

Dear
Learner's!

English



CTET FREE NOTES

English Language & Pedagogy



CTET / UPTET / SUPER TET

9140049809 , 9569519709

FEATURES:

1. Daily Live Class
2. Recorded Class
3. Online Mock Test
4. Test Series
5. Sunday Free Mock Test
6. Class PDF
7. Doubt Class

आज ही से शुरू करे तैयारी
Dear Learner's ऐप के साथ

Download **Dear Learner's** App Now!



अधिक जानकारी के लिए दिये गये नं. पर संपर्क करें!!

ENGLISH

Language:- language is a medium of communication. All over the world every one have their own specific way to communicate.

such as – Birds, Animals and Humans.

In fact it is way by which one can share own thought, views, ideas, or feeling.

⇒ in a simple way we can say that language is a system, language acquired behaviors, and language is arbitrary.

Language Acquisition and learning:-

Language Acquisition:- it is natural process. First language (F1) development. Not need any formal instruction or practice.

It acquire by innate ability.

Language learning:-

- ✓ need to explain grammar rules.
- ✓ Involvement of second language.
- ✓ Need to focus on study and practice.
- ✓ Fluency is maintain during learning.

1) The language which is learnt from environment with out any explicit teaching is?

- a) Second language
- b) Third language
- c) School language
- d) First language

3) Note taking is done

- a) While writing an essay



- b) During extensive work
- c) During a lecture
- d) While reading

4) When a child learns a language naturally without any practice it is called-

- a) Language learning
- b) Language Acquisition
- c) Language generalization
- d) Language adaptation

5) Which of the following are structured words

- a) Preposition
- b) Auxiliaries
- c) All of these
- d) Conjunction

6) CCE is-

- a) Continuous testing
- b) Continuous assessment
- c) Periodic conduct of exam
- d) Assessment of learners while learning

7) Writing is the ----- representation of speech sound?

- a) Graphical
- b) Phonetic
- c) Alphabetical
- d) Systematic

8) English language function through sound, words and structure. This system of sound is known as-

- a) Syntax

b) Morpheme

c) Phonology

d) Pragmatics

9) Language learning involves -

a) First language

b) Mother tongue

c) Second or additional language

d) Natural process

10) English phraseology is explained and understood in-

a) Direct method

b) Dr. west's new method

c) Translation – cum – Grammar method

d) ALM

11) Language Acquisition is -

a) Formal instruction

b) Effort and study

c) Follow by grammar rules

d) Naturalistic process

12) In which method model sentence is chosen and then words are substituted -

a) Normal approach

b) Army method

c) Reading method

d) Substitution table method

13) Sandwich technique provides -

a) Presentation

- b) Practice
- c) Production
- d) All of above

14) Target language is also known as -

- a) Receptor language
- b) Foreign language
- c) Native language
- d) Positive response

15) Language of word necessary for -

- a) Imaginative thinking
- b) Asseriative thinking
- c) (a) and (b) both
- d) Only (a)

16) To facilitate learning for all student the scope of school education will be broadened to facilitate multiple pathway to learning involving _____ and _____ education modes.

- a) Formal, non-formal
- b) Non formal –Rigid
- c) More than of above
- d) None of above

17) The interpersonal learner is some one who learns by -

- a) Relating to others
- b) Define things
- c) Categorize things
- d) None of these

18) The foundation pillars in NEP 2020 –

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------|
| 1. Accessibility | 2. Affordability |
| 3. Quality | 4. Access |
| 5. Accountability | 6. Equity |

- a) 1, 3, 4, 5, 6
- b) 3, 4, 1, 4
- c) 2, 3, 1, 5, 6
- d) 2, 5, 3, 6, 4

19) Right to education is a fundamental right under article 21A which deals with 'right to life' because -

- a) Education helps in leading a dignified life.
- b) Only an educated person has right to life.
- c) Education is life
- d) All people don't have right

20) Teachers are closely associated with

- a) Evaluation
- b) Observing
- c) Learning
- d) Study

21) Reading English as a second language means.

- a) Reading aloud
- b) Reading for grammar
- c) Meaning making
- d) Decoding of letters and words

22) A word with same spelling and same pronunciation as another but with a different meaning is a/an-

- a) Homophone

- b) Antonym
- c) Synonym
- d) Homonym

23) A good teaching learning material (TLM) can best -

- a) Be a source of entertainment
- b) Help the teacher to transout material without any modification
- c) Help the learners acquire a language
- d) Facilitate the teaching – learning process.



