सही होगा।

(iii) If we increase N^r and decrease D^r , then resultant fraction will be greater.

यदि हम N^r को बढ़ाते हैं और D^r को घटाते हैं, तो परिणामी भिन्न अधिक होगा।

e.g. (i) $\frac{3}{7} < \frac{5}{6}$

Diagram illustrating the transformation of the fraction $\frac{3}{7}$ to $\frac{5}{6}$. The numerator N increases from 3 to 5, and the denominator D decreases from 7 to 6. The resulting fraction $\frac{5}{6}$ is greater than $\frac{3}{7}$.

(iii) If we increase N^r and decrease D^r , then resultant fraction will be greater.

यदि हम N^r को बढ़ाते हैं और D^r को घटाते हैं, तो परिणामी भिन्न अधिक होगा।

(ii) $\frac{101}{236} < \frac{103}{234}$

$N \uparrow$
 $D \downarrow$ $\uparrow \uparrow$

(iii) If we increase N^r and decrease D^r , then resultant fraction will be greater.

यदि हम N^r को बढ़ाते हैं और D^r को घटाते हैं, तो परिणामी भिन्न अधिक होगा।

(iii) $\frac{339}{237} < \frac{347}{231}$

$N \uparrow$
 $D \downarrow$

$\uparrow \uparrow$

- (iv) If we decrease N^r and increase D^r then resultant fraction will be smaller.

यदि हम N^r को घटाएँ और D^r को बढ़ाएँ तो परिणामी भिन्न छोटा हो जाएगा।

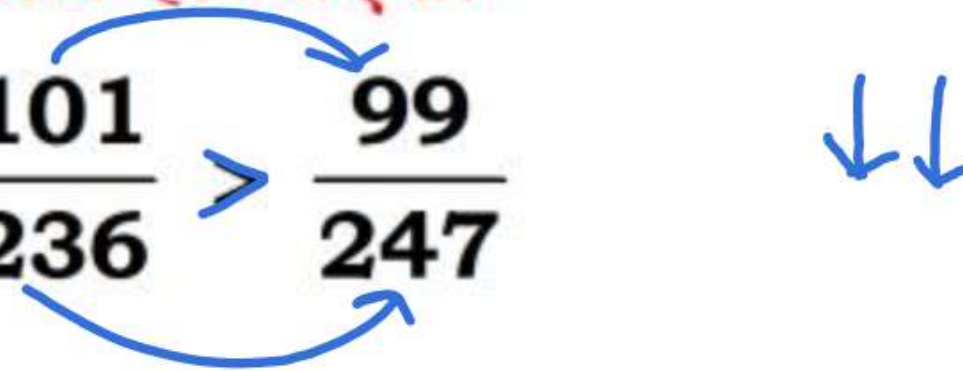
e.g. (i) $\frac{7}{11} > \frac{6}{13}$

$N \downarrow$
 $D \uparrow$

$\downarrow \downarrow$
 $\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$

- (iv) If we decrease N^r and increase D^r then resultant fraction will be smaller.

यदि हम N^r को घटाएँ और D^r को बढ़ाएँ तो परिणामी भिन्न छोटा हो जाएगा।

(ii) $\frac{101}{236} > \frac{99}{247}$ 

- (iv) If we decrease N^r and increase D^r then resultant fraction will be smaller.

यदि हम N^r को घटाएँ और D^r को बढ़ाएँ तो परिणामी भिन्न छोटा हो जाएगा।

(iii) $\frac{334}{229} > \frac{329}{235}$

$N \downarrow$
 $D \uparrow$

Diagram illustrating the change in the fraction: N decreases and D increases, resulting in a smaller fraction.

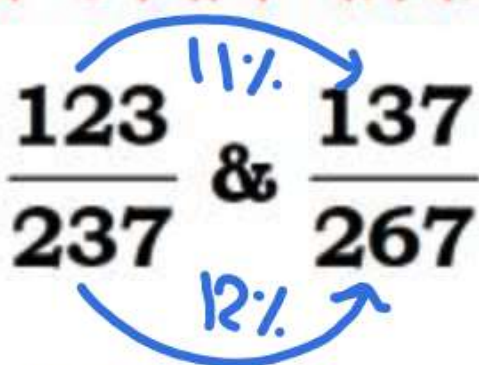
- (v) If we increase N^r and D^r together or we decrease N^r and D^r together than the resultant fraction can be increase or decrease or will have no change that can be determined by using percentage change.

यदि हम N^r और D^r को एक साथ बढ़ाते हैं या हम N^r और D^r को एक साथ घटाते हैं तो परिणामी भिन्न बढ़ या घट सकता है या इसमें कोई परिवर्तन नहीं होगा जिसे प्रतिशत परिवर्तन का उपयोग करके निर्धारित किया जा सकता है।

$$\frac{14 \times 100\%}{123} = 11\%$$

$$\frac{30 \times 100\%}{237} = 12\%$$

e.g. (i) $\frac{123}{237}$ & $\frac{137}{267}$



$$\frac{123}{237} > \frac{137}{267}$$



(v) If we increase N^r and D^r together or we decrease N^r and D^r together than the resultant fraction can be increase or decrease or will have no change that can be determined by using percentage change.

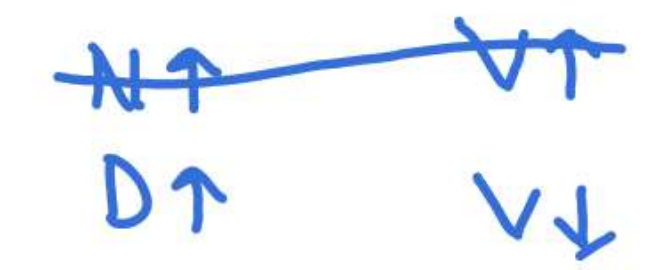
यदि हम N^r और D^r को एक साथ बढ़ाते हैं या हम N^r और D^r को एक साथ घटाते हैं तो परिणामी भिन्न बढ़ या घट सकता है या इसमें कोई परिवर्तन नहीं होगा जिसे प्रतिशत परिवर्तन का उपयोग करके निर्धारित किया जा सकता है।

$\frac{69 \times 100\%}{423} = 20\% \downarrow$

$\frac{64 \times 100\%}{322} = 20\% \uparrow$

(ii) $\frac{423}{322} \xrightarrow{20\% \downarrow} \frac{492}{389}$

$\frac{423}{322} > \frac{492}{389}$



(v) If we increase N^r and D^r together or we decrease N^r and D^r together than the resultant fraction can be increase or decrease or will have no change that can be determined by using percentage change.

यदि हम N^r और D^r को एक साथ बढ़ाते हैं या हम N^r और D^r को एक साथ घटाते हैं तो परिणामी भिन्न बढ़ या घट सकता है या इसमें कोई परिवर्तन नहीं होगा जिसे प्रतिशत परिवर्तन का उपयोग करके निर्धारित किया जा सकता है।

$$\frac{247}{437} < \frac{228}{387}$$

(iii) $\frac{247}{437} < \frac{228}{387}$

19 $\xrightarrow{10\% \downarrow}$ 228
 437 $\xrightarrow{10\% \uparrow}$ 387

(So)

$N \downarrow$ $D \downarrow$ $V \downarrow$ $V \uparrow$

- (v) If we increase N^r and D^r together or we decrease N^r and D^r together than the resultant fraction can be increase or decrease or will have no change that can be determined by using percentage change.