24) The deductive method is a method of teaching -

- a) Spelling
- b) Poetry
- c) Grammar
- d) Prose

25) Poetry teaching is generally meant for

- a) Learning grammar
- b) Enjoyment and appreciate on
- c) Learning punctuation
- d) Language learning

26) To develop language function, teaching of speaking skill for younger children would include -

- a) Debates and declamations
- b) Short project presentation
- c) Greeting informal request and asking for personal information
- d) Telephonic chat

27) Education is to use the students native language to teach some academic content while simultaneously providing an additional L2 instruction.

- a) Multilingual
- b) Bilingual
- c) Humanistic
- d) Basic

28) Written description of a child's process that a teacher keeps on a day to day basis -

- a) Rubric
- b) Anecdotal record
- c) Port folio
- d) Rating scale

29) Notes can be made using a flow chart or a web diagram. The skill is -

- a) Storing
- b) Summarizing
- c) Retrieving
- d) Gathering

30) All formative assessment is

- a) Assessment of learning
- b) Assessment for learning
- c) Assessment while learning
- d) Assessment as learning

31) Direct method of English teaching is more suitable for -

- a) Student of early stage
- b) Adolescence
- c) For adult
- d) None of these

32) Speaking and writing are activities which means command of language -

- a) Local language
- b) Assessment of learning
- c) Productive
- d) All of these

33) Descriptive grammar is also called -

- a) Functional grammar
- b) Verb
- c) Adjective
- d) Preposition

34) Find the most similar meaning word –Spend

- a) Pay
- b) Bought
- c) Devote
- d) Settle

36) Choose the most appropriate opposite word –Dismay

- a) Joy
- b) Interest
- c) Desire
- d) Lumour

37) Choose the most appropriate opposite word – Tended

- a) Negligible
- b) Watched
- c) Ignored
- d) Spoil

38) Communicative language teaching is a reaction against.

- a) Use of language than to learn it.

- b) Convectional belief of learning the language first and then to use of it.
- c) Natural learning of English by 'use'
- d) Active role of the students as an

39) In which method both the teacher and the learner involved in the decision making process of the curriculum -

- a) Grammar translation method
- b) Direct method
- c) Communicative method
- d) Substantial method

40) CCE stand for -

- a) Continues and comprehensive evaluation
- b) Complete continues evaluation
- c) Cogitative compare evaluation
- d) Co-operate, continue evaluation

41) Assessment of learning is centered towards.

- a) Curriculum
- b) Teacher
- c) Student
- d) Books

42) Assessment of learning is a type of assessments-

- a) Formative
- b) Cumulative
- c) Summative
- d) All of these

43) In which assessment child participate actively -

- a) Assessment of learning

- b) Assessment for learning
- c) Assessment as learning
- d) summative assessment

find out the errors

44) Starting out my own business at this time would affect the financial stability of my family.

- a) Starting up my
- b) For starting with
- c) To start out mine
- d) By starting my
- e) No correction required

Find out the errors

45) Use a tactic for mixing the inferior with good quality rice is dishonest and you will lose your license.

- a) Using tactics as
- b) Using a tactic like
- c) To use tactics
- d) Used to tactics like
- e) No correction required

Find out the errors

46) The company will invest more six hundred crores in the next five years to expand its operations in Britain.

- a) Will further invest
- b) Has invested more than
- c) Have invested over
- d) Will be invested above

- e) No correction required

Find out the errors

47) Several of our projects have delayed because the equipment we ordered was delivered late.

- a) Have been delayed when
- b) Delayed because of
- c) Are delayed since
- d) Were delayed with
- e) No correction required



Find out the errors

48) The committee has ruled out the possible raising taxes for this financial year.

- a) Possibly raised
- b) Possible rise of
- c) Possibility to raise
- d) Possibility of raising
- e) No correction required

49) Who adopted the technique of substitution table and gave it a shape of teaching method -

- a) Noam Chomsky
- b) Tracy Terrell
- c) H.E palmer
- d) Germany

50) C.C fries the founder of structural grammar was -

- a) A English teacher
- b) An American linguist

- c) A scientist
- d) A language teacher

Directions (1-8) Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it.