यदि हम N^r और D^r को एक साथ बढ़ाते हैं या हम N^r और D^r को एक साथ घटाते हैं तो परिणामी भिन्न बढ़ या घट सकता है या इसमें कोई परिवर्तन नहीं होगा जिसे प्रतिशत परिवर्तन का उपयोग करके निर्धारित किया जा सकता है।

$$\frac{743}{829} > \frac{691}{789}$$

(iv) $\frac{743}{829}$ $\frac{691}{789}$

Annotations:
 - A pink arrow labeled S_2 points from the denominator 829 to the numerator 743.
 - A blue arrow labeled $S\% \uparrow$ points from the numerator 743 to the numerator 691.
 - A blue arrow labeled $S\% \downarrow$ points from the denominator 829 to the denominator 789.
 - A pink number 40 is written below the denominator 829.

Diagram showing the effect of changes in N and D on the fraction value:

$N \downarrow$	$V \downarrow$
$D \downarrow$	$V \uparrow$

A pink line is drawn across the bottom row, indicating that the bottom row represents a scenario that is not applicable or is crossed out.

CONCEPT-05

(Ladder Fractions)

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & & + & & + & & + \\ 4 & 5 & 9 & 14 & 23 \end{array}$$

$$\text{ans} = \frac{23}{14}$$

53.

$$1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{4}{5}}} = ?$$

(a) $\frac{21}{17}$

(b) $\frac{17}{13}$

✓ (c) $\frac{23}{14}$

(d) $\frac{23}{15}$

Confusion

$$x = 1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{2}{3}}}}$$

Soln

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & & + & + & + & + & \\ 2 & 3 & 5 & 8 & 13 & \textcircled{21} & \end{array}$$

$$\text{ans} = \frac{21}{13}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{2}{3}}}}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & & + & + & + & & \\ 2 & 3 & 5 & 8 & 13 & & \end{array}$$

$$\text{ans} = \frac{8}{13}$$

Types of Questions

$$\rightarrow x = 1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{2}{3}}} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\rightarrow x = 1 - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{2}{3}}} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\rightarrow x = 1 + \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{1 + \frac{2}{3}}} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\rightarrow x = 1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{4}}} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\rightarrow x = 1 + \frac{1}{2 - \frac{1}{3 - \frac{1}{4}}} \quad \checkmark$$

☆☆☆

$$\rightarrow x = 1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{3}{4 - \frac{5}{6}}} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\rightarrow x = 1 + \frac{1}{a + \frac{1}{b + \frac{1}{c + \frac{1}{4}}}} = \frac{21}{24}$$

$$a + b + c = ?$$

Miscellaneous

Type 1:

$$\chi = 1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{2}{3}}}$$

Basic

$$\chi = 1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{\omega/s}}$$

$$= 1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{s}{\omega}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} = \\ = \\ = \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 1 + \frac{1}{s/\omega} \\ 1 + \frac{s}{\omega} \\ \omega/s \end{array}$$

Type 1:

$$x = 1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{2}{3}}}$$

Trick

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & & + & + & + \\ 2 & 3 & 5 & 8 & 13 \end{array}$$

$$\text{ans} = \frac{13}{8} \checkmark$$

$$x = 1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{4}{5}}}}$$

Trick

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & & + & + & + & + \\ 4 & 5 & 9 & 14 & 23 & 34 \end{array}$$

$$\text{ans} = \frac{37}{23} \checkmark$$

54. The value of $1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{3}{5 + \frac{8}{8 + \frac{13}{21 + \frac{34}{34}}}}}}}}$

Ans = $\frac{34}{21}$

- (a) $\frac{21}{13}$
- (c) $\frac{34}{21}$

- (b) $\frac{17}{2}$
- (d) $\frac{8}{5}$

55. Find the value of x in the following equation:

निम्नलिखित समीकरण में x का मान ज्ञात कीजिए:

1 5 6 11 17

$$\left[\frac{17}{11} \right] \div \frac{17}{11} = \frac{x}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 = \frac{x}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \textcircled{x=2}$$

$$\left[1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{5}}} \right] \div 1 \frac{6}{11} = \frac{x}{2}$$

NTPC CBT-2 17/06/2022 (Shift-3)

☒ (a) 2

(b) 1

(c) $\frac{1}{2}$

(d) $\frac{2}{3}$

56. Hold If $\frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{x}}}} = \frac{5}{8}$, then what is the value of x ?

यदि $\frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{x}}}} = \frac{5}{8}$, हो, तो x का मान क्या है?

- (a) 1
(c) 3

- (b) 2
(d) 4

Type 2:

$$x = 1 - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{3}{4}}}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccccc} & & \cdot & & \cdot & \\ 3 & 4 & 1 & -3 & -4 & \end{array}$$

$$\text{ans} = \frac{\cancel{4}}{\cancel{3}} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$x = 1 - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{6}{11}}}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccccc} & & \cdot & & \cdot & \\ 6 & 11 & 5 & -6 & -11 & \end{array}$$

$$\text{ans} = \frac{\cancel{11}}{\cancel{6}} = \left(\frac{11}{6} \right)$$

2 3 1 -2 -3 -1

$$\text{Ans} = \frac{+1}{+3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

- (b) $-\frac{1}{3}$
- (d) $-\frac{2}{3}$

$$x = \frac{1 - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{2}{9}}}}}$$

$$2 \quad 9 \quad \overline{7} \quad \overline{-2} \quad \overline{-9} \quad \overline{-7}$$

$$7 - 9 = -2$$

$$-2 - 9 = -9$$

$$-9 - (-2) = -9 + 2 = -7$$

$$\text{ans} = \frac{\pm 7}{\pm 9} = \frac{7}{9}$$

Type 3:

$$x = 1 + \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 - \frac{6}{7}}}}$$

Ans

6 7 $\frac{-}{1}$ $\frac{+}{8}$ $\frac{-}{7}$ $\frac{+}{15}$

$$\text{ans} = \frac{15}{7}$$

$$x = 1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 - \frac{2}{s}}}}}$$

Ans

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & & - & + & - & + & + \\ & & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ 2 & 5 & 3 & 8 & 5 & 13 & 18 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Ans} = \frac{18}{13} \checkmark$$

Type 4:

$$x = 1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{4}}}$$

Solⁿ

$$1 + \frac{1}{4 + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{1}}}} = \frac{43}{30}$$

$$\text{ans} = \frac{43}{30}$$

$$x = 1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{4 + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{2}{5}}}}$$

$$2 + \frac{1}{5 + \frac{1}{7 + \frac{1}{13 + \frac{1}{163}}}} = \frac{236}{163}$$

$$\text{ans} = \frac{236}{163}$$

59. What will the value after simplifying this continued fraction?

इस निरंतर भिन्न को सरल बनाने के बाद मान क्या होगा?

$$1 + \cfrac{2}{4 + \cfrac{3}{9 + \cfrac{2}{31 + \cfrac{1}{71}}}}$$

$$\text{ans} = \frac{31}{71}$$

$$2 + \cfrac{1}{3 + \cfrac{1}{2 + \cfrac{1}{4}}}$$

NTPC CBT-1, 03/02/2021 (Shift-02)

(a) ~~$\frac{43}{5}$~~

(c) ~~$\frac{5}{19}$~~

(b) ~~$\frac{43}{19}$~~

(d) ~~$\frac{19}{43}$~~

59. What will the value after simplifying this continued fraction?

इस निरंतर भिन्न को सरल बनाने के बाद मान क्या होगा?

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{\frac{9}{4}}}} \\
 = & \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{4}{9}}} \\
 = & \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{\frac{31}{9}}} \\
 = & \frac{1}{2 + \frac{9}{31}} = \frac{1}{\frac{71}{31}} = \frac{31}{71}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{4}}}}$$

NTPC CBT-1, 03/02/2021 (Shift-02)

(a) $\frac{43}{5}$

(b) $\frac{43}{19}$

(c) $\frac{5}{19}$

(d) $\frac{19}{43}$

60. If $A + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{3}}} = \frac{9}{10}$, then the value of A is:

$$1 + 3 \overset{+2}{\cancel{+ 7}} \overset{+1}{\cancel{+ 10}}$$

ans = $\frac{7}{10}$

$$A + \frac{7}{10} = \frac{9}{10}$$

$$\Rightarrow A = \frac{9}{10} - \frac{7}{10}$$

$$\Rightarrow A = \frac{2}{10} = \frac{1}{5}$$

यदि $A + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{3}}} = \frac{9}{10}$, है, तो A का मान है:

SSC CPO 03/10/2023 (Shift-3)

(a) $\frac{3}{10}$

(b) $\frac{2}{5}$

(c) $\frac{1}{10}$

✓ (d) $\frac{1}{5}$

61. Simplify:

$$15 + \frac{1}{6 + \frac{1}{8 + \frac{1}{10}}}$$

Handwritten calculation for the denominator:

$$1 + \frac{1}{10} \times \frac{+8}{81} + \frac{+6}{496} \times \frac{+15}{7521}$$

✓ CRPF HCM 01/03/2023 (Shift - 02)

Handwritten answer:

$$\text{Ans} = \frac{7521}{496}$$

(a) ✓ $15 \frac{81}{496}$

(b) $15 \frac{71}{186}$

(c) $15 \frac{81}{472}$

(d) $15 \frac{31}{374}$

62. $2 + \frac{1}{2 - \frac{1}{3 - \frac{1}{4 - \frac{1}{4}}}} = ?$

$1 - 4 \overset{4}{\times} - 15 \overset{3}{\times} - 41 \overset{2}{\times} + 67 \overset{2}{\times} \text{ (175)}$

Ans = $\frac{175}{67}$
 $= 2 \frac{41}{67}$

✓ **CRPF HCM 28/02/2023 (Shift - 01)**

(a) $\frac{41}{67}$

✓ (c) $2 \frac{41}{67}$

(b) $2 \frac{15}{41}$

(d) $\frac{15}{41}$

63. Find the value of the following

निम्नलिखित का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

$$1 + \frac{4}{9 + \frac{2}{31 + \frac{1}{40}}}$$

$$= \frac{40}{31}$$

ans = $4 - \frac{5}{\frac{40}{31}}$

= $4 - \frac{8 \times 31}{40 \times 8}$

= $4 - \frac{31}{8}$

= $\frac{1}{8}$

$$4 - \frac{5}{1 + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{4}}}}$$

(a) $\frac{1}{4}$

(c) $\frac{2}{4}$

(b) $\frac{1}{8}$

(d) $\frac{3}{7}$

63. Find the value of the following

निम्नलिखित का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

$$1 - 4 + \frac{9}{1} - \frac{3}{1} + \frac{1}{8} - 1$$

Ans = $\frac{1}{8}$

$$4 - \frac{5}{1 + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{4}}}}$$

(a) $\frac{1}{4}$

✓ (b) $\frac{1}{8}$

(c) $\frac{2}{4}$

(d) $\frac{3}{7}$

63. Find the value of the following

निम्नलिखित का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

$$1 + 4 + \frac{9}{1} + \frac{31}{1} - \frac{40}{5} = 8$$

ans = $\frac{1}{8}$

$$4 - \frac{5}{1 + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{4}}}}$$

(a) $\frac{1}{4}$

(c) $\frac{2}{4}$

✓ (b) $\frac{1}{8}$

(d) $\frac{3}{7}$

$$\frac{\frac{22}{7} + \frac{4}{2}}{\frac{13}{4} - \frac{22}{7}} = \left(\frac{\frac{93}{14} + \frac{31}{14}}{\frac{3}{28} - \frac{22}{28}} \right) = \frac{62}{1}$$

$$1 = 2 \times \frac{2}{3} + 3 \times \frac{2}{8} + 8 \times \frac{3}{24} = \frac{8}{24}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Ans} &= 62 \div \frac{8}{27} \\ &= \frac{62 \times 27}{8} \\ &= \frac{837}{4} = 209.25 \end{aligned}$$

64. The value of/का मान कितना होगा?

$$\frac{3\frac{1}{7} + 3\frac{1}{2}}{3\frac{1}{4} - 3\frac{1}{7}} \div$$

$$3 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{2 - \frac{1}{2}}} \text{ is :}$$

✓✓ ICAR Mains, 10/07/2023 (Shift-2)

(a) 213.50

✓ (b) 209.25

(c) 225.15

(d) 232.35

65. $3 + \frac{5}{5 + \frac{3}{1 + \frac{7}{5}}} = ?$

Handwritten solution for problem 65:

$$7 \xrightarrow{+5} 12 \xrightarrow{+4} 16 \xrightarrow{+5} 21 \xrightarrow{+3} 24$$

The final result is circled as 19.

Ans = $\frac{19}{5}$

(a) $\frac{9}{13}$

(b) $\frac{13}{9}$

(c) $\frac{11}{2}$

(d) ✓ $\frac{19}{5}$

66.

$$\frac{1}{1 + \frac{2}{1 + \frac{3}{1 + \frac{4}{5}}}} = ?$$

$$4 \xrightarrow{+} 5 \xrightarrow{\times \frac{1}{3}} 3 \xrightarrow{+} 2 \xrightarrow{\times \frac{1}{2}} 1 \xrightarrow{+} 4$$

ans = $\frac{4}{7}$

(a) $\frac{7}{4}$

✓ (b) $\frac{4}{7}$

(c) $\frac{11}{14}$

(d) $\frac{12}{5}$

Basic

$$\frac{13}{29} = \frac{1}{\frac{29}{13}} = \frac{1}{2 + \frac{3}{13}} = \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{\frac{13}{3}}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{4 + \frac{1}{3}}} = \frac{1}{a + \frac{1}{b + \frac{1}{c}}}$$

$$a=2 \quad b=4 \quad c=3$$

$$\text{Ans} = 2 - 4 + 3 = 1$$

67. $\frac{1}{a + \frac{1}{b + \frac{1}{c}}} = \frac{13}{29}$ find $a - b + c = ?$

- ~~(a) 1~~
(c) 0

- (b) 2
(d) 3

m-1

$$\begin{array}{r}
 13 \overline{) 29} \text{ (2)} \rightarrow a \\
 \underline{26} \\
 3 \overline{) 13} \text{ (4)} \rightarrow b \\
 \underline{12} \\
 1 \overline{) 3} \text{ (3)} \rightarrow c \\
 \underline{3} \\
 0
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Ans} &= 2 - 4 + 3 \\
 &= \text{(1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