Govind's father was a rich landlord, who loved and respected by all his tenants. When he died, he left large tracts land to Govind but Govind did not spend a single day looking after his land. He had a funny idea, that there existed a magic potion which, if it was poured on any object would turn it into gold. He spent all his time trying to learn more about his potion. People took advantage of him and cheated him. His wife grew anxious. Given the amount of money Govind was pending, she was sure that they would soon be paupers. One day, a widely respected sage who had been to the Himalayas came to their town. Govind asked him about the motion. To his surprise the sage answered, "I have learnt how to brew such a potion. But it is a difficult process." "Tell me!" insisted Govind, hardly able to believe his luck. "You have to collect the dew which settles on the leaves of a banana tree every morning during winter. There is a condition though. The tree should be planted and watered regularly with your own hands. Store the collected dew in an earthen vessel and when you have five litres, bring it to me. I will recite a sacred mantra to transform the dew into the potion. A drop of the potion will be sufficient to change any object into gold.

Govind was worried. "Winter is only for a few months in the year. It will take me years to collect the dew." "You can Plant as many trees as you want" replied the sage: Govind went home and after talking to his wife, began clearing the large Fields which had been lying vacant for years. He Planted rows of banana saplings. He tended them with great care. His wife helped him

too. She would take the banana crop to market and get a good price. Over the years to collect the dew.” you can finally after six years Govind had five liters of dew. He went to the sage who smiled, uttered a mantra and sprinkled a few drops of dew on a copper vessel. To Govind’s Dismay, nothing happened. “You have cheated me!” he shouted at the sage. The sage, however, smiled. Govind’s wife then came forward with a box. The sage opened it and revealed stacks of gold coins inside. Turning to Govind he said, “ You Worked hard on Your land and created a plantation. You wife sold the produce in the market. It was your hard work work which created this wealth, not magic if I had told you this earlier, You would not have listened.” Govind Understood the wisdom behind the sage’s words and worked even harder from that day on.

1) Why did Govind’s Father give him large plots of land?

- a) It was his way of instilling a sense of responsibility in his son.
- b) Govind was his only son and sole heir
- c) To provide Govind with sufficient funds to pursue his interest of discovering a magic potion.
- d) He wanted govind to continue to look after the tenants.
- e) None of these

2) Which of the following can be said about the sage?

- a) He was cunning and plotted with Govind’s wife to cheat him.
- b) He had no magical powers as such and used to swindle people.
- c) He was a good judge of people.
- d) He did not deserve his good reputation.
- e) He was dishonest because he had cheated Govind out of his gold

3) Why was Govind’s wife worried?

- a) Govind had no knowledge of farming could not cultivate the land he had inherited from his father.
- b) Govind had no friends because he was obsessed with finding a potion which would turn anything into gold.
- c) Govind was only interested in studying under different sages and neglected his family duties.
- d) Since Govind had devoted all his time and wealth to finding a magic potion they would soon be poor.
- e) Govind's experiments to find a magic potion were dangerous.

4) Why did Govind's wife help him in the fields?

- 1) To support her husband in his endeavour to find a magic potion.**
- 2) The sage had advised her to help her husband succeed**
- 3) He needed someone to help him collect the dew.**

- a) None
- b) Only (1)
- c) Both (1) & (2)
- d) All (1), (2) and (3)
- e) None of these

5) Why did Govind decide to cultivate a banana crop?

- a) The soil of his land was suitable only for cultivating bananas.
- b) It was the most highly priced commodity in the region.
- c) It could be grown at any time of the year including winter.
- d) His wife pressurized him to do so.
- e) The ingredient for the magic potion could only be obtained from a banana tree.

6) What made Govind angry with the sage?

- a) The sage had conspired with Govind's wife against him.
- b) He had forgotten the magic spell and all Govind's hard work was in vain.
- c) He had a good deal of money in cultivating bananas.
- d) The sage had made a fool of him in front of other villagers.
- e) None of these.

7) How did Govind acquire his dream of gold finally?

- a) The sage gave him gold as a reward for his hard work.
- b) His wife diligently saved the gold he had received from his father.
- c) By selling the banana plantation.
- d) His wife sold bananas at a higher price than others did.
- e) None of these

8) Which of the following is TRUE in the Context of the passage?