67. $\frac{1}{a + \frac{1}{b + \frac{1}{c}}} = \frac{13}{29}$ find $a - b + c = ?$

✓ (a) 1
(c) 0

(b) 2
(d) 3

m-2

$$\frac{29}{13} = \overset{a}{\textcircled{2}} + \frac{3}{13}$$

$$\frac{13}{3} = \overset{b}{\textcircled{4}} + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{3}{1} = \overset{c}{\textcircled{3}} + 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ans} &= 2 - 4 + 3 \\ &= \textcircled{1} \end{aligned}$$

67. $\frac{1}{a + \frac{1}{b + \frac{1}{c}}} = \frac{13}{29}$ find $a - b + c = ?$

- ☒ (a) 1
(c) 0

- (b) 2
(d) 3

$$17 \overline{) 60} \quad (3 \rightarrow a)$$

$$\quad \quad \quad 51 \overline{) 14} \quad (1 \rightarrow b)$$

$$\quad \quad \quad \quad 9 \overline{) 9} \quad (1 \rightarrow c)$$

$$\quad \quad \quad \quad \quad 8 \overline{) 8} \quad (8 \rightarrow d)$$

$$\text{Ans} = 3 + 1 + 1 + 8 = 13$$

68. $\frac{1}{a + \frac{1}{b + \frac{1}{c + \frac{1}{d}}}} = \frac{17}{60}$ find $a + b + c + d = ?$

- (a) 11
- (b) 12
- (c) 13
- (d) 14

- (a) 11
- (b) 12
- (c) 13
- (d) 14

$$\frac{60}{17} = \overset{a}{\textcircled{3}} + \frac{9}{17}$$

$$\frac{17}{9} = \overset{b}{\textcircled{1}} + \frac{8}{9}$$

$$\frac{9}{8} = \overset{c}{\textcircled{1}} + \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\frac{8}{1} = \overset{d}{\textcircled{8}} + 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ans} &= 3+1+1+8 \\ &= \textcircled{13} \end{aligned}$$

68. $\frac{1}{a + \frac{1}{b + \frac{1}{c + \frac{1}{d}}}} = \frac{17}{60}$ find $a + b + c + d = ?$

(a) 11

(b) 12

✓ (c) 13

(d) 14

Handwritten solution for finding a, b, c, d using continued fractions:

$$\begin{aligned} 30 \overline{) 43} & \quad (1 = a) \\ \underline{30} & \\ 13 \overline{) 30} & \quad (2 = b) \\ \underline{26} & \\ 4 \overline{) 13} & \quad (3 = c) \\ \underline{12} & \\ 1 \overline{) 4} & \quad (4 = d) \\ \underline{4} & \\ & \quad \times \end{aligned}$$

Handwritten calculation for the sum:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ans} &= a + b + c + d \\ &= 1 + 1 + 1 + 4 \\ &= 7 \end{aligned}$$

69. $\frac{1}{a + \frac{1}{2b + \frac{1}{3c + \frac{1}{d}}}} = \frac{30}{43}$ find $a + b + c + d = ?$

- (a) 10
- ☒ (c) 7

- (b) 11
- (d) None

70. If a, b, c, d are integers such that

$$\frac{154}{29} = \textcircled{5}^a + \frac{9}{29}$$

$$\frac{29}{9} = \textcircled{3}^b + \frac{2}{9}$$

$$\frac{9}{2} = \textcircled{4}^c + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{2}{1} = \textcircled{2}^d + 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Ans} &= 5+3+4+2 \\ &= 14 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{a + \frac{1}{b + \frac{1}{c + \frac{1}{d}}}} = \frac{29}{154}, \text{ then } a + b + c + d = ?$$

(a) 12

(b) 13

✓ (c) 14

(d) 15

$$\frac{53}{45} = \overset{a}{\textcircled{1}} + \frac{8}{45}$$

$$\frac{45}{8} = \overset{b}{\textcircled{5}} + \frac{5}{8}$$

$$\frac{8}{5} = \overset{c}{\textcircled{2}} - \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ans} &= 4a + b + 3c \\ &= 4 + 5 + 6 \\ &= 15 \end{aligned}$$

71. If $\frac{45}{53} = \frac{1}{\underset{a}{+} \frac{1}{\underset{b}{+} \frac{1}{\underset{c}{-} \frac{2}{5}}}}$, where a, b and c are positive integers, then what is the value of $(4a + b + 3c)$?

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~~(a) 5~~

(c) 6

~~(b) 4~~

(d) 7

$$\frac{8}{5} \begin{cases} 1 + \frac{3}{5} \\ 2 - \frac{2}{5} \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{79}{29} = \overset{x}{\textcircled{2}} + \frac{21}{29}$$

$$\frac{29}{21} = \overset{y}{\textcircled{1}} + \frac{2 \times 4}{21}$$

$$\frac{21}{4} = \overset{z}{\textcircled{5}} + \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2x + 3y - z \\ = 4 + 3 - 5 \\ = \underline{\underline{2}} \end{aligned}$$

72. If $\frac{1}{\overset{x}{\textcircled{2}} + \frac{1}{\overset{y}{\textcircled{1}} + \frac{2}{z + \frac{1}{4}}}} = \frac{29}{79}$, where x , y and z are

natural numbers, then the value $(2x + 3y - z)$ is:

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- (a) 1
(c) 0

- (b) 4
(d) 2

CONCEPT-06

$$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{4}{5} \times \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{6}{7} \times \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{8}{9} \times \frac{9}{10} \times \frac{10}{11} \times \frac{11}{12} \times \frac{12}{13} \times \frac{13}{14} \times \frac{14}{15} \times \frac{15}{16} \times \frac{16}{17} \times \frac{17}{18} \times \frac{18}{19} \times \frac{19}{20} \times \frac{20}{21} \times \frac{21}{22} \times \frac{22}{23} \times \frac{23}{24} \times \frac{24}{25} \times \frac{25}{26} \times \frac{26}{27} \times \frac{27}{28} \times \frac{28}{29} \times \frac{29}{30} \times \frac{30}{31} \times \frac{31}{32} \times \frac{32}{33} \times \frac{33}{34} \times \frac{34}{35} \times \frac{35}{36} \times \frac{36}{37} \times \frac{37}{38} \times \frac{38}{39} \times \frac{39}{40} \times \frac{40}{41} \times \frac{41}{42} \times \frac{42}{43} \times \frac{43}{44} \times \frac{44}{45} \times \frac{45}{46} \times \frac{46}{47} \times \frac{47}{48} \times \frac{48}{49} \times \frac{49}{50}$$

$$= \frac{2}{50} = \frac{1}{25}$$

**(Continuous Fraction Series
सतत भिन्नात्मक श्रेणी)**

73. $\left[\left(1 - \frac{1}{3}\right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{4}\right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{5}\right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{6}\right) \dots \left(1 - \frac{1}{99}\right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{100}\right) \right]$

(a) $\frac{2}{99}$

(b) $\frac{1}{25}$

✓ (c) $\frac{1}{50}$

(d) $\frac{1}{100}$

$$Q. \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{3}\right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{4}\right) \dots \left(1 - \frac{1}{50}\right)$$

$$\text{Ans } \frac{1}{\cancel{2}} \times \frac{\cancel{2}}{\cancel{3}} \times \frac{\cancel{3}}{4} \times \dots \times \frac{49}{50}$$

$$= \frac{1}{50}$$

74. The sum of

$\frac{n-1}{2}$
(Trick)
put $n=1$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{12} + \dots + \frac{1}{n(n+1)} \text{ is:}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{12} + \dots + \frac{1}{n(n+1)} \text{ का योग है-}$$

NTPC CBT-1, 02/03/2021 (Shift-03)

(a) $\left(\frac{n+1}{n}\right) \frac{2}{1}$

(b) $\frac{n+1}{2n} \frac{2}{2} 1$

(c) $\frac{n(n+1)}{2} \frac{1 \times 2}{2}$

✓ (d) $\frac{n}{n+1} \frac{1}{2}$

74. The sum of

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{12} + \dots + \frac{1}{n(n+1)} \text{ is:}$$

$$\frac{1}{1 \times 2} + \frac{1}{2 \times 3} + \frac{1}{3 \times 4} + \dots + \frac{1}{n(n+1)}$$
$$= \left(\frac{1}{1} - \frac{1}{2} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4} \right) + \dots + \left(\frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n+1} \right) \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{12} + \dots + \frac{1}{n(n+1)} \text{ का योग है-}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1} - \frac{1}{n+1} = \frac{(n+1) - 1}{(n+1)}$$
$$= \frac{n+1-1}{(n+1)} = \frac{n}{n+1}$$

NTPC CBT-1, 02/03/2021 (Shift-03)

(a) $\left(\frac{n+1}{n} \right)$

(b) $\frac{n+1}{2n}$

(c) $\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$

☒ (d) $\frac{n}{n+1}$

$$Q. \frac{1}{1 \times 2} + \frac{1}{2 \times 3} + \frac{1}{3 \times 4} + \dots + \frac{1}{10 \times 11}$$

M-1 (Basic)

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{1 \times 2} + \frac{1}{2 \times 3} + \dots + \frac{1}{10 \times 11} \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{1} - \frac{1}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3} + \dots - \frac{1}{10} + \left(\frac{1}{10} - \frac{1}{11} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{1} - \frac{1}{11} \\ &= \frac{10}{11} \end{aligned}$$

Trick

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ans} &= \frac{1}{\text{diff}} [1^{\text{st}} - \text{last}] \\ &= \frac{1}{1} \left[\frac{1}{1} - \frac{1}{11} \right] \\ &= 1 \left[\frac{10}{11} \right] \\ &= \frac{10}{11} \end{aligned}$$

Q. $\frac{1}{1 \times 2} + \frac{1}{2 \times 3} + \frac{1}{3 \times 4} + \dots + \frac{1}{10 \times 11}$

Q. $\frac{1}{1 \times 3} + \frac{1}{3 \times 5} + \frac{1}{5 \times 7} + \dots + \frac{1}{15 \times 17}$

Q. $\frac{1}{1 \times 2 \times 3} + \frac{1}{2 \times 3 \times 4} + \frac{1}{3 \times 4 \times 5} + \dots + \frac{1}{10 \times 11 \times 12}$

Q. $\frac{1}{1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4} + \frac{1}{2 \times 3 \times 4 \times 5} + \frac{1}{3 \times 4 \times 5 \times 6} + \dots + \frac{1}{10 \times 11 \times 12 \times 13}$

Q. Misc.

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{15} + \frac{1}{35} + \dots + \frac{1}{955}$$

Q. $\frac{1}{1 \times 3} + \frac{1}{3 \times 5} + \frac{1}{5 \times 7} + \dots + \frac{1}{15 \times 17}$

$$\text{ans} = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{1} - \frac{1}{17} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{16}{17} \times 8$$

$$= \left(\frac{8}{17} \right)$$

$$75. \quad \frac{1}{\underline{11 \times 12}} + \frac{1}{12 \times 13} + \frac{1}{13 \times 14} + \dots + \frac{1}{80 \times 81}$$

(a) $\frac{69}{890}$

☒ (b) $\frac{70}{891}$

(c) $\frac{71}{790}$

(d) $\frac{72}{891}$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ans} &= \frac{1}{\text{diff}} \left[\text{1st} - \text{last} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{1} \left[\frac{1}{11} - \frac{1}{81} \right] \\ &= \frac{81 - 11}{891} = \frac{70}{891} \end{aligned}$$

76. $\frac{1}{1 \times 4} + \frac{1}{4 \times 7} + \frac{1}{7 \times 10} + \dots + \frac{1}{97 \times 100}$

(a) $\frac{33}{100}$

(b) $\frac{34}{99}$

(c) $\frac{35}{99}$

(d) $\frac{37}{100}$

$\rightarrow \text{Ans} = \frac{1}{3} \left[\frac{1}{1} - \frac{1}{100} \right]$
 $= \frac{1 \times 99}{3 \times 100} = \frac{33}{100}$

77. $\frac{1}{3 \times 7} + \frac{1}{7 \times 11} + \frac{1}{11 \times 15} + \dots + \frac{1}{899 \times 903}$

(a) $\frac{21}{509}$

(b) $\frac{18}{409}$

☒ (c) $\frac{25}{301}$

(d) $\frac{29}{31}$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left[\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{903} \right]$$
$$= \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{903 - 3}{3 \times 903} \right) = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{900}{3 \times 903} = \frac{25}{301}$$

78. $\frac{1}{4 \times 9} + \frac{1}{9 \times 14} + \frac{1}{14 \times 19} + \dots + \frac{1}{99 \times 104}$
P.G.W

(a) $\frac{7}{104}$

(b) $\frac{9}{100}$

(c) $\frac{5}{104}$

(d) $\frac{8}{105}$

$$Q. \quad \frac{1}{1 \times 2 \times 3} + \frac{1}{2 \times 3 \times 4} + \frac{1}{3 \times 4 \times 5} + \dots + \frac{1}{10 \times 11 \times 12}$$

m-1 (Basic)

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 2} - \frac{1}{2 \times 3} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{2 \times 3} - \frac{1}{3 \times 4} \right) + \dots + \left(\frac{1}{10 \times 11} - \frac{1}{11 \times 12} \right) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{1 \times 2} - \cancel{\frac{1}{2 \times 3}} + \cancel{\frac{1}{2 \times 3}} - \cancel{\frac{1}{3 \times 4}} + \dots + \cancel{\frac{1}{10 \times 11}} - \frac{1}{11 \times 12} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{1 \times 2} - \frac{1}{11 \times 12} \right]$$

Trick = $\frac{1}{\text{diff}} \left[1^{\text{st}} - \text{last} \right]$

$$Q. \left(\frac{1}{1 \times 2 \times 3} + \frac{1}{2 \times 3 \times 4} + - - - - + \frac{1}{10 \times 11 \times 12} \right)$$

$$\text{ans} = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{1 \times 2} - \frac{1}{11 \times 12} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{132 - 2}{2 \times 132} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{130}{2 \times 132} \quad 65$$

$$= \frac{65}{264} \quad \checkmark$$

79. $\frac{1}{1 \times 2 \times 3} + \frac{1}{2 \times 3 \times 4} + \frac{1}{3 \times 4 \times 5} + \dots + \frac{1}{98 \times 99 \times 100}$

CGC Mains

(a) $\frac{4949}{19800}$

(b) $\frac{1980}{49490}$

(c) $\frac{9898}{19800}$

(d) $\frac{1980}{47490}$

ans = $\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{1 \times 2} - \frac{1}{99 \times 100} \right]$