- 1) Govind was easily fooled by people.
 - 2) Govind was persevering by nature.
 - 3) The sage had never actually been to the Himalayas.
- a) Only (1)
 - b) Both (1) & (2)
 - c) Only (3)
 - d) Both (1) & (3)
 - e) None of these

9) Language course-books prescribed for students should provide

- a) Detailed lesson – plans for teachers
- b) Suggested sequence of teaching procedures
- c) Balanced presentation of information
- d) Organized units of learning experiences

10) Language learners to do by doing. Which activity supports this observation?

- a) Opportunities to practice as it helps with habit formation
- b) Encourage the use of their mother tongue to promote better understanding of the meaning of a prescribed text
- c) Go from concrete to abstract texts
- d) The teacher models the writing and speaking styles which learners copy

11) An exercise, where words are left out of a shorter passage, and the pupil must fill in blanks with suitable words based on her reading, assesses her ability to

- a) Comprehend
- b) Use new words
- c) Summarize
- d) Spell words

12) Fill in the blank with the appropriate modal:

The villagers _____ read and write their mother tongue.

- a) May
- b) Can
- c) Should
- d) With

13) Concept of observational learning was given by_____

- a) Tolman
- b) Bandura
- c) Thorndike
- d) Kohler

14) Choose the synonym of the following word: Inundate



- a) To flood
- b) Sink
- c) Batter down
- d) Pass by

15) Fill in the blank with the most suitable adverb from those provided: it took us _____ five hours to reach the airport.

- a) Neatly
- b) Always
- c) Enough
- d) None of these

16) Fill in the blank with the most appropriate option: _____ to a rock concert?

- a) Have you ever been
- b) Do you ever go
- c) Have you ever go
- d) Were you ever go

17) His father is the chairman.

The underline phrase is

- a) Subject
- b) Subject complement
- c) Object complement
- d) object

18) Assertion- A safe, secure, comfortable and happy classroom environment help children learn better.

Reason- it involve at foundational stage.

- a) (A) and (R) both are correct and (R) is correct explanation.

- b) (A) and (R) both are wrong.
- c) (A) is correct and (R) is wrong.
- d) (R) is correct and (A) is wrong.

19) Assertion- Planning is the first step of good teaching.

Reason- Children blossom when their relationship with teacher nurturing.

- a) (A) and (R) both are incorrect.
- b) (A) is correct (R) is incorrect.
- c) (A), (R) both are correct, (R) is correct explanation.
- d) (R) is correct, (A) is incorrect.

20) 'Pedagogical Grammar' means that

- a) Begin from and move on to use.
- b) Teaching through immersion.
- c) All grammar teaching should be rule focused.
- d) Teaching grammar in context.

21) A language teacher asks learners to write a paragraph on 'scarcity of water'. Learners gather information from science and social science books and other sources before writing. Such task aims at:

- a) Developing the scientific attitude.
- b) Completing syllabus of other subjects simultaneously.
- c) Achieving language learning across the curriculum.
- d) Enhancing co-curricular skills.

22) A good language textbook should :

1. Contain learner-centred materials
2. Contain teacher-friendly instruction and content-related materials
3. Incorporate language skills throughout
4. Have more syntactical items in its content

Which of the above are true?

- a) (1), (3) and (4)
- b) (2), (3) and (4)
- c) (1), (2) and (3)
- d) (1), (2) and (4)

23) When the teacher quietly observes the students during a collaborative grammar activity, the activity plays a _____ role.

- a) Diagnostic
- b) Evaluative
- c) Interactive
- d) Record keeping

24) Which of the following is NOT true of language?

- a) Every language has a script
- b) Script is not essential for a language.
- c) Every language has a grammar.
- d) Language is primary spoken.

25) The phenomenon, where a single word is associated with two or several related meaning is known as.

- a) Homograph
- b) Polyseny
- c) Homonymy
- d) Homonyms

26) Which of the following does not affect the intonation --

- a) Tone
- b) Rhythm
- c) Loudness

d) Voice/pronunciation

27) CLIS is --

- a) Content language inter learning
- b) Content and language based interesting learners
- c) Content and language integrated learning
- d) Context for language integrated learning

28) When young learners are taught to improve then spelling and punctuation.