$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{9900 - 2}{2 \times 9900} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{9898}{2 \times 9900} = \frac{4949}{19800}$

✓ 80. Which of the following statement is true?
H.W

I. $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{12} + \dots + \frac{1}{110} < \frac{5}{6}$
1x2 2x3

II. $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{15} + \frac{1}{35} + \dots + \frac{1}{143} > \frac{7}{13}$

SSC CHSL 13/03/2023 (Shift-04)

- (a) Only I
- (b) Both I and II
- (c) Only II
- (d) Neither I nor II

81. ✓ If $x = \frac{1}{12.13} + \frac{1}{13.14} + \frac{1}{14.15} + \dots + \frac{1}{23.24}$, $y =$

$\frac{1}{36.37} + \frac{1}{37.38} + \frac{1}{38.39} + \dots + \frac{1}{71.72}$ then $\frac{x}{y}$ is

equal to:

(a) $\frac{1}{3}$

(b) $\frac{1}{24}$

(c) $\frac{1}{72}$

(d) 3

$$\text{ans} = \frac{1}{4} \left[\frac{1}{1 \times 3} - \frac{1}{11 \times 13} \right] \quad 82.$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left[\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{143} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{140}{3 \times 143} = \frac{35}{429}$$

$$\frac{1}{1 \times 3 \times 5} + \frac{1}{3 \times 5 \times 7} + \dots + \frac{1}{9 \times 11 \times 13}$$

(a) $\frac{35}{429}$

(b) $\frac{35}{439}$

(c) $\frac{25}{329}$

(d) $\frac{25}{329}$

83. $\frac{1}{1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4} + \frac{1}{2 \times 3 \times 4 \times 5} + \dots + \frac{1}{6 \times 7 \times 8 \times 9}$

(a) $\frac{83}{1512}$

(b) $\frac{84}{1513}$

(c) $\frac{83}{1415}$

(d) $\frac{84}{1413}$

✓ 84. $\frac{1}{1 \times 3 \times 5 \times 7} + \frac{1}{3 \times 5 \times 7 \times 9} + \dots + \frac{1}{11 \times 13 \times 15 \times 17}$

(a) $\frac{20}{1991}$

(b) $\frac{22}{1989}$

(c) $\frac{25}{1990}$

(d) $\frac{27}{1991}$

$$\text{ans} = \frac{1}{14} \left[\frac{1}{4 \times 11} - \frac{1}{74 \times 81} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{7} \left[\frac{3^7}{74 \times 81} - \frac{2}{4 \times 11} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{7} \times \frac{(2997 - 22)}{4 \times 11 \times 74 \times 81}$$

$$= \frac{1}{7} \times \frac{2975}{4 \times 11 \times 74 \times 81}$$

=

85.

$$\frac{1}{4 \times 11 \times 18} + \frac{1}{11 \times 18 \times 25} + \frac{1}{18 \times 25 \times 32} + \dots +$$

$$\frac{1}{67 \times 74 \times 81}$$

(a) $\frac{425}{263736}$ $19 - 8 = 11$

(b) $\frac{425}{253737}$

(c) $\frac{424}{253737}$

(d) $\frac{425}{253736}$ $18 - 8 = 10$

$$\text{ans} = \frac{1}{14} \left[\frac{1}{4 \times 11} - \frac{1}{74 \times 81} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{14} \frac{(74 \times 81 - 4 \times 11)}{4 \times 11 \times 74 \times 81}$$

85.

$$\frac{1}{4 \times 11 \times 18} + \frac{1}{11 \times 18 \times 25} + \frac{1}{18 \times 25 \times 32} + \dots +$$

$$\frac{1}{67 \times 74 \times 81}$$

✓ (a) $\frac{425}{\cancel{263736}}$

(b) $\frac{425}{253737}$

(c) $\frac{424}{253737}$

✗ (d) $\frac{425}{253736}$ 18-8

$$\text{Ans} = \frac{1}{4} \left[\frac{1}{1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4} - \frac{1}{11 \times 12 \times 13 \times 14} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left[\frac{1}{24} - \frac{1}{24024} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1001 - 1}{24024} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1000}{24024} = \frac{125}{12012}$$

$$\text{Ans} = \frac{125}{12012}$$

86.

$$\frac{1}{1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4 \times 5} + \frac{1}{2 \times 3 \times 4 \times 5 \times 6} + \dots + \frac{1}{10 \times 11 \times 12 \times 13 \times 14}$$

(a) $\frac{10009}{960960}$

(c) $\frac{10019}{960961}$

(b) $\frac{10009}{960970}$

(d) $\frac{10018}{960961}$

$$\frac{5}{4 \times 9} + \frac{7}{9 \times 16} + \dots + \frac{19}{81 \times 100}$$

$$\text{ans} = \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{100}$$

$$= \frac{25-1}{100} = \frac{24}{100} = \frac{6}{25}$$

87. $\frac{5}{2^2 \cdot 3^2} + \frac{7}{3^2 \cdot 4^2} + \frac{9}{4^2 \cdot 5^2} + \frac{11}{5^2 \cdot 6^2} + \frac{13}{6^2 \cdot 7^2} + \frac{15}{7^2 \cdot 8^2} + \frac{17}{8^2 \cdot 9^2} + \frac{19}{9^2 \cdot 10^2}$ is equal to.

(a) $\frac{1}{100}$

(c) $\frac{101}{100}$

☒ (b) $\frac{6}{25}$

(d) 1

Note:- $\frac{|b-a|}{a \times b} + \frac{|c-b|}{b \times c} + \frac{|d-c|}{c \times d} + \dots + \frac{|y-x|}{x \times y}$

Trick

$$\left(\frac{1}{a} - \frac{1}{y} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{ans} &= \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{43} \\ &= \frac{43-3}{3 \times 43} \\ &= \frac{40}{129}\end{aligned}$$

88. $\frac{4}{\textcircled{3} \times 7} + \frac{6}{7 \times 13} + \frac{8}{13 \times 21} + \frac{10}{21 \times 31} + \frac{12}{31 \times \textcircled{43}}$

(a) $\frac{39}{128}$

(c) $\frac{41}{130}$

(b) $\frac{40}{129}$

(d) $\frac{42}{135}$

$$\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 3 \times 5} + \frac{1}{3 \times 5 \times 7} + \dots + 10 \text{ terms} \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 4} + \frac{1}{4 \times 7} + \dots + 10 \text{ terms} \right)$$

89. $\frac{1}{1 \times 3 \times 5} + \frac{1}{1 \times 4} + \frac{1}{3 \times 5 \times 7} + \frac{1}{4 \times 7} + \frac{1}{5 \times 7 \times 9} + \dots + \frac{1}{7 \times 10} + \dots + \text{upto 20 terms}$