- a) Enhance their fluency
- b) Nurture their creativity
- c) Sharpen their listening skill
- d) Improve their accuracy

29) Scanning and skimming are strategies for -

- a) Reading
- b) Writing
- c) Speaking
- d) Thinking

30) The gathering skill while reading is -

- a) Note taking
- b) Note making
- c) Puzzling out
- d) Analysis

31) Social rules of language related to -

- a) Morpheme
- b) Syntax
- c) Phoneme

d) Pragmatics

32) Different in pronunciation and meaning that make smallest unit of sound -

a) Semantics

b) Remake

c) Phoneme

d) None of these

33) Word formation process in which a word reduced without changing the meaning of the word -

a) Clipping word

b) Compounding words

c) Both (a) and (b)

d) None of these

34) According to NEP 2020, the progress and of students communicated to the points -

a) Based on non-referenced testing

b) A reflection of the progress as well as the uniqueness of the student

c) More than one of the above

d) None of the above

35) Hetal speaks Gujarati at home and is fluent in reading and writing the language. The medium of instruction in her school is Hindi, a language she does not know. As per National Education Policy 2020, what measures must be taken by the school in this situation?

a) Hetal should be asked to speak only in Hindi at school.

b) All children should be encouraged to respect each other's native language to create a culture of multilingualism.

c) Teacher should ask Hetal to forget whatever she learns at home.

- d) More than one of the above
- e) None of these

36) National Education Policy 2020 recommends -

- a) Multilingualism
- b) Monolingualism
- c) Standardization of curriculum
- d) Standardization of assessment

37) What is the Single greatest tool for achieving social justice and equality according to NEP 2020?

- a) Inclusive Education
- b) Equitable Education
- c) Vocational Education
- d) Education

38) What is the proposed name of the national teacher education frame work 2021?

- a) National council for teacher Education, NCTE 2021
- b) National curriculum framework for teacher Education, NCFTE 2021
- c) National professional standards for teachers, NPST 2021
- d) Professional standard setting body, PSSB 2021

39) What does CWSN stand for --

- a) Children with secular needs
- b) Children with social needs
- c) Children with special needs
- d) Children with singular needs



40) According to NEP 2020 sarva shiksha Abhiyan (SSA) will be subsumed as new programme. What is the name of the programme?

- a) Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA)
- b) Samagra Shiksha Scheme (SSS)
- c) Samagra Shiksha School (SSS)
- d) Samagra School Scheem (SSS)

41) Parts of the following sentence are given as options. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error. I Shall buy this book if you like it or not.

- a) This book
- b) Or not
- c) I shall buy
- d) If you like it

42) Select the most appropriate meaning of the highlighted idiom. The employee took the manager's remark with a pinch of salt

- a) Doubt the truth or value of something
- b) Distasteful and boring
- c) Going for the truth
- d) Ever ready to condemn someone

43) Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank. Many people like playing cricket, but _____ my opinion, it is too chaotic.

- a) In
- b) From
- c) For
- d) With

44) Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank. It is better to be prompt and organized than to be ____.

- a) Provident
- b) Meaningless

- c) Efficient
- d) Reckless

45) Seating arrangement should be flexible in a language classroom because

- a) It helps learners change their places frequently.
- b) It facilitates pair work and group work.
- c) It reduces the responsibility of the teacher.
- d) It help the teacher in maintaining discipline.

46) Learners acquire a language by

- a) Learning about the culture of the speakers of that language
- b) Using the language in a natural interactive environment
- c) Analyzing the structure of the language
- d) Studying the literature of that language

47) Picture comprehension is effective to promote

- a) Literary skill
- b) Artistic skill
- c) Speaking skill
- d) Listening skill

48) Teaching grammar is useful to improve

- a) Numeracy
- b) Accuracy
- c) Fluency
- d) Literacy

49) pre-reading tasks are meant for

- a) Explaining the grammatical items used in the reading text
- b) Evaluating the reading skill of the learners
- c) Giving the meanings of difficult words and phrases



d) Introducing the main idea and motivating the learners

50) A mixed ability group is heterogeneous is

- a) Knowledge and skill
- b) Economic status
- c) Gender and age
- d) Social strata

Complete the sentence by using correct question tags:

- 1) Juhi is from Mumbai _____?
- 2) We are late for the movies, _____?
- 3) Sam isn't a good boy, _____?
- 4) I was wrong about this, _____?
- 5) Andrew was present at the school yesterday, _____?
- 6) You have done your homework, _____?