(a) $\frac{6179}{15275}$

☒ (b) $\frac{6070}{14973}$

(c) $\frac{7191}{15174}$

(d) $\frac{5183}{16423}$

$$= \left\{ \frac{1}{1 \times 3 \times 5} + \frac{1}{3 \times 5 \times 7} + \dots + \frac{1}{19 \times 21 \times 23} \right\} + \left\{ \frac{1}{1 \times 4} + \frac{1}{4 \times 7} + \dots + \frac{1}{28 \times 31} \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left\{ \frac{1}{1 \times 3} - \frac{1}{21 \times 23} \right\} + \frac{1}{3} \left\{ \frac{1}{1} - \frac{1}{31} \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{161 - 1}{483} \right) + \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{30}{31}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{160}{483} + \frac{10}{31}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{40}{483} + \frac{10}{31}}{1} = \frac{1240 + 4830}{14973} = \frac{6070}{14973}$$

$$\frac{1}{2 \times 5} + \frac{1}{5 \times 8} + \dots + \frac{1}{299 \times 302}$$

$$\text{ans} = \frac{1}{3} \left[\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{302} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \times \left(\frac{|S| - 1}{302} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{150 - 2}{302} \times 2S$$

$$= \frac{2S}{151}$$

90. $a_1 = \frac{1}{2 \times 5}, a_2 = \frac{1}{5 \times 8}, a_3 = \frac{1}{8 \times 11}$

then, $a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_{100} = ?$

(a) $\frac{25}{151}$

(b) $\frac{30}{157}$

(c) $\frac{1}{4}$

(d) $\frac{9}{55}$

$$Q_n = a + (n-1)d$$

$$Q_{100} = 2 + 99 \times 3 = 299$$

$$\frac{1}{1 \times 3} + \frac{1}{3 \times 5} + \dots + \frac{1}{19 \times 21} \quad 91.$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{1} - \frac{1}{21} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{20}{21}$$

$$= \frac{10}{21}$$

$$\frac{1}{2^2 - 1} + \frac{1}{4^2 - 1} + \frac{1}{6^2 - 1} + \dots + \frac{1}{20^2 - 1}$$

(a) $\frac{9}{19}$

(c) $\frac{11}{19}$

(b) $\frac{10}{19}$

(d) $\frac{10}{21}$

92. $\frac{1}{7^2 - 3^2} + \frac{1}{13^2 - 3^2} + \frac{1}{19^2 - 3^2} + \dots + \frac{1}{49^2 - 3^2}$

☒ (a) $\frac{1}{26}$

(b) $\frac{3}{52}$

(c) $\frac{1}{13}$

(d) $\frac{3}{26}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{4 \times 10} + \frac{1}{10 \times 16} + \dots + \frac{1}{46 \times 52} \\ &= \frac{1}{6} \left\{ \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{52} \right\} \\ &= \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{13-1}{52} \right) = \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{12}{52} = \frac{1}{26} \end{aligned}$$

$$* \quad 2\frac{1}{3} = 2 + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{7}{3}$$

$$* \quad a\frac{b}{c} = a + \frac{b}{c}$$

CONCEPT-07

$(a\frac{b}{c})$ Types of numbers

प्रकार की संख्याएं)

(a) If denominator of a number same as multiplier

यदि किसी संख्या का हर उसके गुणज के समान हो तो

93. The value of $99\frac{95}{99} \times 99$ is

(a) 9798

(b) 9997

(c) 9898

(d) 9896

m.1 (Basic)

$$\begin{aligned} & 99 \frac{95}{99} \times 99 \\ &= \left(99 + \frac{95}{99} \right) \times 99 \\ &= 99 \times 99 + \frac{95 \times 99}{99} \\ &= 9801 + 95 \\ &= \underline{9896} \end{aligned}$$

93. The value of $99 \frac{95}{99} \times 99$ is

(a) 9798

(b) 9997

(c) 9898

(d) 9896

93. The value of $99\frac{95}{99} \times 99$ is

(a) 9798

(b) 9997

(c) 9898

(d) 9896

Trick

$$\begin{aligned} & 99\frac{95}{99} \times 99 \\ &= \left\{ 99 + \frac{95}{99} \right\} \times 99 \\ &= \left\{ 99 + \frac{95+4}{99} \right\} \times 99 \\ &= (99+1)99 \\ &= 9900-4 = 9896 \end{aligned}$$

93. The value of 99 $\frac{95}{99}$ $\times$ 99 is

(a) 9798

(b) 9997

(c) 9898

(d) 9896

Trick

$$\begin{aligned}\text{ans} &= 9900 - 4 \\ &= 9896\end{aligned}$$

94. 999 $\frac{98}{99}$ $\times$ 99 is equal to:

☒ (a) 98999

(b) 99899

(c) 99989

(d) 99998

$$\begin{aligned}\text{ans} &= 99000 - 1 \\ &= 98999\end{aligned}$$

95. $\underline{999} \frac{994}{999} \times 999$

(a) 908999

(b) 999099

✓ (c) 998995

(d) 989095

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ans} &= 999000 - 5 \\ &= 998995 \end{aligned}$$

(b) If difference between numerator and denominator is 1.

यदि अंश और हर के बीच का अंतर 1 हो तो

96. $\frac{1}{8} + 999\frac{791}{792} \times 99$

(a) 89000

(b) 88900

(c) 95900

(d) 99000

$$\frac{1}{8} = 1 - \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\frac{8}{9} = 1 - \frac{1}{9}$$

96. $\frac{1}{8} + 999 \frac{791}{792} \times 99$

(a) 89000

(b) 88900

(c) 95900

(d) 99000

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{1}{8} + \left(999 + \frac{791}{792} \right) \times 99 \\
 &= \frac{1}{8} + \left(999 + 1 - \frac{1}{792} \right) \times 99 \\
 &= \frac{1}{8} + \left(1000 - \frac{1}{792} \right) \times 99 \\
 &= \frac{1}{8} + \left(99000 - \frac{1}{792} \times 99 \right) = \frac{1}{8} + 99000 - \frac{1}{8}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} = 1 - \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\frac{8}{9} = 1 - \frac{1}{9}$$

96. $\frac{1}{8} + \underline{999} \frac{791}{792} \times \textcircled{99}$

(a) 89000

(c) 95900

(b) 88900

✓ (d) 99000

Ans = 9900

97. Find the value of $\frac{1}{5} + 999\frac{494}{495} \times 99$

(a) 90000

☒ (b) 99000

(c) 90900

(d) 99990

Basic

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{5} + \left(999 + \frac{494}{495} \right) \times 99 \\ = & \frac{1}{5} + \left(999 + 1 - \frac{1}{495} \right) \times 99 \\ = & \frac{1}{5} + \left(1000 - \frac{1}{495} \right) \times 99 \\ = & \frac{1}{5} + 99000 - \frac{1}{495} \times 99 \end{aligned}$$

$$\cancel{\frac{1}{5}} + 99000 - \cancel{\frac{1}{5}}$$

97. Find the value of $\frac{1}{5} + \underline{999} \frac{494}{495} \times \textcircled{99}$

(a) 90000

☒ (b) 99000

(c) 90900

(d) 99990

Ans= 99000

$$①. \frac{1}{2} + \left(999 \frac{197}{198} \right) \times 99 = 99000 \checkmark$$

$$①. \frac{1}{3} + \left(999 \frac{296}{297} \right) \times 99 = 99000 \checkmark$$

$$①. \frac{1}{4} + \left(999 \frac{395}{396} \right) \times 99 = 99000 \checkmark$$

98. $\frac{1}{7} + \left(999 \frac{692}{693} \right) \times 99$ is equal to:

(a) 1

✓ (b) 99000

(c) 99800

(d) 99900

Ans = 99000

99. $999\frac{1}{5} + 999\frac{2}{5} + \dots + 999\frac{4}{5}$

(a) 3798

(c) 3899

☒ (b) 3998

(d) 9939

$$= 999 + \frac{1}{5} + 999 + \frac{2}{5} + 999 + \frac{3}{5} + 999 + \frac{4}{5}$$

$$= 999 \times 4 + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{2}{5} + \frac{3}{5} + \frac{4}{5}$$

$$= 3996 + \frac{10}{5}$$

$$= \underline{3998}$$

99. $999\frac{\overset{1}{5}}{5} + 999\frac{2}{5} + \dots\dots\dots 999\frac{3}{5} \dots + 999\frac{4}{5}$

(a) 3798

(c) 3899

☒ (b) 3998

(d) 9939

$$= 999 \times 4 + \frac{10}{8} 2$$

$$= 3996 + 2$$

$$= 3998$$

100. Find the value of

$$777\frac{1}{5} + 777\frac{2}{5} + 777\frac{3}{5} + 777\frac{4}{5}$$

$777\frac{1}{5} + 777\frac{2}{5} + 777\frac{3}{5} + 777\frac{4}{5}$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

✓ NTPC CBT-1, 03/03/2021 (Shift-01)

✓ (a) 3110

(b) 3018

(c) 3000

(d) 3108

$$\begin{aligned} & 777 \times 4 + \frac{10^2}{8} \\ &= 3108 + 2 \\ &= 3110 \end{aligned}$$

CONCEPT-08

(Some Standard Formulae for Addition

जोड़ के लिए कुछ सामान्य सूत्र)

- **Sum of first 'n' natural numbers**

प्रथम **n** प्राकृतिक संख्या का योगफल

$$1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n = \frac{n(n + 1)}{2}$$

- * Natural no. $(1+2+3+\dots+n)$
- * Square " $(1^2+2^2+3^2+\dots+n^2)$
- * Cube " $(1^3+2^3+3^3+\dots+n^3)$
- * Odd " $(1+3+5+\dots)$
- * even " $(2+4+6+8+\dots)$

Sum

$$\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

$$\frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

$$\left[\frac{n(n+1)}{2} \right]^2$$

$$n^2$$

$$n(n+1)$$

} for first n numbers.

- **Sum of the squares of first 'n' natural numbers.**

प्रथम **n** प्राकृतिक संख्याओं के वर्गों का योगफल

$$1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \dots + n^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

- **Sum of square of n odd/even number/ n विषम/सम**

संख्याओं के वर्गों का योग = $\frac{n(n+1)(n+2)}{6}$ where n is last

odd/even number/ जहाँ n अंतिम विषम/सम संख्या है।

- **Sum of the cubes of first 'n' natural numbers.**

प्रथम **n** प्राकृतिक संख्याओं के घनों का योगफल

$$1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + \dots + n^3 = \left\{ n \frac{(n+1)}{2} \right\}^2$$

- **Sum of even integers/सम पूर्णांकों का योगफल**
 $2 + 4 + 6 + \dots + 2n = n(n + 1)$
- **Sum of odd integers/विषम पूर्णांकों का योगफल**
 $1 + 3 + 5 + \dots + (2n - 1) = n^2$

101. What is sum of odd numbers from 1 to 50?

1 से 50 तक विषम संख्याओं का योग क्या है?

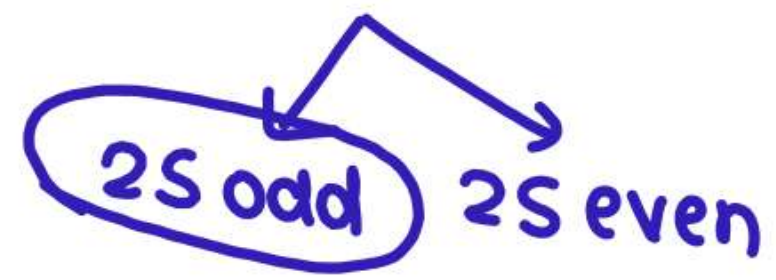
(a) 625

(b) 650

(c) 667

(d) 670

(1-50) तक



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Ans} &= (25)^2 \\ &= \underline{\underline{625}} \end{aligned}$$

Q. what is sum of first 10 odd numbers.

$$(1+3+5+7+9+11+13+15+17+19)$$

$$\text{ans} = n^2 = (10)^2 = 100$$

Q. what is sum of first 20 odd numbers.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{ans} &= (20)^2 \\ &= \underline{\underline{400}}\end{aligned}$$

102. What is sum of first 50 odd numbers?

प्रथम 50 विषम संख्याओं का योग क्या है?

- ☒ (a) 2500
(c) 2700

- (b) 2600
(d) 2800

$$\begin{aligned}\text{ans} &= (50)^2 \\ &= 2500\end{aligned}$$

Q. $1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \dots + 10^2$

Solⁿ

$$\frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

$$= \frac{\overset{S}{\cancel{10}} \times 11 \times \overset{7}{\cancel{21}}}{\cancel{6} \cancel{3}}$$

$$= \textcircled{385} \checkmark$$

Q. $4^2 + 5^2 + 6^2 + \dots + 10^2$

(1 से 10 तक) - (1 से 3 तक)

Solⁿ $(1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \dots + 10^2) - (1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2)$

$$= \frac{\overset{S}{\cancel{10}} \times 11 \times \overset{7}{\cancel{21}}}{\cancel{6} \cancel{3}} - \frac{\cancel{3} \times \overset{2}{\cancel{4}} \times \cancel{7}}{\cancel{6} \cancel{2}}$$

$$= 385 - 14$$

$$= \underline{371}$$

$$\frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

103. $7^2 + 8^2 + \dots + 12^2 = ?$

(a) 459

(c) 567

(b) ☒ 559

(d) 570

$$\begin{aligned} & (1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \dots + 12^2) - (1^2 + 2^2 + \dots + 6^2) \\ &= \frac{\cancel{12} \times 13 \times 2\cancel{5}}{\cancel{6}} - \frac{\cancel{6} \times 7 \times 13}{\cancel{6}} \\ &= 650 - 91 \\ &= 559 \end{aligned}$$

104. Find the value of $21^2 + 22^2 + 23^2 + \dots + 30^2$

H.W

$21^2 + 22^2 + 23^2 + \dots + 30^2$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

(a) 6855

(b) 6585

(c) 5865

(d) 8565

$$Q. 1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + \dots + 10^3$$

$$\underline{\text{Sol}^n} \quad \left[\frac{n(n+1)}{2} \right]^2$$

$$= \left(\frac{10 \times 11}{2} \right)^2$$

$$= (55)^2$$

$$= \underline{3025}$$

$$Q. 4^3 + 5^3 + 6^3 + \dots + 10^3$$

$$\underline{\text{Sol}^n} \quad (1 \text{ से } 10 \text{ तक}) - (1 \text{ से } 3 \text{ तक})$$

$$= \left(\frac{10 \times 11}{2} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{3 \times 4}{2} \right)^2$$

$$= 3025 - 36$$

$$= \underline{2989}$$

$$\left[\frac{n(n+1)}{2} \right]^2$$

105. $9^3 + 10^3 + \dots + 14^3 + 15^3$

(a) 12104

(b) 12105

☒ (c) 13104

(d) 14104

Ans: (1 से 15 तक) - (1 से 8 तक)

$$= \left(\frac{15 \times 16}{2} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{8 \times 9}{2} \right)^2$$

$$= (120)^2 - (36)^2$$

$$= 84 \times 156$$

$$= 13104$$